

SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT

Name of Mutual Fund	Mirae Asset Mutual Fund
Name of Asset Management Company	Mirae Asset Investment Managers (India) Private Limited
Address of AMC	Registered & Corporate Office: Unit No.606, Windsor Building, Off. C.S.T Road, Kalina, Santacruz (East), Mumbai – 400098 Tel. No.: 022-678 00 300 Fax No.: 022- 6725 3940 - 47
Website of AMC	www.miraeassetmf.co.in
Name of Trustee Company	Mirae Asset Trustee Company Private Limited
Address of Trustee Company	Registered & Corporate Office: Unit No.606, Windsor Building, Off. C.S.T Road, Kalina, Santacruz (Eaast), Mumbai – 400098
<i>Name of the Scheme</i>	<i>Mirae Asset Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 ETF</i> <i>(An open-ended exchange traded fund replicating/tracking Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 Total Return Index)</i> <i>(Scrip Code for NSE & BSE will be added after listing of the units)</i>
Category of Scheme *Equity/ Debt/ Hybrid ETF/ Gold or Silver ETF/FoFs (single domestic or overseas index). *In case of Hybrid funds, indicate the sub category (Balanced/ Equity oriented/ debt oriented)	Hybrid Exchange Traded Fund (ETF) - Balanced
Scheme Code	MIRA/O/E/OET/26/06/0104

The subscription list may be closed earlier by giving at least one day’s notice in one daily newspaper, however the NFO period shall be open for minimum 3 working days. The Trustee reserves the right to extend the closing date of the New Fund Offer Period, subject to the condition that the subscription list of the NFO period shall not be kept open for more than 15 days.

Offer for Units of Rs. 10 each for cash during the New Fund Offer and Continuous offer for Units at NAV based prices.

New Fund Offer opens on: - July 10, 2026
New Fund Offer closes on: - July 22, 2026
Scheme re-opens on: - July 28, 2026

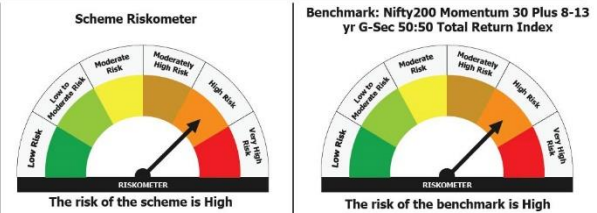
The units of the Scheme are listed on the National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. (NSE) and BSE Limited (BSE). All investors including Market Makers and Large Investors can subscribe (buy) / redeem (sell) units on a continuous basis on the NSE/BSE on which the Units are listed during the trading hours on all the trading days. In addition, Market Makers can directly subscribe to / redeem units of the Scheme on all Business Days with the Fund in ‘Creation Unit Size’ at NAV based prices on an ongoing basis. Large Investors can transact directly with the Fund for an amount greater than INR 25 crores.

Investment Objective

Mirae Asset Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 ETF:

The investment objective of the Scheme is to provide returns before expenses that are commensurate with the performance of Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 Index, subject to tracking error.

There is no assurance that the investment objective of the scheme will be achieved.



Note: The above Product Labelling assigned during the New Fund Offer (NFO) is based on internal assessment of the scheme characteristics or model portfolio and the same may vary post NFO when the actual investments are made.

Investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund, Standard Risk Factors, Special Considerations, Tax and Legal issues and other general information on www.miraeassetmf.co.in

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 2026, (herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations) as amended till date and circulars issued thereunder filed with SEBI. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about **Mirae Asset Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 ETF** that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website.

The Scheme Information Document should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document is dated July 07, 2026.

DISCLAIMER OF NSE:

As required, a copy of this Scheme Information Document has been submitted to National Stock Exchange of India Limited (hereinafter referred to as NSE). NSE has given vide its letter no: NSE/LIST/6090 dated June 03, 2026 permission to the Mutual Fund to use the Exchange's name in this Scheme Information Document as one of the stock exchanges on which the Mutual Fund's Units are proposed to be listed subject to, the Mutual Fund fulfilling the various criteria for listing. The Exchange has scrutinized this Scheme Information Document for its limited internal purpose of deciding on the matter of granting the aforesaid permission to the Mutual Fund. It is to be distinctly understood that the aforesaid permission given by NSE should not in any way be deemed or construed that the Scheme Information Document has been cleared or approved by NSE; nor does it in any manner warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of this Scheme Information Document; nor does it warrant that the Mutual Fund's Units will be listed or will continue to be listed on the Exchange; nor does it take any responsibility for the financial or other soundness of the Mutual Fund, its Sponsors, its management or any scheme of the Mutual Fund.

Every person who desires to apply for or otherwise acquire any Units of the Mutual Fund may do so pursuant to independent inquiry, investigation and analysis and shall not have any claim against the Exchange whatsoever by reason of any loss which may be suffered by such person consequent to or in connection with such subscription /acquisition whether by reason of anything stated or omitted to be stated herein or any other reason whatsoever.

DISCLAIMER OF BSE:

"BSE Ltd. ("the Exchange") has given vide its letter no. LO/IPO/PJ/MF/IP/31/2026-27 dated June 03, 2026 permission to use the Exchange's name in this SID as one of the Stock Exchanges on which this Mutual Fund's Units are proposed to be listed. The Exchange has scrutinized this SID for its limited internal purpose of deciding on the matter of granting the aforesaid permission to. The Exchange does not in any manner:-

- i) warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of this SID; or
- ii) warrant that this scheme's units will be listed or will continue to be listed on the Exchange; or
- iii) take any responsibility for the financial or other soundness of this Mutual Fund, its promoters, its management or any scheme or project of this Mutual Fund;

and it should not for any reason be deemed or construed that this SID has been cleared or approved by the Exchange.

Every person who desires to apply for or otherwise acquires any unit of this Fund may do so pursuant to independent inquiry, investigation and analysis and shall not have any claim against the Exchange whatsoever by reason of any loss which may be suffered by such person consequent to or in connection with such subscription/ acquisition whether by reason of anything stated or omitted to be stated herein or any other reason whatsoever.

DISCLAIMER NSE INDICES LIMITED

NSE Indices Ltd Disclaimer: NSE INDICES LIMITED do not guarantee the accuracy and/or the completeness of the Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 Index or any data included therein and NSE INDICES LIMITED shall have not have any responsibility or liability for any errors, omissions, or interruptions therein. NSE INDICES LIMITED does not make any warranty, express or implied, as to results to be obtained by the Issuer,

owners of the product(s), or any other person or entity from the use of the Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 Index or any data included therein. NSE INDICES LIMITED makes no express or implied warranties, and expressly disclaims all warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose or use with respect to the index or any data included therein. Without limiting any of the foregoing, NSE INDICES LIMITED expressly disclaim any and all liability for any claims, damages or losses arising out of or related to the Products, including any and all direct, special, punitive, indirect, or consequential damages (including lost profits), even if notified of the possibility of such damages.

HIGHLIGHTS/SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

Sr. No.	Title	Description
I.	Benchmark (TRI)	<p>Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 Total Return Index</p> <p><u>Rationale for adoption of benchmark:</u></p> <p>The Trustees have adopted Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 Total Return Index as the benchmark index.</p> <p>As per its investment objective, the investment would primarily be in Securities which are constituents of the benchmark index. Thus, the composition of the aforesaid benchmark index is such that it is most suited for comparing performance of the Scheme.</p>
II.	Plans and Options Plans/Options and sub options under the Scheme	Not Applicable- Since it's an ETF Scheme
III.	Load Structure	<p>Exit Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to redeem the units from the scheme. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. For the current applicable structure, please refer to the website of the AMC (https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/) or may call at '1800 2090 777' or your distributor.</p> <p>Exit Load:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - For investors transacting directly with the AMC: No Exit load will be levied on redemptions made by Market Makers/ Large Investors directly with the AMC. - For investors transacting on the exchange: Not Applicable. - In accordance with para 4.5.3 of the Master Circular dated March 20, 2026, Investors other than Market Makers can directly approach the AMC for redemption of units of the Scheme, for transaction up to INR 25 Cr. without any exit load, in case of any of the following scenarios: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Traded price (closing price) of the ETF units is at discount of more than 1% to the day end NAV for 7 continuous trading days, or • No quotes for such ETFs are available on stock exchange(s) for 3 consecutive trading days, or • Total bid size on the exchange is less than half of creation units size daily, averaged over a period of 7 consecutive trading days.

		<p>Such instances shall be tracked by the AMC on an ongoing basis and in case if any of the above mentioned scenario arises, the same shall be disclosed on the website of the Mutual Fund.</p> <p>For any change in exit load, AMC will issue an addendum and display it on the website/Investor Service Centres.</p> <p>The Mutual Fund may charge the load within the stipulated limit of 3% and without any discrimination to any specific group. The Repurchase Price however, will not be lower than 97% of the NAV.</p> <p>The exit load charged if any shall be credited to the scheme</p> <p>The Trustee reserves the right to modify/alter the load structure and may decide to charge on the Units with prospective effect, subject to the maximum limits as prescribed under the SEBI Regulations. At the time of changing the load structure, the AMC shall take the following steps:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Arrangements shall be made to display the changes/modifications in the SID in the form of a notice in all the Mirae Asset ISCs' and distributors' offices and on the website of the AMC. • The notice-cum-addendum detailing the changes shall be attached to SIDs and Key Information Memoranda. The addendum will be circulated to all the distributors so that the same can be attached to all SIDs and Key Information Memoranda already in stock. • The introduction of the exit load along with the details shall be stamped in the acknowledgement slip issued to the investors on submission of the application form and may also be disclosed in the statement of accounts issued after the introduction of such load. • A public notice shall be provided on the website of the AMC in respect of such changes. • Any other measures which the mutual funds may feel necessary. <p>The AMC may change the load from time to time and in case of an exit/repurchase load this may be linked to the period of holding. It may be noted that any such change in the load structure shall be applicable on prospective investment only. The exit load (net off GST, if any, payable in respect of the same) shall be credited to the Scheme of the Fund.</p> <p>The distributors should disclose all the commissions (in the form of trail commission or any other mode) payable to them for the</p>
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		different competing schemes of various mutual funds from amongst which the scheme is being recommended to the investor.
IV.	Minimum Application Amount	<p>During NFO Period: Rs. 5,000 per application and in multiples of Re. 1 thereafter. Units will be allotted in whole figures and the balance amount will be refunded.</p> <p>On Continuous Basis:</p> <p>Market Maker: Application for subscription of Units directly with the Fund in Creation Unit Size at NAV based prices in exchange of Portfolio Deposit and Cash Component.</p> <p>Large Investors: Minimum amount of Rs. 25 crores for transacting directly with the AMC.</p> <p>Other investors (including Market Maker, Large Investors and Regulated Entities): Units of the Scheme can be subscribed (in lots of 1 Unit) during the trading hours on all trading days on the NSE and BSE on which the Units are listed.</p>
V.	Minimum Additional Purchase Amount	<p>On continuous Basis:</p> <p>Market Maker: Application for subscription of Units directly with the Fund in Creation Unit Size at NAV based prices in exchange of Portfolio Deposit and Cash Component.</p> <p>Large Investors: Minimum amount of Rs. 25 crores for transacting directly with the AMC.</p> <p>Other investors (including Market Maker, Large Investors and Regulated Entities): Units of the Scheme can be subscribed (in lots of 1 Unit) during the trading hours on all trading days on the NSE and BSE on which the Units are listed.</p>
VI.	Minimum Redemption amount	<p>On continuous Basis:</p> <p>Market Maker: Application for redemption of Units directly with the Fund in Creation Unit Size.</p> <p>Large Investors: Minimum amount of Rs. 25 crores for redeeming directly with the AMC.</p> <p>Other investors (including Market Maker, Large Investors and Regulated Entities): Units of the Scheme can be redeemed (in lots of 1 Unit) during the trading hours on all trading days on the NSE and BSE on which the Units are listed.</p>

VII.	Tracking Error	<p>The Scheme, in general, will hold all the securities that constitute the underlying Index in the same proportion as the index. Expectation is that, over a period of time, the tracking error of the Scheme relative to the performance of the Underlying Index will be relatively low. The AMC would monitor the tracking error of the Scheme on an ongoing basis and would seek to minimize tracking error to the maximum extent possible. Under normal market circumstances such tracking error is not expected to exceed 2% p.a for daily 12 month rolling return. However, in case of events like, dividend received from underlying securities, and market volatility during rebalancing of the portfolio following the rebalancing of the Underlying Index, etc. or in abnormal market circumstances, the tracking error may exceed the above limits and the same shall be brought to the notice of Trustees with corrective actions taken by the AMC, if any. Since the Scheme is an exchange traded fund, it will endeavor that at no point of time the Scheme will deviate from the index.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="643 871 1421 947"> <tr> <td>Regular Plan</td> <td>Direct Plan</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2"><i>The Scheme being a new scheme, the same is not applicable</i></td> </tr> </table> <p>The AMC shall disclose tracking error based on past one year rolling data, on a daily basis, on the website of AMC on <u>ETF Mutual Fund: Invest in Exchange Traded Funds Online Mirae Asset (miraeassetmf.co.in)</u> and AMFI.</p>	Regular Plan	Direct Plan	<i>The Scheme being a new scheme, the same is not applicable</i>	
Regular Plan	Direct Plan					
<i>The Scheme being a new scheme, the same is not applicable</i>						
VIII.	Tracking Difference	<p>Tracking difference i.e. the annualized difference of daily returns between the index or goods and the NAV of the Scheme will be disclosed on the website of the AMC <u>ETF Mutual Fund: Invest in Exchange Traded Funds Online Mirae Asset (miraeassetmf.co.in)</u> and AMFI, on a monthly basis, for tenures 1 year, 3 years, 5 years, 10 years and since the date of allotment of units.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="643 1396 1421 1472"> <tr> <td>Regular Plan</td> <td>Direct Plan</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2"><i>The Scheme being a new scheme, the same is not applicable</i></td> </tr> </table>	Regular Plan	Direct Plan	<i>The Scheme being a new scheme, the same is not applicable</i>	
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IX.	Computation of NAV	<p>The NAV of the Units of the Scheme will be computed by dividing the net assets of the Scheme by the number of Units outstanding on the valuation date.</p> <p>NAV of Units under the Options there under can be calculated as shown below:</p>				

		<p>NAV = (Market or Fair Value of Scheme's investments + Current assets including Accrued Income - Current Liabilities and provisions including accrued expenses)</p> <hr/> <p>No. of Units outstanding under the Scheme/Option.</p> <p>The NAV, the sale and repurchase prices of the Units will be calculated and announced at the close of each working day. The NAVs of the Scheme will be computed and units will be allotted up to 4 decimals.</p> <p>Detailed Disclosure on computation of NAV is provided on – https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure/offer-documents-data-passives</p>											
X.	Asset Allocation	<p>This scheme tracks Nifty 200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 Index</p> <p>Under normal circumstances, the asset allocation will be as follows:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Types of Instruments</th> <th colspan="2">Indicative allocation (% of total assets)</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Minimum</th> <th>Maximum</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Securities included in the Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 Yr G-Sec 50:50 Index</td> <td>95</td> <td>100</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Money market instruments* including Tri Party REPO/ debt securities, Instruments and/or units of debt/liquid schemes of domestic Mutual Funds.</td> <td>0</td> <td>5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>*Money Market Instruments will include TREPS, Commercial Paper, Certificates of Deposit, Treasury Bills, Bills Rediscounting, Repos, short-term Government securities and any other such short-term instruments as may be allowed under the regulations prevailing from time to time.</p> <p>The Asset Allocation portion shall also include subscription and redemption cash flow which may be undeployed due to various reasons (dividend from underlying securities, rebalancing or balances for running cost of the scheme, residual amount due to execution on rounding off etc).</p> <p>During normal circumstances, the Scheme's exposure to money market instruments will be in line with the asset allocation table.</p>	Types of Instruments	Indicative allocation (% of total assets)		Minimum	Maximum	Securities included in the Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 Yr G-Sec 50:50 Index	95	100	Money market instruments* including Tri Party REPO/ debt securities, Instruments and/or units of debt/liquid schemes of domestic Mutual Funds.	0	5
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		<p>Subject to SEBI (MF) Regulations, 2026 and in accordance with para 13.6 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026 on Securities Lending Scheme, and framework for short selling and borrowing and lending of securities, the Scheme intends to engage in Stock Lending.</p> <p>The Scheme shall adhere to the following limits should it engage in Stock Lending: (a) Not more than 20% of the net assets can generally be deployed in Stock Lending (b) Not more than 5% of the net assets can generally be deployed in Stock Lending to any single approved intermediary i.e. broker.</p> <p>The Scheme does not intend to undertake/ invest/ engage in</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Short selling of securities • Repo in corporate debt • Bespoke or complex debt product • Unrated debt and money market instruments (except TREPs/ Government Securities/ SDL / Repo in Government Securities); • Unlisted debt instrument • Foreign securities/ADR/GDR/ Foreign equity and overseas ETFs; • Securitized debt; • Fund of Fund Schemes; • Instruments having Special Features (AT1 and AT2 bonds) • Credit Enhancements & Structured Obligations; and • Credit Default Swaps • Inter Scheme Transactions <p>Exposure to equity derivatives of the index itself or its constituent stocks may be undertaken when equity shares are unavailable, insufficient or for rebalancing in case of corporate actions for a temporary period. The exposure to derivatives will be rebalanced to align with the underlying index changes in weights or constituents. Index futures/options are meant to be an efficient way of buying/selling an index compared to buying/selling a portfolio of physical shares representing an index for ease of execution and settlement. It can help in reducing the Tracking Error in the Scheme. Index futures/options may avoid the need for trading in individual components of the index, which may not be possible at times, keeping in mind the circuit filter system and the liquidity in some of the individual stocks. Index futures/options can also be helpful in reducing the transaction costs and the processing costs on account of ease of execution of one trade compared to several trades of shares comprising the underlying index and will be easy to settle compared</p>
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		<p>to physical portfolio of shares representing the underlying index. In case of investments in index futures/options, the risk/reward would be the same as investments in portfolio of shares representing an index. However, there may be a cost attached to buying an index future/option. The Scheme will not maintain any leveraged or trading positions. Exposure to such derivatives will be restricted to 20% of net assets of the scheme. The above deviation shall not exceed for more than 7 days for the asset allocation table. The Scheme may invest in derivatives upto 20% of the net assets of the Scheme for non-hedging purposes.</p> <p>In accordance with para 13.8 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026, the cumulative gross exposure through equity, derivatives, debt instruments and money market instruments including debt/liquid schemes of domestic mutual fund, Government of India bonds, other permitted securities/assets and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by the SEBI from time to time, subject to regulatory approvals, if any, shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme.</p> <p>Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure. SEBI vide letter dated November 3, 2021 has clarified that Cash Equivalent shall consist of Government Securities, T-Bills and Repo on Government Securities having residual maturity of less than 91 days.</p> <p>In accordance with Para 4.3 and 4.4 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026, the underlying index shall comply with the portfolio concentration norms as prescribed.</p> <p>Debt securities include, but are not limited to, Debt securities of the Government of India, State and Local Governments, Government Agencies, Statutory Bodies, Public Sector Undertakings, Public Sector Banks or Private Sector Banks or any other Banks, Financial Institutions, Development Financial Institutions, and Corporate Entities, collateralized debt securities or any other instruments as may be prevailing and permissible under the Regulations from time to time).</p> <p>The Debt Securities (including money market instruments) referred to above could be fixed rate or floating rate, listed, unlisted, privately placed, unrated among others, as permitted by regulation.</p> <p>The Scheme may, for meeting liquidity requirements invest in units of overnight/money market/liquid schemes of Mirae Asset Mutual</p>
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		<p>Fund and/or any other mutual fund provided that aggregate inter-scheme investment made by all schemes under the same management or in schemes under the management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the mutual fund in accordance with Clause 3 of Sixth Schedule of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 2026. The AMC shall not charge any investment management fees with respect to such investment.</p> <p>Pending deployment of funds of a Scheme in securities in terms of investment objectives of the Scheme a mutual fund can invest the funds of the Scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks in terms of Para 13.7 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026.</p> <p>With respect to Debt portion, pursuant to clause 4.4.6 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026 replication of the Index by the Scheme shall be as follows</p> <p>The Scheme shall be considered to be replicating the underlying index, provided:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. The duration of the portfolio of Scheme replicates the duration of the underlying index within a maximum permissible deviation of +/- 10%. ii. ETFs/Index Funds replicating a Constant Maturity index may invest in securities with residual maturity within +/-10% of maturity range of the index <p>The scheme may invest in Government of India Bonds in accordance with the risk and maturity replication guidelines for tracking the underlying debt index. Based on the availability of issuances, it is expected that the portfolio allocation could be different than that of underlying index allocation and could result in Tracking Error. That said broad risk parameters of the portfolio of the Scheme such as credit rating, weighted average YTM, weighted average maturity, asset allocation etc. are expected to be similar to the Underlying Index.</p> <p>Indicative Table (Actual instrument/percentages may vary subject to applicable SEBI circulars)</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="646 1646 1442 1824"> <thead> <tr> <th>Sl. no</th> <th>Type of Instrument</th> <th>Percentage of exposure</th> <th>Circular references*</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1.</td> <td>Securities Lending</td> <td>Upto 20% of the net assets can be</td> <td>Para 13.6. of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Sl. no	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure	Circular references*	1.	Securities Lending	Upto 20% of the net assets can be	Para 13.6. of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026
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1.	Securities Lending	Upto 20% of the net assets can be	Para 13.6. of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026							

			<p>deployed in Stock Lending</p> <p>Upto 5% of the net assets can be deployed in Stock Lending to any single approved intermediary i.e. broker.</p>	
		Equity Derivatives	Upto 20%	Para 13.15 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026
		2. Equity Derivatives for non-hedging purposes	Upto 20%	Para 13.15 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026
		3. Securitized Debt	0%	Para 13.1 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026
		4. Overseas Securities	0%	Para 13.11 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026
		5. Structured Obligations / Credit enhancements	0%	Clause 13.1 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026
		6. Repo in Corporate Debt Securities	0%	Clause 13.8 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026
		7. Credit default swaps	0%	Para 13.17 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026
		8. Debt instruments having Special Features	0%	Para 5.5.3 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026

		9.	InVITS	0%	Para 13.13 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026								
		10.	Unrated Debt Instruments	0%	Para 13.1 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026								
		11.	Fund of Fund Schemes	0%	Para 4 of Sixth Schedule of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 2026								
		13.	Short Selling	0%	Para 13.6 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026								
		14.	Units of Mutual Fund Scheme	5%	Para 3 of Sixth Schedule of SEBI (MF) Regulations read with paragraph 13.14 of the SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026								
		<p>*SEBI circular references (wherever applicable) in support of exposure limits of different types of asset classes in asset allocation is provided.</p> <p>Timelines for deployment of funds collected in NFO:</p> <p>In line with para 7.24 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026, deployment of the funds garnered in NFO shall be made within 30 business days from the date of allotment of units.</p> <p>In an exceptional case, if the AMC is not able to deploy the funds in 30 business days, reasons in writing, including details of efforts taken to deploy the funds, shall be placed before the Investment Committee. The Investment Committee, after examining the root cause for delay may extend the timeline by 30 business days.</p> <p>For further details on Asset Allocation and portfolio rebalancing, please refer Annexure 1.</p>											
XI.	Fund manager details	Ms. Ekta Gala and Ms. Pranavi Kulkarni shall be the Fund Managers of the scheme											
		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Sr. No.</th> <th>Name of the Fund Manager</th> <th>Managing since</th> <th>Total experience (in years)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Ms. Ekta Gala</td> <td></td> <td>7 years</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Sr. No.	Name of the Fund Manager	Managing since	Total experience (in years)	1	Ms. Ekta Gala		7 years
Sr. No.	Name of the Fund Manager	Managing since	Total experience (in years)										
1	Ms. Ekta Gala		7 years										

		2	Ms. Pranavi Kulkarni	Since it's a new Scheme the same is not applicable	16 years
XII.	Annual Scheme Recurring Expenses	<p>Actual TER as on March 31, 2026: Since it's a new Scheme the same is not applicable</p> <p>For detailed disclosure, kindly refer SAI and https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure/offer-documents-data-passives</p>			
XIII.	Transaction charges and stamp duty	<p>Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2025/115 dated August 08, 2025, no transaction charges shall be deducted from the subscription amount for transactions /applications received through the distributors (i.e. Regular Plan) and full subscription amount will be invested in the Scheme.</p> <p>Applicability of Stamp Duty:</p> <p>Pursuant to Notification No. S. O. 1226 (E) and G.S.R 226(E) dated March 30, 2020 issued by Department of Revenue, Ministry of Finance, Government of India, read with Part I of Chapter IV of Notification dated February 21, 2019 issued by Legislative Department, Ministry of Law and Justice, Government of India on the Finance Act, 2019, a stamp duty @ 0.005% of the transaction value shall be levied on applicable mutual fund transactions.</p> <p>Accordingly, pursuant to levy of stamp duty, the number of units allotted on purchase transactions (including dividend reinvestment) to the unitholders would be reduced to that extent</p> <p>For details refer in Statement of Additional Information</p>			
XIV.	Information available through weblink	<p>Investors can refer to the weblink for the below mentioned points, once the scheme is launched the Annexure 2 will be uploaded on the mutual fund website and the link will be provided</p> <p>https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure/offer-documents-data-passives</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Liquidity/listing details • NAV disclosure • Applicable timelines for dispatch of redemption proceeds etc. • Breakup of Annual Scheme Recurring expenses • Definitions • Applicable risk factors 			

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Detailed disclosures regarding the index, index eligibility criteria, methodology, index service provider, index constituents, impact cost of the constituents/ underlying fund in case of fund of funds • List of official points of acceptance • Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings of Inspections or Investigations • Investor services • Portfolio Disclosure • Detailed comparative table of the existing schemes of AMC • Periodic Disclosures • Any disclosure in terms of Consolidated Checklist on Standard Observations • Scheme specific disclosures (as per the prescribed format) • Scheme performance • Scheme Factsheet
XV.	How to Apply	<p>Application form and Key Information Memorandum may be obtained from Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) / Investor Service Centres (ISCs) of the AMC or RTA or Distributors or can be downloaded from our website www.miraeassetmf.co.in.</p> <p>The list of the OPA / ISC are available on our website as well.</p> <p>Investors intending to trade in Units of the Schemes, through the exchange platform will be required to provide demat account details in the application form. The application forms for subscriptions/redemptions (applicable for Market Makers /Large Investors) should be submitted at any of the ISCs/Official Points of Acceptance of the AMC.</p> <p>For detailed disclosure, kindly refer SAI</p>
XVI.	Where can applications for subscription/redemption/ switches be submitted	<p>Registrar & Transfer Agent: KFin Technologies Limited</p> <p>Registered Office: Karvy Selenium, Tower B, Plot Number 31 & 32, Financial District, Gachibowli, Hyderabad - 500 034.</p> <p>Contact Persons: Mr. Babu PV Tel No. : 040 3321 5237 Email Id : babu.pv@kfintech.com</p> <p>Mr. 'P M Parameswaran' Tel No. : 040 3321 5396</p>

		<p>Email Id : parameswaran.p@kfintech.com</p> <p>Website address: https://mfs.kfintech.com/mfs/</p> <p>The application forms for purchase/redemption of units can be made through:</p> <p>Branches: Applications can be submitted at collecting bankers and Investor Service Centres of Mirae Asset Investment Managers (India) Pvt. Ltd and KFin Technologies Limited. Details of which are furnished on back cover page of this document.</p> <p>Please refer the AMC website at the following link for the list of official points of acceptance, collecting banker details etc.: https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure</p> <p>Website of the AMC: Investor can also subscribe to the Units of the Scheme through the website of the AMC i.e. https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/investor-center/investor-services</p> <p>Stock Exchanges: A Unit holder may purchase Units of the Scheme through the Stock Exchange infrastructure. Investors can hold units only in dematerialized form.</p> <p>MF Utility (MFU): A unitholder may purchase units of the Plan(s) under the Scheme through MFU.</p> <p>All financial and non-financial transactions pertaining to Schemes of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund can also be submitted through MFU either electronically or physically through the authorized Points of Service (“POS”) of MFUI. The list of POS of MFUI is published on the website of MFUI at www.mfuindia.com and may be updated from time to time.</p> <p>Investors to note that it is mandatory to mention the bank account numbers in the applications/requests for redemption.</p> <p>For detailed disclosure, kindly refer SAI</p>
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XVII.	Specific attribute of the scheme (such as lock in/ duration in case of target maturity scheme/close ended schemes etc.) (as applicable)	NIL
XVIII.	Special product / facility available during the NFO and on ongoing basis	<p>The following facilities shall be available under the Scheme during the NFO:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Switching • Transaction through electronic mode (For Large Investors and Market Makers) • Auto Switch <p>The Following facilities are available during Continuous offer period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transaction through electronic mode (For Large Investors and Market Makers) • Mirae Asset MF Mobile Application Facility <p>Systematic Investment Plan, Systematic Transfer Plan, Systematic Withdrawal Plan are not available under this scheme</p> <p>For detailed disclosure, kindly refer SAI</p>
XIX.	Segregated portfolio / side pocketing disclosure	<p>The Scheme has the provision to segregate a portfolio comprising of debt or money market instrument affected by a credit event. Currently, there is no segregated portfolio created in the Scheme</p> <p>For Details, kindly refer SAI</p>
XX.	Stock lending	<p>Subject to the SEBI Regulations as applicable from time to time, the Scheme may participate in stock lending upto the limits as mentioned in the Asset allocation section.</p> <p>For Details, kindly refer SAI</p>

DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

It is confirmed that:

- (i) The Scheme Information Document submitted to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 2026 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- (ii) All legal requirements connected with the launching of the Scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.
- (iii) The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well-informed decision regarding investment in the Scheme.
- (iv) The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.
- (v) The contents of the Scheme Information Document including figures, data, yields etc. have been checked and are factually correct.
- (vi) A confirmation that the AMC has complied with the compliance checklist applicable for Scheme Information Documents and other than cited deviations/ that there are no deviations from the regulations
- (vii) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 2026 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.
- (viii) The Trustees have ensured that the **Mirae Asset Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 ETF** approved by them is a new product offered by Mirae Asset Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of any existing scheme/fund/product.

Notwithstanding anything contained in the Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 2026 and the circulars/guidelines there under shall be applicable.

THE TERMS OF THE SCHEME WERE APPROVED BY THE DIRECTORS OF MIRAE ASSET TRUSTEE COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED IN THEIR MEETING HELD ON APRIL 24, 2026.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Mirae Asset Investment Managers (India) Private Limited
(Asset Management Company for Mirae Asset Mutual Fund)

Sd/-

Rimmi Jain

Head- Compliance, Legal & Company Secretary

Place: Mumbai

Date: July 07, 2026

ANNEXURE 1

<p>Hybrid Schemes</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Calculation of cumulative gross exposure</u> <p>The scheme(s) will comply with the provision no. 13.8 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026 which specifies that the gross exposure through equity, derivatives, debt instruments and money market instruments including debt/liquid schemes of domestic mutual fund, Government of India bonds, other permitted securities/assets and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by the SEBI from time to time will not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Numerical example of risk involved</u> <p>Risks Associated with Derivatives</p> <p>The risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional instruments. Such risks include mispricing or improper valuation and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices. Trading in derivatives carries a high degree of risk although they are traded at a relatively small amount of margin which provides the possibility of great profit or loss in comparison with the principal investment amount. The options buyer’s risk is limited to the premium paid, while the risk of an options writer is unlimited. However the gains of an options writer are limited to the premiums earned. The writer of a call option bears a risk of loss if the value of the underlying asset increases above the exercise price. The loss can be unlimited as underlying asset can increase to any levels. The writer of a put option bears the risk of loss if the value of the underlying asset declines below the exercise price and the loss is limited to strike price.</p> <p>Investments in futures face the same risk as the investments in the underlying securities. The extent of loss is the same as in the underlying securities. However, the risk of loss in trading futures contracts can be substantial, because of the low margin deposits required, the extremely high degree of leverage involved in futures pricing and the potential high volatility of the futures markets. The derivatives are also subject to liquidity risk as the securities in the cash markets. The derivatives market in India is nascent and does not have the volumes that may be seen in other developed markets, which may result in volatility in the values.</p> <p>Concepts and Examples of investing into Derivatives</p> <p>Derivatives are financial contracts of pre-determined fixed duration, whose values are derived from the value of an underlying primary financial instrument, commodity or index, such as: interest rates, exchange rates, commodities and equities.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Futures
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A futures contract is an agreement between the buyer and the seller for the purchase and sale of a particular asset at a specific price on a specific future date. The price at which the underlying asset would change hands in the future is agreed upon at the time of entering into the contract. The actual purchase or sale of the underlying asset involving payment of cash and delivery of the instrument does not take place until the contracted date of delivery. A futures contract involves an obligation on both the parties to fulfill the terms of the contract.

Currently, futures contracts have a maximum expiration cycle of 3-months. Three contracts are available at any time for trading, with 1 month, 2 months and 3 months expiry respectively. Futures contracts typically expire on the last Thursday of the month. For example, a contract with the January expiration expires on the last Thursday of January.

A futures contract on the stock market index gives its owner the right and obligation to buy or sell the portfolio of stocks characterized by the index. Stock index futures are cash settled; there is no delivery of the underlying stocks.

Let us assume that the Nifty Index at the beginning of the month October 2018 was 5070 and three index futures as under were available:

Expiry Month	Bid Price	Offer Price
October 18	5075	5080
November 18	5085	5090
December 18	5095	5100

The Scheme could buy an index future of October, 2018 at the offer price of Rs. 5080. The Fund will be required to pay the initial margin as required by the exchanges.

The following is a hypothetical example of a typical trade in index future and the costs associated with the trade.

Particulars	Index Future	Actual Purchase of Stocks
Index as on beginning October 2018	5070	5070
October 2018 Futures Price	5080	-
1. Carry Cost associated with Futures	10 (5080-5070)	
2. Brokerage Cost @ 0.02% for Index Future and 0.03% for Cash Markets	1.016 (0.02% of 5080)	1.521 (0.03% of 5070)

3. Securities Transaction Tax (STT) STT on purchase of index futures – NIL STT on purchase of stocks – 0.025%	NIL (0% of 5080)	1.2675 (0.025% of 5070)
4. Gain on Surplus Funds (Assumed 6% returns on 75% of the money left after paying margin of 25%)	18.74 (6%*(100% of 5070 – 25% of 5080)*30/365)	NIL
Spot Market Price at the expiry of October Contract	5569	5569
5. Brokerage Cost on Sale @ 0.02% for Index Future and 0.03% for Cash Markets	1.114 (0.02% of 5569)	1.671 (0.03% of 5569)
6. Securities Transaction Tax STT on sale of index future – 0.025% STT on sale of stocks – 0.025%	1.114 (0.025% of 5569)	1.392 (0.025% of 5569)
Total Cost (1+2+3-4+5+6)	-5.50	5.85

Please note that the above example is based on assumptions and is used only for illustrative purposes (including an assumption that there will be a gain pursuant to investment in index futures). As can be seen in the above example, the costs associated with the trade in futures are less than that associated with the trade in actual stock. Thus, in the above example the futures trade seems to be more profitable than the trade in actual stock. However, buying of the index future may not be beneficial as compared to buying stocks if the execution and brokerage costs on purchase of index futures are high and the return on surplus funds are low. The actual returns may vary based on actuals and depends on final guidelines / procedures and trading mechanism as envisaged by stock exchanges and other regulatory authorities.

- **Options**

An option is a contract which provides the buyer of the option (also called the holder) the right, without the obligation, to buy or sell a specified asset at an agreed price on or upto a particular date. For acquiring this right the buyer has to pay a premium to the seller. The seller on the other hand has the obligation to buy or sell that specified asset at the agreed price. The premium is determined considering number of factors such as the underlying asset's market price, the number of days to expiration, strike price of the option, the volatility of the underlying asset and the risk less rate of return. The strike price, the expiration date and the market lots are specified by the exchanges.

An option contract may be of two kinds, viz., a call option or a put option. An option that provides the buyer the right to buy is a call option. The buyer of the call option (known as the holder of the option) can call upon the seller of the option (known as writer of the option) and buy from him the underlying asset at the agreed price at any time on or before the expiry date of the option. The seller of the option has to fulfill the obligation on exercise of the option.

The right to sell is called a put option. Here, the buyer of the option can exercise his right to sell the underlying asset to the seller of the option at the agreed price.

Options are of two types: European and American. In a European option, the holder of the option can only exercise his right on the date of expiration. In an American option, he can exercise this right anytime between the purchase date and the expiration date.

Example of options

Buying a Call option: Assume that the Scheme buys a call option at the strike price of Rs. 5,000 and pays a premium of Rs. 100. If the market price of the underlying stock on the date of expiry of the option is Rs. 5,400 (i.e. more than Rs. 5,000 which is the strike price of an option), the Scheme will exercise the option. However, it may not result into profit. The profit is made only in those circumstances when the intrinsic value (5400 (spot price)-5000(strike price)) is greater than cost paid i.e. option premium (100). If on the date of the expiry of the option, the market price of the underlying stock is Rs. 4,900, the Scheme will not exercise the option and it shall lose the premium of Rs. 100.

Thus, in the above example, the loss for the Scheme, as the buyer of the option, is limited to the premium paid by him while the gains are unlimited.

Writing a Call Option: Assume that the Scheme writes a call option at the strike price of Rs. 5,000 and earns a premium of Rs. 100. If the market price of the underlying stock on the date of expiry increases to Rs. 5,400 (i.e. more than Rs. 5,000) then the option is exercised. The Scheme earns the premium of Rs. 100/- but loses the difference between the market price and the exercise price i.e. Rs. 400/-. In case the market price of the underlying stock decreases to Rs. 4,900, the Scheme gets to keep the premium of Rs.100.

Buying a Put Option: Assume that the Scheme buys a put option at the strike price of Rs. 5,000 and pays a premium of Rs. 100. If the market price of the underlying stock decreases to Rs. 4,850 (i.e. less than strike price of 5000) the Scheme would be protected from the downside and would exercise the put option. However, it may not result into profit. The profit is resulted only when the intrinsic value (5000 (strike price)- 4850(spot price)) is greater than the cost paid i.e. option premium of 100. Whereas if the stock price moves up to say Rs. 5,150 the Scheme may let the option expire and forego the premium.

Writing a Put Option: Assume that the Scheme writes a put option at the strike price of Rs. 5,000 and earns a premium of Rs. 100. If the market value of the underlying stock decreases to Rs. 4,850, the put option will be exercised and the Scheme will earn the premium of Rs. 100 but loses the difference between the exercise price and the market price which is Rs. 150. However if the market price of the underlying stock is Rs. 5,150, the option-holder will not exercise the option. As a result of which the option will expire and the Scheme will earn the premium income of Rs. 100.

A forward contract is a transaction in which the buyer and the seller agree upon the delivery of a specified quality (if commodity) and quantity of underlying asset at a predetermined rate on a specified future date.

Please note that the above examples are based on assumptions and are used only for illustrative purposes.

Risks associated with investment strategy which may be followed by the fund managers for investment in derivatives:

Execution of investment strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager to identify such opportunities which may not be available at all times. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the fund manager involve uncertainty and decision of fund manager may not always be profitable.

The Scheme may face execution risk, whereby the rates seen on the screen may not be the rate at which the ultimate execution of the derivative transaction takes place.

- **Disclosure relating to extent and manner of participation in derivatives to be provided**

Exposure to equity derivatives of the index itself or its constituent stocks may be undertaken when equity shares are unavailable, insufficient or for rebalancing in case of corporate actions for a temporary period. The exposure to derivatives will be rebalanced to align with the underlying index changes in weights or constituents. Index futures/options are meant to be an efficient way of buying/selling an index compared to buying/selling a portfolio of physical shares representing an index for ease of execution and settlement. It can help in reducing the Tracking Error in the Scheme. Index futures/options may avoid the need for trading in individual components of the index, which may not be possible at times, keeping in mind the circuit filter system and the liquidity in some of the individual stocks. Index futures/options can also be helpful in reducing the transaction costs and the processing costs on account of ease of execution of one trade compared to several trades of shares comprising the underlying index and will be easy to settle compared to physical portfolio of shares representing the underlying index. In case

of investments in index futures/options, the risk/reward would be the same as investments in portfolio of shares representing an index. However, there may be a cost attached to buying an index future/option. The Scheme will not maintain any leveraged or trading positions. Exposure to such derivatives will be restricted to 20% of net assets of the scheme. The above deviation shall not exceed for more than 7 days for the asset allocation table. The Scheme may invest in derivatives upto 20% of the net assets of the Scheme for non-hedging purposes.

The Scheme may take derivatives position based on the opportunities available subject to the guidelines provided by SEBI from time to time and in line with the overall investment objective of the Scheme. Derivatives can be traded over the exchange or can be structured between two counter-parties. Those transacted over the exchange are called Exchange Traded derivatives whereas the other category is referred to as OTC (Over the Counter) derivatives.

Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investor. Execution of such strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager to identify such opportunities. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the fund manager involve uncertainty and decision of fund manager may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies.

The risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments.

Mirae Asset Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 ETF
(An open-ended exchange traded fund replicating/tracking Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 Total Return Index)

ANNEXURE 2

(Once the scheme will be launched the Annexure 2 shall be published on AMC website)

I. Liquidity

The Units of the ETF will be listed on the Capital Market Segment of the National Stock Exchange of India Ltd (NSE) /BSE Limited (BSE) and/or any other recognized stock exchanges as may be decided by the AMC from time to time. All investors including Market Makers and Large Investors can subscribe (buy) / redeem (sell) Units of the Scheme on a continuous basis on the NSE and/ or BSE on which the Units are listed during the trading hours on all the trading days. The Units of the Scheme may be bought or sold on all trading days at prevailing listed price on such Stock Exchange(s). Alternatively, the Market Makers may subscribe to and/or redeem the units of the Scheme with the Mutual Fund on any business day at approximately indicative NAV based prices (along with applicable charges and execution variations) for applications directly received at AMC, provided the units offered for subscription and/or redemption are not less than Creation Unit size & in multiples thereof. Large investors can subscribe/redeem directly with the AMC for an amount greater than Rs. 25 crores. The price of Units of the Scheme in the secondary market on the Stock Exchange(s) will depend on demand and supply at that point of time. There is no minimum trade amount, although Units are normally traded in round lots of 1 Unit.

In addition, Market Makers can directly subscribe to/ redeem Units of the Scheme on all Business Days with the Fund in 'Creation Unit Size' and Large investors can subscribe to/ redeem Units of the Scheme for an amount greater than 25 crores on all Business Days on an ongoing basis.

The AMC has appointed atleast two Market Maker(s) to provide for the liquidity in secondary market on an ongoing basis. The Market Maker(s) offer two-way quotes (buy and sell quotes) in the secondary market for ensuring liquidity in the Units of the Scheme.

The list of Market Makers are updated on our website.

<https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in> Presently, following Market Makers have been appointed by the AMC:

- Mirae Asset Capital Market (India) Private Limited.
- Kanjalochana Finsolve Private Limited
- East India Securities Limited
- Parwati Capital MarketsPrivates Limited
- Vaibhav Stock & Derivatives Broking Private Limited
- IRage Broking Services LLP
- Junomoneta Finsol Pvt Ltd
- Motilal Oswal Financial Services Limited
- Obsidian Investment Pvt Ltd
- Eureka Stock & Shares Broking Services Ltd
- Cholamandalam Securities Limited

- Vaibhav Stock & Derivatives Broking Pvt. Ltd.

For Market makers: The number of units of the Scheme that Market Makers can subscribe to is 10,00,000 units and in multiples thereafter.

Redemption of units directly with the Mutual Fund (other than Market Makers): Investors other than Market Makers can redeem units directly with the Fund for less than Creation Unit size at approximately indicative NAV based prices (along with applicable charges and execution variations) of units without any exit load if:

- i. Traded price (closing price) of the ETF units is at discount of more than 1% to the day end NAV for 7 continuous trading days, or
- ii. No quotes for such ETFs are available on stock exchange(s) for 3 consecutive trading days, or
- iii. Total bid size on the exchange is less than half of creation units size daily, averaged over a period of 7 consecutive trading days.

Such instances shall be tracked by the AMC on an ongoing basis and in case any of the above-mentioned scenarios arises, the same shall be disclosed on the website of the Mutual Fund.

Under these circumstances, investors, as specified above, can redeem units of the Scheme directly with the fund house without any exit load.

The aforesaid criteria for the direct redemption with the fund house are also available at the website of the AMC. The mutual fund will track the aforesaid liquidity criteria and display it on its website viz., <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/> if the same is triggered, no exit load would be applicable in such cases.

Redemption by NRIs/FIIs/FPI

Credit balances in the account of a NRIs/FIIs/FPI unitholder may be redeemed by such unit holder subject to any procedures laid down by the RBI. Payment to NRI/FII/FPI, unit holder will be subject to the relevant laws/guidelines of RBI as are applicable from time to time (subject to deduction of tax at source as applicable). The Fund will not be liable for any delays or for any loss on account of exchange fluctuations while converting the rupee amount in US Dollar or any other currency. In case of redemptions by NRIs, requisite TDS will be deducted from the respective redemption proceeds.

Note: The mutual fund will rely on the NRI status and his account details as recorded in the depository system. Any changes to the same can be made only through the depository system.

Mutual fund will repurchase units from Market Maker and large investors on any business day provided the value of units offered for repurchase is not less than creation unit size and greater than Rs. 25 crores for large investors.

II. NAV disclosure

• Disclosure Timings:

The AMC will calculate and disclose the first NAV under the Scheme not later than 5 Business Days from the date of allotment of units under the NFO Period. Subsequently, the AMC shall update the NAVs on the

website of the Mutual Fund <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/> and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India - AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) by 11.00 p.m. on every Business Day.

In case of any delay, the reasons for such delay would be explained to AMFI and SEBI by the next day. If the NAVs are not available before commencement of business hours on the following day due to any reason, the Fund shall issue a press release providing reasons and explaining when the Fund would be able to publish the NAVs.

Indicative NAV (iNAV):

The AMC shall also calculate indicative NAV and will be updated during the market hours on its website <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in>. Indicative NAV will not have any bearing on the creation or redemption of units directly with the Fund by the Market Makers /Large Investors.

Indicative NAV shall be disclosed on Stock exchange(s), where the units will be listed, at least four times a day i.e. opening and closing iNAV and at least two times during the intervening period with minimum time lag of 90 minutes between the two disclosures.

For transactions by Market Makers / large investors directly with the AMCs, intra-day NAV based on the executed price at which the securities representing the underlying index are purchased / sold will be applicable.

• **Disclosure pertaining to illustration on computation of NAV and Methodology for calculation of sale and re-purchase price of the units of mutual fund schemes:**

The NAV of the Units of the Scheme will be computed by dividing the net assets of the Scheme by the number of Units outstanding on the valuation date.

NAV of Units under the Options there under can be calculated as shown below:

$$\text{NAV} = \frac{\text{Market or Fair Value of Scheme's investments} + \text{Current assets including Accrued Income} - \text{Current Liabilities and provisions including accrued expenses}}{\text{No. of Units outstanding under the Scheme/Option.}}$$

No. of Units outstanding under the Scheme/Option.

The NAV, the sale and repurchase prices of the Units will be calculated and announced at the close of each working day. The NAVs of the Scheme will be computed and units will be allotted upto 4 decimals.

Computation of NAV will be done after taking into account IDCW paid, if any, and the distribution tax/TDS thereon, if applicable. Therefore, once IDCW are distributed under the IDCW Option, the NAV of the Units under the IDCW Option would always remain lower than the NAV of the Units issued under the Growth Option. The income earned and the profits realized in respect of the Units issued under the Growth Option remain invested and are reflected in the NAV of the Units.

The valuation of the Schemes' assets and calculation of the Schemes' NAVs shall be subject to audit on an annual basis and such regulations as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

Illustration on Computation of NAV:

If the net assets of the Scheme are Rs.10,65,44,345.34 and units outstanding are 1,00,00,000 then the NAV per unit will be computed as follows:

$$10,65,44,345.34 / 1,00,00,000 = \text{Rs. } 10.654 \text{ p.u. (rounded off to four decimals)}$$

Methodology for calculation of sale and re-purchase price of the units of mutual fund scheme:

- **Ongoing Price for subscription (purchase)/ switch-in (from other schemes/ plans of the mutual fund) by investors. (This is the price you need to pay for purchase/ switch-in):**

The Sale Price for a valid purchase will be the Applicable NAV.

i.e. Sale Price = Applicable NAV

For a valid purchase request of Rs. 10,000 where the applicable NAV is Rs. 11.1234, the units allotted will be:

$$= \frac{10,000 \text{ (i.e. purchase amount)}}{11.1234 \text{ (i.e. applicable NAV)}}$$

$$= 899.006 \text{ units (rounded to three decimals)}$$

Other charges/expenses, if any, borne by the investors have not been considered in the above illustration.

- **Ongoing Price for redemption (sale)/ switch-outs (to other schemes/plans of the mutual fund) by investors. (This is the price you will receive for redemptions/ switch-outs):**

The Repurchase Price for a valid repurchase will be the applicable NAV reduced by any exit load (say 1%).

i.e. applicable NAV - (applicable NAV X applicable exit load).

For a valid repurchase request where the applicable NAV is Rs. 12.1234, the repurchase price will be:

$$= 12.1234 - (12.1234 \times 1.00\%)$$

$$= 12.1234 - 0.1212$$

$$= \text{Rs. } 12.0022$$

Therefore, for a repurchase of 899.006 units, the proceeds received by the investor will be -

$$= 899.006 \text{ (units)} * 12.0022 \text{ (Repurchase price)}$$

$$= \text{Rs. } 10,790.049 \text{ (rounded to three decimals)}$$

Other charges/expenses, if any, borne by the investors have not been considered in the above illustration.

The Mutual Fund may charge the load within the stipulated limit of 3% and without any discrimination to any specific group. The Repurchase Price however, will not be lower than 97% of the NAV.

III. Applicable timelines

- Dispatch of redemption proceeds: 3 business days from the date of redemption request subject to exceptional situations and additional timelines for redemption payments as per paragraph 15.3.3 of the SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026. A penal interest of 15% p.a. or such other rate as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time, will be paid in case the payment of redemption proceeds is not made within the stipulated timelines.
- Dispatch of IDCW (if applicable) etc.: Not Applicable as the Scheme does not have IDCW Option

IV. Breakup of Annual Scheme Recurring expenses

NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES

These expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees paid marketing and advertising, registrar expenses, printing and stationary, bank charges etc. NFO expenses shall be borne by the AMC. No NFO expenses will be charged to the Scheme.

ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

The AMC has estimated that maximum Base expense ratio (BER) of upto 0.90% of the daily net assets of the scheme will be charged to the scheme as expenses. For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of the mutual fund <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/total-expense-ratio>

The recurring expenses of operating the Scheme on an annual basis, which shall be charged to the Scheme, are estimated to be as follows (each as a percentage per annum of the daily net assets):

Expense Head	% p.a. of daily Net Assets* (Estimated p.a.)
Maximum Base expense ratio (BER) permissible under Regulation 66(7)(c)	Upto 0.90%
Investment Management & Advisory Fee	
Audit fees/fees and expenses of trustees	
Custodial Fees	
Registrar & Transfer Agent Fees including cost of providing account statements / IDCW / redemption cheques/ warrants	
Marketing and selling expenses including fees, commission and charges towards distribution of mutual fund schemes, if any	
Costs related to investor communications	
Costs of fund transfer from location to location	
Cost towards investor education & awareness (1 basis point)	
Brokerage cost towards execution of trades	
Listing fees, in case of schemes listed on a recognised stock exchange	

Other Expenses (to be specified as per Reg 66 of SEBI MF Regulations) *	
Maximum Base expense ratio (BER) permissible under Regulation 66**	Upto 0.90
B. Brokerage Cost as referred under sub – regulation 9 of regulation 66	Upto 6 bps and 2 bps for cash market transactions and derivative transactions respectively
C. Transaction cost incurred for the purpose of execution of trade as referred under sub- section 10 of Regulation 66	As Applicable
D. Statutory levies (including GST) on all expenses excluding brokerage and transaction cost	As applicable
E. Statutory levies (including GST) on brokerage and transaction cost	As applicable
Total expense ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 67	A+B+C+D+E

*Other expenses: As permitted under the Regulation 66 of SEBI (MF) Regulations, 2026, any other expenses which are directly attributable to the Scheme, may be charged with approval of the Trustee within the overall limits as specified in the Regulations except those expenses which are specifically prohibited.

For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of the Mutual Fund.

The purpose of the above table is to assist the investor in understanding the various costs & expenses that the investor in the Scheme will bear directly or indirectly. These estimates have been made in good faith as per the information available to the AMC and the above expenses (including investment management and advisory fees) are subject to inter-se change and may increase/decrease as per actual and/or any change in the Regulations, as amended from time to time.

** The aforesaid does not include Goods and Services Tax on investment management and advisory fees. The Scheme shall not incur any distribution expenses/ commission. The above expense percentage excludes additional expenses charged towards statutory levy, transaction charges incurred for the purpose of execution of a trade which includes regulatory levies and any other expense charged by the stock exchanges, clearing corporations and clearing houses, as applicable.

Additional expense under Regulation 66:

In addition to the limits as specified in Regulation 66(7) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations 2026 [‘SEBI Regulations’] or the Recurring Expenses (Base Expense Limit) as specified above, the following costs or expenses may be charged to the scheme namely: -

1. Brokerage cost incurred for the purpose of execution shall be charged to the schemes, up to 0.06 % of trade value in case of cash market transactions and 0.02% of trade value in case of derivatives transactions. Any payment towards brokerage & transaction costs, over and above the said limits for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively may be charged to the Scheme within the maximum limit of Base Expense Ratio (BER) as prescribed under Regulation 66 of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 2026.

2. Transaction cost incurred for the purpose of execution of a trade shall mean regulatory levies and any other expenses charged by the stock exchanges, clearing corporation, and clearing house, as applicable. Such transaction costs do not form part of the base expense ratio.
3. The total expenses charged to the Scheme shall not exceed the limits stated in Regulation 66 of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 2026 and as permitted under SEBI circulars issued from time to time.

All scheme related expenses including commission paid to distributors, by whatever name it may be called and in whatever manner it may be paid, shall necessarily be paid from the scheme only within the regulatory limits and not from the books of the Asset Management Companies (AMC), its associate, sponsor, trustee or any other entity through any route.

The current expense ratios will be updated on the AMC website <https://miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/regulatory> at least 3 working days prior to the effective date of the change.

Further, the notice of change in base BER (i.e. as provided in Regulation 66(7) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 2026) in comparison to previous base BER charged to the scheme will be communicated to investors of the scheme through notice via email or SMS at least three working days prior to effecting such change.

However, any decrease in BER in a mutual fund scheme due to various other regulatory requirements shall not require issuance of any prior notice to the investors. Further, such decrease in BER will be immediately communicated to investors of the scheme through email or SMS and uploaded on the AMC website.

The above change in the base BER in comparison to previous base BER charged to the scheme shall be intimated to the Board of Directors of AMC along with the rationale recorded in writing.

The changes in BER shall also be placed before the Trustees on quarterly basis along with rationale for such changes.

The current TER of the Scheme, along with a downloadable spreadsheet detailing the expense structure, is available on the Mutual Fund’s website at <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/> under the “TER” section and on AMFI’s website at www.amfiindia.com.

Illustration of impact of expense ratio on scheme’s returns (by providing simple example)

Particulars		NAV
Opening NAV per unit	A	10.000
Gross Scheme Returns @ 8.75%	B	0.875
Expense Ratio @ 1.00 % p.a.	C = (A x 1.00%)	0.100
Closing NAV per unit	D = A + B - C	10.775
Net 1 Year Return	E/A - 1	7.75%

*Distribution/Brokerage expense is not levied in ETF

The above calculation is provided to illustrate the impact of expenses on the scheme returns and should not be construed as indicative Expense Ratio, yield or return.

- A weblink for Daily TER and TER for last 6 months: <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/total-expense-ratio>
- A weblink for scheme factsheet: <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/factsheet>

V. **Definitions:**

Please refer the definitions/interpretation as disclosed under: <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure/offer-documents-data>

VI. **Risk factors**

Scheme Specific Risk Factors

• **Risk Factors associated with Exchange Traded Schemes**

The Scheme is subject to the specific risks that may adversely affect the Scheme's NAV, return and / or ability to meet its investment objective. The specific risk factors related to the Scheme include, but are not limited to the following:

Passive Fund Investment Risks

1. Market Risk

The NAV of the Scheme will react to the securities market movements. The Investor may lose money over short or long periods due to fluctuation in the Scheme's NAV in response to factors such as economic, political, social instability or diplomatic developments, changes in interest rates and perceived trends in stock prices, market movements and over longer periods during market downturns. Investments may be adversely affected by the possibility of expropriation or confiscatory taxation, imposition of withholding taxes on Dividend or interest payments, limitations on the removal of funds or other assets of the Scheme. The Scheme may not be able to immediately sell certain types of illiquid Securities. The purchase price and **subsequent** valuation of restricted and illiquid Securities may reflect a discount, which may be significant, from the market price of comparable Securities for which a liquid market exists.

2. Market Trading Risks

1. Absence of prior Active Market: Although the Scheme is listed on NSE/BSE, there can be no assurance that an active secondary market will develop or be maintained. Hence there would be time when trading in the Units of the Scheme would be infrequent.
2. Trading in Units may be Halted: Trading in the Units of the Scheme on NSE/BSE may be halted because of market conditions or for reasons that in view of NSE/BSE or SEBI, trading in the Units of the Scheme are not advisable. In addition, trading of the Units of the Scheme are subject to trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility and pursuant to NSE and SEBI 'circuit filter' rules. There can be no assurance that the requirements of NSE/BSE necessary to maintain the listing of the Units of the Scheme will continue to be met or will remain unchanged.
3. Lack of Market Liquidity: The Scheme may not be able to immediately sell certain types of illiquid

Securities. The purchase price and subsequent valuation of restricted and illiquid Securities may reflect a discount, which may be significant, from the market price of comparable Securities for which a liquid market exists.

4. Units of the Scheme May Trade at prices Other than NAV: The Units of the Scheme may trade above or below their NAV. The NAV of the Scheme will fluctuate with changes in the market value of the holdings of the Scheme. The trading prices of the Units of the Scheme will fluctuate in accordance with changes in their NAV as well as market supply and demand for the Units of the Scheme. However, given that Units of the Scheme can be created and Redeemed in Creation Units directly with the Fund, it is expected that large discounts or premiums to the NAV of Units of the Scheme will not sustain due to arbitrage opportunity available.
5. Regulatory Risk: Any changes in trading regulations by NSE/BSE or SEBI may affect the ability of market maker to arbitrage resulting into wider premium/discount to NAV.
6. Reinvestment Risk: This risk refers to the interest rate levels at which cash flows received from the Securities in the Scheme are reinvested. The additional income from reinvestment is the “interest on interest” component. The risk is that the rate at which interim cash flows can be reinvested may be lower than that originally assumed.
7. Risk of Substantial Redemptions: Substantial Redemptions of Units within a limited period of time could require the Scheme to liquidate positions more rapidly than would otherwise be desirable, which could adversely affect the value of both the Units being Redeemed and that of the outstanding Units of the Scheme. The risk of a substantial Redemption of the Units may be exacerbated where an investment is made in the Scheme as part of a structured product with a fixed life and where such structured products utilize hedging techniques. Please also refer Statement of Additional Information for additional details.
8. Regardless of the period of time in which Redemptions occur, the resulting reduction in the NAV of the Scheme could also make it more difficult for the Scheme to generate profits or recover losses. The Trustee, in the general interest of the Unit holders of the Scheme offered under this SID and keeping in view of the unforeseen circumstances/unusual market conditions, may limit the total number of Units which can be Redeemed on any Working Day depending on the total “Saleable Underlying Stock” available with the Fund.

3. Volatility Risk

The equity markets and Derivative markets are volatile and the value of Securities, Derivative contracts and other instruments correlated with the equity markets may fluctuate dramatically from day to day. This volatility may cause the value of investment in the Scheme to decrease.

4. Redemption Risk

Investors may note that even though the Scheme is an open-ended Scheme, the Scheme would ordinarily repurchase Units in Creation Unit Size from Market Makers/large investors. Thus Unit holdings less than creation unit size for Market Makers and Large investors can only be sold through the secondary market on the Exchange unless any of the scenarios mentioned below have occurred:

- i. Traded price (closing price) of the ETF units is at discount of more than 1% to the day end NAV for 7 continuous trading days, or
- ii. No quotes for such ETFs are available on stock exchange(s) for 3 consecutive trading days, or
- iii. Total bid size on the exchange is less than half of creation units size daily, averaged over a period of 7 consecutive trading days.

5. Asset Class Risk

The returns from the types of Securities in which the Scheme invests may under perform returns of general Securities markets or different asset classes. Different types of Securities tend to go through cycles of out-performance and under-performance in comparison of Securities markets.

6. Passive Investments

As the Scheme proposes to invest not less than 95% of the net assets in the securities of the underlying Index, the Scheme will not be actively managed. The Scheme which is linked to the underlying index may be affected by a general decline in the Indian markets relating to its underlying index. The Scheme as per its investment objective invests in Securities which are constituents of its underlying index regardless of its investment merit. The AMC does not attempt to individually select stocks or to take defensive positions in declining markets.

The index methodology may be changed by the index provider in future due to several externalities. The change in the methodology of the index may affect the future portfolio and/or performance of the index and the scheme.

7. Tracking Error and Tracking Difference Risk

The Fund Manager would not be able to invest the entire corpus exactly in the same proportion as in the underlying index due to certain factors such as the fees and expenses of the Scheme, corporate actions, cash balance, changes to the underlying index and regulatory restrictions, which may result in Tracking Error with the underlying index. The Scheme's returns may therefore deviate from those of the underlying index. "Tracking Error" is defined as the standard deviation of the difference between daily returns of the underlying index and the NAV of the Scheme. "Tracking Difference" is the annualized difference of daily returns between the Index and the NAV of the scheme (difference between fund return and the index return). Tracking Error and Tracking difference may arise including but not limited to the following reasons:

- Expenditure incurred by the Fund.
- Available funds may not be invested at all times as the Scheme may keep a portion of the funds in cash to meet Redemptions, for corporate actions or otherwise.
- Securities trading may halt temporarily due to circuit filters.
- Corporate actions such as debenture or warrant conversion, rights issuances, mergers, change in constituents etc.
- Rounding-off of the quantity of shares in the underlying index.
- Dividend payout.
- Index providers undertake a periodical review of the scrips that comprise the underlying index and may either drop or include new scrips. In such an event, the Fund will try to reallocate its portfolio but the available investment/reinvestment opportunity may not permit absolute mirroring immediately.

SEBI Regulations (if any) may impose restrictions on the investment and/or divestment activities of the Scheme. Such restrictions are typically outside the control of the AMC and may cause or exacerbate the Tracking Error.

It will be the endeavor of the fund manager to keep the tracking error as low as possible. However, in case of events like, dividend received from underlying securities, rights issue from underlying securities, and market volatility during rebalancing of the portfolio following the rebalancing of the underlying index, etc. or

in abnormal market circumstances may result in tracking error. There can be no assurance or guarantee that the Scheme will achieve any particular level of tracking error relative to performance of the Index.

Risks Associated with Equity and Equity related Investments:

- Equity and equity related securities are volatile and prone to price fluctuations on a daily basis. The liquidity of investments made in the Scheme may be restricted by trading volumes and settlement periods. Settlement periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. The inability of the Scheme to make intended securities purchases, due to settlement problems, could cause the Scheme to miss certain investment opportunities. Similarly, the inability to sell securities held in the Scheme portfolio would result at times, in potential losses to the Scheme, should there be a subsequent decline in the value of securities held in the Scheme portfolio. Also, the value of the Scheme investments may be affected by interest rates, changes in law/ policies of the government, taxation laws and political, economic or other developments which may have an adverse bearing on individual Securities, a specific sector or all sectors.
- Investments in equity and equity related securities involve a degree of risk and investors should not invest in the equity Schemes unless they can afford to take the risk of losing their investment.

Trade Execution Risk on RFQ Platforms:

Current SEBI regulations mandates Mutual Funds to execute certain % of their monthly trading volume in corporate bonds on RFQ platforms. RFQ platforms are peer-to-peer platforms and are still in development stage. Therefore, they have lower level of secondary market liquidity. Mandatory execution of trades on RFQ among MFs may hamper trade execution efficiency during periods of heavy outflows.

Risks Associated with Debt & Money Market Instruments

- Price-Risk or Interest-Rate Risk: Fixed income securities such as bonds, debentures and money market instruments run price-risk or interest-rate risk. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of existing fixed income securities fall and when interest rates drop, such prices increase. The extent of fall or rise in the prices is a function of the existing coupon, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in the level of interest rates.
- Credit Risk: In simple terms this risk means that the issuer of a debenture/ bond or a money market instrument may default on interest payment or even in paying back the principal amount on maturity. Even where no default occurs, the price of a security may go down because the credit rating of an issuer goes down. It must, however, be noted that where the Scheme has invested in Government securities, there is no credit risk to that extent.
- Liquidity or Marketability Risk: This refers to the ease with which a security can be sold at or near to its valuation yield-to-maturity (YTM). The primary measure of liquidity risk is the spread between the bid price and the offer price quoted by a dealer. Liquidity risk is today characteristic of the Indian fixed income market.
- Reinvestment Risk: Investments in fixed income securities may carry reinvestment risk as interest rates prevailing on the interest or maturity due dates may differ from the original coupon of the bond. Consequently, the proceeds may get invested at a lower rate.

- **Pre-payment Risk:** Certain fixed income securities give an issuer the right to call back its securities before their maturity date, in periods of declining interest rates. The possibility of such prepayment may force the fund to reinvest the proceeds of such investments in securities offering lower yields, resulting in lower interest income for the fund.
- **Spread Risk:** In a floating rate security the coupon is expressed in terms of a spread or mark up over the benchmark rate. In the life of the security this spread may move adversely leading to loss in value of the portfolio. The yield of the underlying benchmark might not change, but the spread of the security over the underlying benchmark might increase leading to loss in value of the security.
- **Concentration Risk:** The Scheme portfolio may have higher exposure to a single sector, subject to maximum of 20% of net assets, depending upon availability of issuances in the market at the time of investment, resulting in higher concentration risk. Any change in government policy / businesses environment relevant to the sector may have an adverse impact on the portfolio.
- **Different types of securities in which the scheme would invest as given in the SID carry different levels and types of risk.** Accordingly the scheme's risk may increase or decrease depending upon its investment pattern. E.g. corporate bonds carry a higher amount of risk than Government securities. Further even among corporate bonds, bonds, which are AA rated, are comparatively more risky than bonds, which are AAA rated.

Risks Associated with Derivatives

The risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional instruments. Such risks include mispricing or improper valuation and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices. Trading in derivatives carries a high degree of risk although they are traded at a relatively small amount of margin which provides the possibility of great profit or loss in comparison with the principal investment amount. The options buyer's risk is limited to the premium paid, while the risk of an options writer is unlimited. However, the gains of an options writer are limited to the premiums earned. The writer of a call option bears a risk of loss if the value of the underlying asset increases above the exercise price. The loss can be unlimited as underlying asset can increase to any levels. The writer of a put option bears the risk of loss if the value of the underlying asset declines below the exercise price and the loss is limited to strike price.

Investments in futures face the same risk as the investments in the underlying securities. The extent of loss is the same as in the underlying securities. However, the risk of loss in trading futures contracts can be substantial, because of the low margin deposits required, the extremely high degree of leverage involved in futures pricing and the potential high volatility of the futures markets. The derivatives are also subject to liquidity risk as the securities in the cash markets. The derivatives market in India is nascent and does not have the volumes that may be seen in other developed markets, which may result in volatility in the values. For further details please refer to section "Investments Limitations and Restrictions in Derivatives" in this SID.

Risk factors associated with processing of transaction through Stock Exchange Mechanism

The trading mechanism introduced by the stock exchange(s) is configured to accept and process transactions for mutual fund units in both Physical and Demat Form. The allotment and/or redemption of Units through

NSE and/or BSE or any other recognised stock exchange(s), on any Business Day will depend upon the modalities of processing viz. collection of application form, order processing/settlement, etc. upon which the Fund has no control. However, units of the Scheme can only be subscribed in demat mode. Moreover, transactions conducted through the stock exchange mechanism shall be governed by the operating guidelines and directives issued by respective recognized stock exchange(s).

Risk factors associated with Securities Lending

In accordance with the Regulations and applicable guidelines, the Fund may engage in stock lending activities. The Securities will be lent by the Approved Intermediary against collateral received from borrower, for a fixed period of time, on expiry of which the securities lent will be returned by the borrower.

There are risks inherent to securities lending, including the risk of failure of the other party, in this case the approved intermediary which is the clearing corporations of the Stock exchanges, to comply with the terms of the agreement entered into between the lender of securities i.e. the Scheme and the approved intermediary. Such failure can result in the possible loss of rights to the collateral put up by the borrower of the securities, the inability of the approved intermediary to return the securities deposited by the lender and the possible loss of any corporate benefits accruing to the lender from the securities deposited with the approved intermediary.

The risk is adequately covered as Securities Lending & Borrowing (SLB) is an Exchange traded product. Exchange offers an anonymous trading platform and gives the players the advantage of settlement guarantee without the worries of counter party default. However, the Fund may not be able to sell such lent securities during contract period or have to recall the securities which may be at higher than the premium at which the security is lent.

Risks associated with segregated portfolio

- 1) Investor holding units of segregated portfolio may not be able to liquidate their holding till the time recovery of money from the issuer.
- 2) Security comprises of segregated portfolio may not realise any value.
- 3) Listing of units of segregated portfolio in recognised stock exchange does not necessarily guarantee their liquidity. There may not be active trading of units in the stock market. Further trading price of units on the stock market may be significantly lower than the prevailing NAV.

Risks associated with investing in Tri Party Repo through CCIL (TREPS):

The mutual fund is a member of securities segment and Tri-party Repo trade settlement of the Clearing Corporation of India (CCIL). All transactions of the mutual fund in government securities and in Tri-party Repo trades are settled centrally through the infrastructure and settlement systems provided by CCIL; thus, reducing the settlement and counterparty risks considerably for transactions in the said segments.

CCIL maintains prefunded resources in all the clearing segments to cover potential losses arising from the default member. In the event of a clearing member failing to honor his settlement obligations, the default Fund is utilized to complete the settlement. The sequence in which the above resources are used is known as the "Default Waterfall".

As per the waterfall mechanism, after the defaulter's margins and the defaulter's contribution to the default fund have been appropriated, CCIL's contribution is used to meet the losses. Post utilization of CCIL's

contribution if there is a residual loss, it is appropriated from the default fund contributions of the non-defaulting members.

Thus, the scheme is subject to risk of the initial margin and default fund contribution being invoked in the event of failure of any settlement obligations. In addition, the fund contribution is allowed to be used to meet the residual loss in case of default by the other clearing member (the defaulting member).

However, it may be noted that a member shall have the right to submit resignation from the membership of the Security segment if it has taken a loss through replenishment of its contribution to the default fund for the segments and a loss threshold as notified have been reached. The maximum contribution of a member towards replenishment of its contribution to the default fund in the 7 days (30 days in case of securities segment) period immediately after the afore-mentioned loss threshold having been reached shall not exceed 5 times of its contribution to the Default Fund based on the last re-computation of the Default Fund or specified amount, whichever is lower.

Further, it may be noted that, CCIL periodically prescribes a list of securities eligible for contributions as collateral by members. Presently, all Central Government securities and Treasury bills are accepted as collateral by CCIL. The risk factors may undergo change in case the CCIL notifies securities other than Government of India securities as eligible for contribution as collateral.

Risk associated with Government securities:

Investment in Government securities like all other debt instruments is subject to price and interest rate risk. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of fixed income securities fall and when interest rates drop, the prices increase. The extent of fall or rise in prices is a function of the existing coupon, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in interest rates. Price-risk is not unique to Government securities but is true for all fixed income securities. Despite a high degree of liquidity in comparison with other debt instruments on occasions, there could be difficulties in transacting in the market due to extreme volatility or unusual constriction in market volumes or on occasions when an unusually large transaction has to be put through.

Risk Associated while transacting through Email (Applicable only for large investors and market makers)

The AMC allows investors for transacting in mutual fund units through email. This may involve certain risks which the investor should carefully consider. Investors should note that email based instructions are inherently vulnerable to risks such as interception, unauthorized access, phishing, spoofing, failed delivery and unintended transmission and should ensure appropriate safeguards are in place when using such mode of transaction. The AMC does not accept any responsibility or liability for any loss, damages or inconvenience caused due to errors, delays, non - receipt or unauthorized access associated with transacting through email.

➤ **Risk mitigation strategies**

Risks Associated with Equity and Equity Related Investments

Market Risk: Market risk is inherent to an equity scheme. Being a passively managed scheme, it will invest in the securities included in its Underlying Index.

Risks Associated with Debt & Money Market Instruments

Credit Risk - The fund has a rigorous credit research process. There is a regulatory and internal cap on exposure to each issuer. This ensures a diversified portfolio and reduced credit risk in the portfolio.

The risk control process involves identifying & measuring the risk through various risk measurement tools. The Fund has identified following risks of investing in fixed income securities and designed risk management strategies, which are embedded in the investment process to manage such risks

Risk & Description specific to the Scheme	Risk mitigants / Management Strategy
Market/Volatility Risk: Risk arising due to price fluctuations and volatility, having material impact on the overall returns of the Scheme.	The Scheme, is expected to follow an investment strategy in a passive manner in order to maintain duration of the fund. Based on that, we expect to mitigate intermittent price volatility in the underlying assets.
Credit risk: Risk associated with repayment of investment	The Scheme intends to invest in Government Securities issued and serviced by Reserve Bank of India (RBI). G-Secs are eligible for SLR investment
Interest rate risk: Price volatility due to movement in interest rates	The Scheme, is expected to follow an investment strategy in a passive manner in order to maintain duration of the fund. Based on that, we expect to mitigate intermittent price volatility in the underlying assets.
Event risk: Price risk due to company or sector specific event	The Scheme intends to invest in G-Sec. These are perceived to be relatively safe due their government ownership.
Performance risk: Risk arising due to change in factors affecting the market	The scheme is passively managed

RISK CONTROL

The investment objective of the scheme is to generate returns, before expenses, that are commensurate with the performance of the Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 Index, subject to tracking error. The index is tracked on a regular basis and changes to the constituent’s or their weights, if any, are replicated in the underlying portfolio with the purpose of minimizing tracking error.

ETF being a passive investment carries lesser risk as compared to active fund management. The portfolio follows the index and therefore the level of stock concentration in the portfolio and its volatility would be the same as that of the index, subject to tracking error. Thus, there is no additional element of volatility or stock concentration on account of fund manager decisions. The fund manager would endeavor to keep cash levels at the minimal to control tracking error.

VII. Index methodology

- **Disclosure regarding the Index:**

Index Universe: Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 Index.

The Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 Index is designed to measure the performance of a hybrid portfolio having 50% exposure to the Nifty200 Momentum 30 Index and 50% exposure to the Nifty 8-13 yr G-Sec Index.

- The indices have a base value of 1000
- The indices are derived from the total return versions of the equity indices and fixed income indices
- Weights of the equity and fixed income sub-indices can drift between monthly reset dates due to underlying asset price movement.
- These weights are reset to their pre-defined levels on a monthly basis.
- Index changes shall be effective on last working day of the existing month

Eligible Criteria & Methodology:

Equity Portion: Nifty200 Momentum 30 Index

Nifty200 Momentum 30 Index which aims to track the performance of the top 30 companies within the Nifty 200 selected based on their Normalized Momentum Score. The Normalized Momentum Score for each company is determined based on its 6-month and 12-month price return, adjusted for volatility.

Methodology

- Stocks from Nifty 200 index at the time of review are eligible for inclusion in the index.
- 30 stocks based on the high Normalised Momentum Score are selected to be the part of the index.
- Stock weights are based on a combination of the stock's Normalized Momentum Score and its free-float market capitalization
- The weight of each stock is based on the factor tilt methodology – the weight is derived by multiplying the free float market cap with the Normalised Momentum Score of that stock.
- Index is rebalanced semi-annually in June and December
- Each stock in the index is capped at the lower of 5% or 5 times the weight of the stock in the index based only on free float market capitalization
- Stocks that move out of the Nifty 200 shall also move out of the Nifty200 Momentum 30 Index at the time of the review of the Nifty200 Momentum 30 Index

Debt Portion: Nifty 8-13 yr G-Sec Index

The Nifty 8-13 yr G-Sec Index provides broad representation of the Government of India bonds having maturity of around 10 years. The index aims to capture the performance of the most liquid bonds with maturities between 8-13 years. One of the key highlights of the index is that it represents the most active tenor of the Indian GSec market

Methodology

- The index measures the performance of the most liquid bonds with maturities between 8-13 years
- The index is computed using the total return methodology
- Top 3 liquid bonds based on turnover during the month shall be eligible to be part of the index.
- The outstanding amount of the bond should be more than Rs. 5,000 crores

- G-Sec should not be a special security, floating rate security, inflation linked security and Sovereign Green Bond (SGrB)
- Each bond is assigned weight based on liquidity and outstanding amount
- Liquidity of the bond has a weight of 40% and outstanding amount has weight of 60%.
- Weights of the bond are determined at end of the existing month.
- The prices are sourced from the Clearing Corporation of India Ltd. (CCIL) and NSE G-sec valuations for valuation of the bonds for calculation of real time and end of day index values respectively
- Index composition is reviewed on a monthly basis with a data cut-off of T-9 working days and effective on last working day of the existing month (T).
- Accrued interest is calculated using 30/360 day count convention.
- The prices are sourced from the Clearing Corporation of India Ltd. (CCIL) and NSE G-sec valuations for valuation of the bonds for calculation of real time and end of day index values respectively

Rebalancing-

- The weights are rebalanced on a monthly basis on last working day of the month
- Weights of the equity and fixed income sub-indices can drift between monthly reset dates due to underlying asset price movement

Index Service Provider

NSE Indices Limited (formerly known as India Index Services & Products Limited - IISL), a subsidiary of National Stock Exchange of India Limited was setup in May 1998 to provide a variety of indices and index related services and products for the Indian capital markets. NSE Indices Limited (formerly known as India Index Services & Products Limited), or NSE Indices, owns and manages a portfolio of over 400 indices under the Nifty brand as of August 31, 2025, including Nifty 50. Nifty indices are used as benchmarks for products traded on NSE. Nifty indices served as the benchmark index for 197 ETFs and 250 Index Funds in India. In International markets, there are 20 ETFs and 14 Index Funds tracking Nifty indices as of August 31, 2025. Derivatives benchmarked to Nifty indices are also available for trading on NSE and NSE International Exchange IFSC Limited (NSE IX) as of August 31, 2025.

NSE Indices Ltd. pools the index development efforts of NSE into a coordinated whole - India's first specialised company focused upon the index as a core product. NSE Indices Ltd. has the following objectives:

- To develop, construct and maintain indices on various asset classes in order to serve as useful market performance benchmarks and are the underlying indices for derivatives trading.
- To provide index related data and relevant information to the market participants.

A professional team manages all NSE indices. There is a three-tier governance structure comprising the Board of Directors of NSE Indices Limited, the Index Advisory Committee (Equity) and the Index Maintenance Sub-Committee.

Index Constituents and Impact Cost

The weightage of the constituents of Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 as on July 01, 2026 is as under:

Sr. No.	Security Name	Weight (%)	Impact Cost (%)
1.	SHRIRAM FINANCE LTD.	2.57	0.02
2.	CUMMINS INDIA LTD.	2.50	0.02
3.	NTPC LTD.	2.50	0.03
4.	MULTI COMMODITY EXCHANGE OF INDIA LTD.	2.48	0.04
5.	TATA STEEL LTD.	2.46	0.02
6.	HINDALCO INDUSTRIES LTD.	2.46	0.02
7.	BSE LTD.	2.46	0.03
8.	LAURUS LABS LTD.	2.44	0.03
9.	ADANI POWER LTD.	2.43	0.03
10.	GE VERNOVA T&D INDIA LTD.	2.42	0.04
11.	VEDANTA LTD.	2.21	0.02
12.	FEDERAL BANK LTD.	1.87	0.02
13.	BHARAT HEAVY ELECTRICALS LTD.	1.75	0.03
14.	BHARAT FORGE LTD.	1.69	0.03
15.	CG POWER AND INDUSTRIAL SOLUTIONS LTD.	1.64	0.03
16.	ADANI ENERGY SOLUTIONS LTD.	1.56	0.03
17.	POLYCAB INDIA LTD.	1.47	0.02
18.	SAMVARDHANA MOTHERSON INTERNATIONAL LTD.	1.45	0.03
19.	HITACHI ENERGY INDIA LTD.	1.44	0.03
20.	TORRENT PHARMACEUTICALS LTD.	1.31	0.03
21.	NATIONAL ALUMINIUM CO. LTD.	1.27	0.02
22.	ADANI GREEN ENERGY LTD.	1.20	0.03
23.	VODAFONE IDEA LTD.	1.08	0.07
24.	ABB INDIA LTD.	0.91	0.02
25.	SOLAR INDUSTRIES INDIA LTD.	0.88	0.03
26.	KEI INDUSTRIES LTD.	0.80	0.04
27.	GLENMARK PHARMACEUTICALS LTD.	0.78	0.03
28.	STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LTD.	0.77	0.02
29.	ADITYA BIRLA CAPITAL LTD.	0.67	0.04
30.	L&T FINANCE LTD.	0.50	0.04
31.	6.48% GS 2035	25.58	NA
32.	6.94% GS 2036	12.69	NA
33.	6.33% GS 2035	11.72	NA

For additional details, please refer to index methodology on www.nseindia.com or www.niftyindices.com

VIII. List of official points of acceptance:

Please refer the AMC website at the following link for the list of official points of acceptance, collecting banker details etc.: <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure/offer->

[documents-data](#)

IX. Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings of Inspections or Investigations for Which Action May Have Been Taken or Is In The Process Of Being Taken By Any Regulatory Authority:

Please refer the AMC website at the following link for details of penalties, pending litigation or proceedings: <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure/offer-documents-data>

X. Investor services

Contact details for general service requests:

Investors may contact any of the ISCs or the AMC by calling the investor line of the AMC at “1800 2090 777” or visit the website at www.miraeassetmf.co.in for complete details.

Contact details for complaint resolution:

Ms. Venuka Amla

Mirae Asset Investment Managers (India) Pvt. Ltd.
606, 6th Floor, Windsor Bldg, Off CST Road, Kalina, Santacruz (E), Mumbai - 400 098.
Telephone Nos.: 6780 0300
e-mail: customercare@miraeasset.com

The AMC will have the discretion to change the Investor Relations’ Officer depending on operational necessities and in the overall interest of the fund.

XI. Portfolio Disclosure

➤ **Portfolio Disclosures**

The Mutual Fund/ AMC will disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) of the Scheme in the prescribed format, as on the last day of the month, on its website viz. <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/portfolio> and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) viz. www.amfiindia.com within 10 days from the close of each month. In case of unitholders whose e-mail addresses are registered, the Mutual Fund/ AMC will send via email the monthly statement of scheme portfolio within 10 days from the close of each month. Portfolio shall also be sent by e-mail to all unitholders by the AMC/Mutual Fund. The AMC shall declare on its website, the hosting of the statements of its portfolio on its website and that of AMFI and shall specify the modes such as SMS, telephone, email or written request (letter) through which a unitholder can request for a physical or electronic copy of the statement of the Scheme portfolio. The AMC shall provide a physical copy without charging any cost, on specific request received from a Unit Holder.

➤ **Portfolio Turnover Rate and Policy**

Portfolio Turnover Ratio of the scheme as on June 30, 2026: **Not Applicable**

Portfolio turnover is defined as the aggregate value of purchases or sales as a percentage of the corpus of a scheme during a specified period of time. The Scheme is open ended, with subscriptions and redemptions expected on a daily basis, resulting in net inflow/outflow of funds, and on account of the various factors that

affect portfolio turnover; it is difficult to give an estimate, with any reasonable amount of accuracy.

However, during volatile market conditions, the fund manager has the flexibility to churn the portfolio actively to optimize returns keeping in mind the cost associated with it.

XII. Detailed comparative table of the existing schemes of AMC

The existing ETFs of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund are as below:

1. Mirae Asset Nifty 50 ETF
2. Mirae Asset Nifty Next 50 ETF
3. Mirae Asset Nifty Financial Services ETF
4. Mirae Asset Nifty India Manufacturing ETF
5. Mirae Asset Nifty Midcap 150 ETF
6. Mirae Asset Nifty 100 Low Volatility 30 ETF
7. Mirae Asset BSE Sensex ETF
8. Mirae Asset Nifty 200 Alpha 30 ETF
9. Mirae Asset Nifty Smallcap 250 Momentum Quality 100 ETF
10. Mirae Asset Nifty MidSmallcap400 Momentum Quality 100 ETF
11. Mirae Asset Nifty500 Multicap 50:25:25 ETF
12. Mirae Asset Nifty India New Age Consumption ETF
13. Mirae Asset BSE 200 Equal Weight ETF
14. Mirae Asset BSE Select IPO ETF
15. Mirae Asset Nifty50 Equal Weight ETF
16. Mirae Asset Nifty India Internet ETF
17. Mirae Asset Nifty Smallcap 250 ETF
18. Mirae Asset Nifty Energy ETF
19. Mirae Asset BSE 500 Dividend Leaders 50 ETF
20. Mirae Asset Nifty Top 20 Equal Weight ETF
21. Mirae Asset Nifty 500 Healthcare ETF
22. Mirae Asset Nifty India Infrastructure & Logistics ETF
23. Mirae Asset BSE India Defence ETF
24. Mirae Asset Nifty 500 Value 50 ETF
25. Mirae Asset Nifty 100 ESG Sector Leaders ETF
26. Mirae Asset NYSE FANG + ETF
27. Mirae Asset S&P 500 TOP 50 ETF
28. Mirae Asset Hang Seng TECH ETF
29. Mirae Asset Nifty Bank ETF
30. Mirae Asset Nifty IT ETF
31. Mirae Asset Nifty EV and New Age Automotive ETF
32. Mirae Asset Nifty PSU Bank ETF
33. Mirae Asset Nifty Metal ETF
34. Mirae Asset Gold ETF
35. Mirae Asset Silver ETF
36. Mirae Asset Nifty 8-13 yr G-Sec ETF
37. Mirae Asset Nifty 1D Rate Liquid ETF – IDCW
38. Mirae Asset Nifty 1D Rate Liquid ETF – Growth

The table showing the differentiation of the Scheme with the existing ETFs of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund is available at: <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure/offer-documents-data>

XIII. Scheme performance

This is a new scheme and does not have any performance track record

XIV. Periodic Disclosures

a. Half yearly Disclosures: Financial Results

The AMC/Mutual Fund shall within one month from the close of each half year, that is on March 31st and on September 30th, host a soft copy of its unaudited financial results on their website <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/financials>, and on the website of AMFI. The half-yearly unaudited financial results shall contain details as prescribed under SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026, and such other details as are necessary for the purpose of providing a true and fair view of the operations of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund.

The AMC/Mutual Fund shall provide written communication (including digital modes such as email/SMS etc.) to its unitholders about the availability of financial results.

b. Annual Report

Pursuant to Regulation 68 of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 2026 read with Para 6.4 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026, the scheme wise annual report will be hosted on the website of the Mirae Asset Mutual Fund viz. <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/financials> and on the website of AMFI, not later than four months after the close of each financial year (31st March). The AMCs shall display the link prominently on the website of the Mirae Asset Mutual Fund viz. <https://miraeassetmf.co.in> and make the physical copies available to the unitholders, at their registered offices at all times. An email/SMS will be sent to all unitholders regarding the hosting of scheme wise annual report on their website and on the website of AMFI. AMCs shall e-mail the scheme annual reports or abridged summary thereof, in machine readable formats, to all such unit holders, whose email addresses are registered with the Mutual Fund. The said communication shall also include details of modes such as SMS, telephone, email or written request (letter) through which a unitholder can submit a request for a physical or electronic copy of the scheme wise annual report or abridged summary thereof.

c. Portfolio Disclosures:

The Mutual Fund/ AMC will disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) of the Scheme in the prescribed format, as on the last day of the month, on its website viz. <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/portfolio> and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) viz. www.amfiindia.com within 10 days from the close of each month. In case of unitholders whose e-mail addresses are registered, the Mutual Fund/ AMC will send via email the monthly statement of scheme portfolio within 10 days from the close of each month. Portfolio shall also be sent by e-mail to all unitholders by the AMC/Mutual Fund. The AMC shall declare on its website, the hosting of the statements of its portfolio on its website and that of AMFI and shall specify the modes such as SMS, telephone, email or written request (letter) through which a unitholder can

request for a physical or electronic copy of the statement of the Scheme portfolio. The AMC shall provide a physical copy without charging any cost, on specific request received from a Unit Holder.

d. Monthly Average Asset under Management (Monthly AAUM) Disclosure

The Mutual Fund shall disclose the Monthly AAUM under different categories Schemes as specified by SEBI in the prescribed format on a monthly basis on its website viz. <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure> and forward to AMFI within 7 working days from the end of the month.

e. Scheme Summary Document

The AMC has provided on its website a standalone scheme document for all the Schemes which contains all the details of the Scheme viz. Scheme features, Fund Manager details, investment details, investment objective, expense ratios, portfolio details, etc. Scheme summary document is uploaded on the websites of AMC viz. <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure>, AMFI and stock exchanges in 3 data formats i.e. PDF, Spreadsheet and a machine readable format (either JSON or XML). The document shall be updated by the AMCs on a monthly basis or on changes in any of the specified fields, whichever is earlier.

f. Disclosures with respect to Tracking Error and Tracking Difference

Tracking Error (TE): The AMC shall disclose tracking error based on past one year rolling data, on a daily basis, on the website of AMC on <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/mutual-fund-scheme/etf/mirae-asset-nifty-8-13-yr-g-sec-etf> and AMFI.

Tracking Difference (TD): Tracking difference i.e. the annualized difference of daily returns between the index and the NAV of the scheme shall be disclosed on the website of the AMC on <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/mutual-fund-scheme/etf/mirae-asset-nifty-8-13-yr-g-sec-etf> and AMFI, on a monthly basis, for tenures 1 year, 3 year, 5 year, 10 year and since the date of allotment of units

g. Product Labeling and Risk-o-meter:

The Risk-o-meter shall have following six levels of risk:

1. Low Risk
2. Low to Moderate Risk
3. Moderate Risk
4. Moderately High Risk
5. High Risk and
6. Very High Risk

The evaluation of risk levels of a scheme shall be done in accordance with para 6.16 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026.

Any change in risk-o-meter shall be communicated by way of Notice cum Addendum and by way of an e-mail or SMS to unitholders. The risk-o-meter shall be evaluated on a monthly basis and the risk-o-meter along with portfolio disclosure shall be disclosed on the AMC website viz. <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/portfolio> as well as AMFI website within 10 days from the close of each month.

The AMC shall disclose the risk level of schemes as on March 31 of every year, along with number of times the risk level has changed over the year, on its website viz. <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure> and AMFI website.

Further, in accordance with para 6.17 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026, the AMC shall disclose:

- a. risk-o-meter of the scheme wherever the performance of the scheme is disclosed;
- b. risk-o-meter of the scheme and benchmark wherever the performance of the scheme vis-à-vis that of the benchmark is disclosed.
- c. scheme risk-o-meter, name of benchmark and risk-o-meter of benchmark while disclosing portfolio of the scheme.

XV. Scheme factsheet: A weblink for scheme factsheet- <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/factsheet>

XVI. Scheme specific disclosures: Please refer Section ‘Scheme Specific Disclosures’ of this document;

XVII. Who manages the scheme

Particulars	Details	Details
Name	Ms. Ekta Gala	Ms. Pranavi Kulkarni
Age	32 years	40 years
Qualification	B. Com & Inter CA (IPCC)	MBA (Finance) Symbiosis International University, B.E. (Computer Science) Mumbai University
Previous experience	<p>Ms. Ekta Gala has over 7 years of experience as a dealer. Prior to this assignment, Ms. Ekta Gala was associated with ICICI Prudential Asset Management Company Ltd.</p> <p>The other schemes being managed by Ms. Ekta Gala are:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Mirae Asset Nifty 100 ESG Sector Leaders ETF 2. Mirae Asset Nifty 100 Low Volatility 30 ETF 3. Mirae Asset Nifty 50 ETF 4. Mirae Asset Nifty Bank ETF 5. Mirae Asset Nifty Financial Services ETF 6. Mirae Asset Nifty India Manufacturing ETF 7. Mirae Asset Nifty Midcap 150 ETF 8. Mirae Asset Nifty Next 50 ETF 	<p>Ms. Pranavi Kulkarni has over 16 years of experience in the financial sector. Prior to this assignment, Ms. Kulkarni was associated with Edelweiss Asset Management Ltd as Fund Manager. Ms. Kulkarni has also worked with CRISIL Ltd and Yes Bank</p> <p>Other Schemes managed by Fund Manager: -</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Mirae Asset Liquid Fund 2. Mirae Asset Money Market Fund 3. Mirae Asset CRISIL IBX Gilt Index – April 2033 Index Fund

9. Mirae Asset BSE Sensex ETF	4. Mirae Asset Nifty AAA PSU Bond Plus SDL Apr 2026 50:50 Index Fund
10. Mirae Asset Hang Seng TECH ETF Fund of Fund	5. Mirae Asset Nifty SDL Jun 2027 Index Fund
11. Mirae Asset Nifty 100 ESG Sector Leaders Fund of Fund	6. Mirae Asset Nifty SDL June 2028 Index Fund
12. Mirae Asset Nifty India Manufacturing ETF Fund of Fund	7. Mirae Asset Nifty 8-13 yr G-Sec ETF
13. Mirae Asset NYSE FANG + ETF Fund of Fund	8. Mirae Asset CRISIL-IBX Financial Services 9-12 Months Debt Index Fund
14. Mirae Asset S&P 500 Top 50 ETF Fund of Fund	
15. Mirae Asset Nifty 200 Alpha 30 ETF	
16. Mirae Asset Nifty IT ETF	
17. Mirae Asset Nifty Smallcap 250 Momentum Quality 100 ETF	
18. Mirae Asset Nifty Smallcap 250 Momentum Quality 100 ETF Fund of Fund	
19. Mirae Asset Nifty MidSmallcap400 Momentum Quality 100 ETF	
20. Mirae Asset Nifty MidSmallcap400 Momentum Quality 100 ETF Fund of Fund	
21. Mirae Asset Nifty EV and New Age Automotive ETF	
22. Mirae Asset Nifty200 Alpha 30 ETF Fund of Fund	
23. Mirae Asset Nifty500 Multicap 50:25:25 ETF	
24. Mirae Asset Nifty PSU Bank ETF	
25. Mirae Asset Nifty Metal ETF	
26. Mirae Asset Nifty LargeMidcap 250 Index Fund	
27. Mirae Asset Nifty 50 Index Fund	
28. Mirae Asset Nifty Total Market Index Fund	
29. Mirae Asset Nifty India New Age Consumption ETF	
30. Mirae Asset Nifty India New Age Consumption ETF Fund of Fund	
31. Mirae Asset BSE 200 Equal Weight ETF	
32. Mirae Asset BSE 200 Equal Weight ETF Fund of Fund	
33. Mirae Asset BSE Select IPO ETF	
34. Mirae Asset BSE Select IPO ETF Fund of Fund	
35. Mirae Asset Nifty50 Equal Weight	

	<p>ETF</p> <p>36. Mirae Asset Nifty India Internet ETF</p> <p>37. Mirae Asset Nifty Smallcap 250 ETF</p> <p>38. Mirae Asset Nifty Energy ETF</p> <p>39. Mirae Asset BSE 500 Dividend Leaders 50 ETF</p> <p>40. Mirae Asset BSE India Defence ETF</p> <p>41. Mirae Asset Nifty 500 Healthcare ETF</p> <p>42. Mirae Asset BSE India Defence ETF FOF</p> <p>43. Mirae Asset Nifty Metal ETF FOF</p> <p>44. Mirae Asset Nifty 500 Value 50 ETF</p> <p>45. Mirae Asset BSE Midcap 150 Momentum 30 ETF</p> <p>46. Mirae Asset BSE Midcap 150 Momentum 30 ETF FOF</p>	
<p>Tenure for which the fund manager has been managing the scheme</p>	<p>Not Applicable since it's a new scheme</p>	

XVIII. What are the investment restrictions?

As per the provisions of the Trust Deed read with the SEBI (MF) Regulations, the following investment restrictions apply in respect of the Schemes at the time of making investments. However, all investments by the Schemes will be made in accordance with the investment objective, asset allocation and where will the schemes invest, described earlier, as well as the SEBI (MF) Regulations, including schedule VI thereof, as amended from time to time.

- No mutual fund under all its schemes should own more than ten per cent of any company's paid up capital carrying voting rights or ten per cent of units of REITs issued by a single issuer, as the case may be.
- The scheme shall not invest more than 10 per cent of its NAV in the equity shares or equity related instruments of any entity. Provided that, the limit of 10 per cent shall not be applicable for investments in case of index fund or exchange traded fund or sector or industry specific scheme
- A mutual fund scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in debt instruments comprising money market instruments and non-money market instruments issued by a single issuer which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorized to carry out such activity under the Act. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the NAV of the scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees and the Board of directors of the asset management company. Provided that such limit shall not be applicable for investments in Government Securities, treasury bills and TREPS. Provided further that investment within such limit can be made in mortgaged backed securitised debts which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency registered with the Board.

Further, in accordance with para 13.1 of SEBI Master dated March 20, 2026, the Scheme shall not invest more than:

- a) 10% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AAA; or
- b) 8% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AA; or
- c) 6% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated A and below issued by a single Issuer.

The above investment limits may be extended by up to 2% of the NAV of the scheme with prior approval of the Board of Trustees and Board of Directors of the AMC, subject to compliance with the overall 12% limit specified above.

Considering the nature of the scheme, investments in such instruments will be permitted up to 5% of its NAV.

- Debentures, irrespective of any residual maturity period (above or below one year), shall attract the investment restrictions as applicable for debt instruments.
- Inter scheme transfers (ISTs) of investments from one scheme to another scheme in the same Mutual Fund shall be allowed only if such transfers are done at the prevailing market price for quoted instruments on spot basis. Explanation -“Spot basis” shall have same meaning as specified by stock exchange for spot transactions. The securities so transferred shall be in conformity with the investment objective of the scheme to which such transfer has been made.

Pursuant to Para 13.19 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026, ISTs may be allowed in the following scenarios:

- i. for meeting liquidity requirement in a scheme in case of unanticipated redemption pressure
- ii. for Duration/ Issuer/ Sector/ Group rebalancing

No IST of a security shall be done, if there is negative news or rumors in the mainstream media or an alert is generated about the security, based on internal credit risk assessment. The Scheme shall comply with the guidelines for inter-scheme transfers as specified under 13.19 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026.

- The Scheme may invest in another scheme under the same asset management company or in any other mutual fund without charging any fees, provided the aggregate inter scheme investments made by all Schemes under the same management company or in schemes under the management of any other AMC shall not exceed 5% of NAV of the Mutual Fund.
- The Mutual Fund shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relevant securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities. The scheme may engage in Securities lending and the borrowing which shall be within the framework specified by SEBI.
- The Scheme shall get the securities purchased or transferred in the name of the Fund on account of the concerned scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of a long-term nature.

- The Scheme shall not make any investment in: a) Any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the Sponsor; or b) Any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the sponsor; or c) The listed securities of group companies of the Sponsor which is in excess of 25% of the net assets.
- The scheme shall not make any investment in any fund of funds scheme.
- No loans for any purpose can be advanced by the Scheme
- The Mutual Fund having an aggregate of securities which are worth Rs.10 crores or more, as on the latest balance sheet date, shall subject to such instructions as may be issued from time to time by SEBI, settle their transactions entered on or after January 15, 1998 only through dematerialized securities. Further, all transactions in government securities shall be in dematerialized form.
- The mutual fund shall not borrow except to meet temporary liquidity needs of the mutual funds for the purpose of repurchase, redemption of units or payment of interest or IDCW to the unitholders. Provided that the mutual fund shall not borrow more than 20 per cent of the net asset of the scheme and the duration of such a borrowing shall not exceed a period of six months.
- Investment in unrated debt and money market instruments, other than government securities, treasury bills, derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. by the Scheme shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the Scheme. However, all such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of AMC and Trustees.
- The Scheme shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers (CPs), other than (a) government securities, (b) other money market instruments and (c) derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc.

However, the scheme may invest in unlisted Non-Convertible debentures (NCDs) not exceeding 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme subject to the condition that such unlisted NCDs have a simple structure (i.e. with fixed and uniform coupon, fixed maturity period, without any options, fully paid up upfront, without any credit enhancements or structured obligations) and are rated and secured with coupon payment frequency on monthly basis.

- Pending deployment of funds of a scheme in securities in terms of investment objectives of the scheme a mutual fund can invest the funds of the scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks. The investment in these deposits shall be in accordance with para 13.7 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026.
- As per para 13.7 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026 on investments in Short Term Deposits (STDs) of Scheduled Commercial Banks:
 - Total investment of the Scheme in Short term deposit(s) of all the Scheduled Commercial Banks put together shall not exceed 15% of the net assets. However, this limit can be raised upto 20% of the net assets with prior approval of the trustees. Further, investments in Short Term Deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.

- “Short Term” for parking of funds by Mutual Funds shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days
- The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), of any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
- The Scheme shall not invest in short term deposit of a bank which has invested in that Scheme. AMC shall also ensure that the bank in which a scheme has Short term deposit do not invest in the said scheme until the scheme has Short term deposit with such bank.
- The above conditions are not applicable to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and derivative market.
- Asset Management Company (AMC) shall not be permitted to charge any investment management and advisory fees for parking of funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.
- The investments in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks will be reported to the Trustees along with the reasons for the investment which, inter-alia, would include comparison with the interest rates offered by other scheduled commercial banks. Further, AMC shall ensure that the reasons for such investments are recorded in the manner prescribed in para 13.7.6 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026.
- The Scheme will comply with SEBI regulations and any other regulations applicable to the investments of Funds from time to time. The Trustee may alter the above restrictions from time to time to the extent that changes in the regulations may allow. All investment restrictions shall be applicable at the time of making investment.
- With respect to Equity portion, pursuant to Para 4.3 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026, the underlying index shall comply with the below restrictions with:
 - a) The index shall have a minimum of 10 stocks as its constituents.
 - b) For a sectoral/ thematic Index, no single stock shall have more than 35% weight in the index. For other than sectoral/ thematic indices, no single stock shall have more than 25% weight in the index.
 - c) The weightage of the top three constituents of the index, cumulatively shall not be more than 65% of the Index.
 - d) The individual constituent of the index shall have a trading frequency greater than or equal to 80% and an average impact cost of 1% or less over previous six months.
- With respect to Debt portion, pursuant to clause 4.4.6 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026 replication of the Index by the Scheme shall be as follows:
 - i. The duration of the portfolio of Scheme replicates the duration of the underlying index within a maximum permissible deviation of +/- 10%.

- ii. ETFs/Index Funds replicating a Constant Maturity index may invest in securities with residual maturity within +/-10% of maturity range of the index
- The Scheme will comply with any other regulations applicable to the investments of mutual funds from time to time.

All investment restrictions stated above shall be applicable at the time of making investment.

Investments Limitations and Restrictions in Derivatives

In accordance with para 13.15 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026, the following investment restrictions shall apply with respect to investment in Derivatives:

Sr. No.	Particulars
1	The cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt and derivative positions will not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme. However, cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days shall be treated as not creating any exposure.
2	The Scheme shall not write options or purchase instruments with embedded written options.
3	The total exposure related to option premium paid shall not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme.
4	Exposure due to hedging positions may not be included in the above-mentioned limits subject to the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Hedging positions are the derivative positions that reduce possible losses on an existing position in securities and till the existing position remains. b. Hedging positions shall not be taken for existing derivative positions. Exposure due to such positions shall be added and treated under gross cumulative exposure limits mentioned under Point 1. c. Any derivative instrument used to hedge shall have the same underlying security as the existing position being hedged. d. The quantity of underlying associated with the derivative position taken for hedging purposes shall not exceed the quantity of the existing position against which hedge has been taken.
5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The scheme may enter into plain vanilla Interest Rate Swaps (IRS) for hedging purposes. The value of the notional principal in such cases shall not exceed the value of respective existing assets being hedged by the scheme. • In case of participation in IRS is through over the counter transactions, the counter party shall be an entity recognized as a Market Maker by RBI and exposure to a single counterparty in such transactions shall not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme. However, if mutual funds are transacting in IRS through an electronic trading platform offered by the Clearing Corporation of India Ltd. (CCIL) and CCIL is the central counterparty for such transactions guaranteeing settlement, the single counterparty limit of 10% shall not be applicable.
6	Exposure due to derivative positions taken for hedging purposes in excess of the underlying position against which the hedging position has been taken, shall be treated under gross cumulative exposure limits mentioned under Point 1.

7	<p>Each position taken in derivatives shall have an associated exposure as defined below. Exposure is the maximum possible loss that may occur on a position. However, certain derivative positions may theoretically have unlimited possible loss. Exposure in derivative positions shall be computed as follows:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: left;">Position</th> <th style="text-align: left;">Exposure</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Long Future</td> <td>Futures Price * Lot Size * Number of Contracts</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Short Future</td> <td>Futures Price * Lot Size * Number of Contracts</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Option bought</td> <td>Option Premium Paid * Lot Size * Number of Contracts</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Position	Exposure	Long Future	Futures Price * Lot Size * Number of Contracts	Short Future	Futures Price * Lot Size * Number of Contracts	Option bought	Option Premium Paid * Lot Size * Number of Contracts
Position	Exposure								
Long Future	Futures Price * Lot Size * Number of Contracts								
Short Future	Futures Price * Lot Size * Number of Contracts								
Option bought	Option Premium Paid * Lot Size * Number of Contracts								
8	<p>Derivatives transactions shall be disclosed in the half-yearly portfolio / annual report of the schemes in line with requirements under SEBI Regulations.</p>								

In accordance with para 8.5 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026, the following conditions shall apply to the Scheme's participation in the derivatives market. Please note that the investment restrictions applicable to the Scheme's participation in the derivatives market will be as prescribed or varied by SEBI or by the Trustees (subject to SEBI requirements) from time to time.

Position limit for the Fund in index options contracts

Future Equivalent based open Interest limits for options to be Rs.1,500 cr. (Net position) and Future Equivalent Open Interest limit for options to be Rs.10,000 cr. (for gross position) (i.e. neither gross long Future Equivalent Open Interest nor gross short Future Equivalent Open Interest shall exceed Rs.10,000 cr.).

Position limit for the Fund in index futures contracts

- The Fund's position limit in all index futures contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs.500 Crores or 15% of the total futures open interest on that index, whichever is higher.
- This limit would be applicable on open positions in all futures contracts on a particular underlying index.

Additional position limit in index derivatives for hedging for the Fund

In addition to the position limits above, the Fund may take exposure in equity index derivatives subject to the following limits:

- Short positions in index derivatives (short futures, short calls and long puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Fund's holding of stocks.
- Long positions in index derivatives (long futures, long calls and short puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Fund's holding of cash, government securities, T-Bills and similar instruments.

Position limit for the Fund for stock based derivative contracts

The combined futures and options position limit shall be 30% of the Market Wide Position Limit (MWPL) per stock.

Position limit for the Scheme

The position limit/disclosure requirements for the Scheme shall be as follows:

- The investment strategy-level open positions in stock derivatives must remain within 30% of MWPL.
- For index-based contracts, the Fund shall disclose the total open interest held by its Scheme or all Schemes put together in a particular underlying index, if such open interest equals to or exceeds 15% of the open interest of all derivative contracts on that underlying index.
- This position limits shall be applicable on the combined position in all derivative contracts on an underlying stock at a stock exchange.

The Trustee may alter the above restrictions from time to time to the extent that changes in the Regulations may allow and as deemed fit in the general interest of the Unit Holders.

Apart from the investment restrictions prescribed under SEBI (MF) Regulations, the Fund does not follow any internal norms vis-à-vis limiting exposure to a particular scrip or sector etc.

XIX. Creation Unit Size

Creation Unit is fixed number of units of the Scheme, which is exchanged for a basket of securities underlying the index called the "Portfolio Deposit" and a "Cash Component" or cash of equivalent value. The Portfolio Deposit and Cash Component are defined as follows:

Portfolio Deposit: Portfolio Deposit consists of pre-defined basket of securities that represent the underlying index and announced by AMC from time to time.

Cash Component: Cash component represents the difference between the applicable net asset value of a creation unit and the market value of the Portfolio deposit.

The Portfolio Deposit and Cash Component may change from time to time due to change in NAV and will be announced by the AMC on its website. The Creation Unit size for the scheme shall be 10,00,000 units. For redemption of Units, it is vice versa i.e., fixed number of units of the Scheme and a cash component is exchanged for Portfolio Deposit. The Portfolio Deposit and the cash component will change from time to time as decided by AMC. The Creation Unit size may be changed by the AMC at their discretion and the notice of the same shall be published on website of Mutual Fund (www.miraeassetmf.co.in).

The Market Makers shall transact with the AMC only in multiples of creation.

XX. Where Will the Scheme Invest?

Investment in Securities forming part of Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 Index:

The scheme would invest in underlying securities forming part of Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 Index, in the same proportion as in Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 Index.

For Equity portion, 50% of the index will be managed passively with investments in stocks in the same proportion as in the Nifty200 Momentum 30 Index and for debt portion 50% will constitute securities forming part of Nifty 8-13 yr G-Sec Index.

Investment in money market instruments:

The Scheme may also invest in money market instruments, in compliance with Regulations. Money Market Instruments will include only treasury bills and government securities having a residual maturity up to one year, Tri-party Repo on government securities or T-bills and any other like instruments as specified by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time.

Debt & Money Market Instruments:

The Scheme will invest in debt and money market instruments. It retains the flexibility to invest across all the securities in the debt and money markets. Debt securities and Money Market Instruments will include but will not be limited to:

- a. Securities created and issued by the Central and State Governments as may be permitted by RBI (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills).
- b. Securities guaranteed by the Central and State Governments (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills).
- c. Debt securities of domestic Government agencies and statutory bodies, which may or may not carry a Central/State Government guarantee.
- d. Corporate debt (of both public and private sector undertakings).
- e. Money market instruments permitted by SEBI/RBI or in alternative investment for the call money market as may be provided by the RBI to meet the liquidity requirements.
- f. Certificate of Deposits (CDs).
- g. Commercial Paper (CPs). A part of the net assets may be invested in the Collateralized Borrowing & Lending Obligations (CBLO) or in an alternative investment as may be provided by RBI to meet the liquidity requirements.
- h. The non-convertible part of convertible securities.
- i. Any other domestic fixed income securities as permitted by SEBI / RBI from time to time.
- j. Any other instruments/securities, which in the opinion of the fund manager would suit the investment objective of the scheme subject to compliance with extant Regulations.

The Investment Manager will invest only in those debt securities that are rated investment grade by a domestic credit rating agency authorized to carry out such activity, such as CRISIL, ICRA, CARE, FITCH, etc. The securities may be acquired through Initial Public Offerings (IPOs), secondary market operations, private placement, rights offer or negotiated deals.

The Scheme shall not enter into any repurchase and reverse repurchase obligations in all securities held by it. The scheme does not intend to invest into any credit default swaps.

Units of Mutual Fund:

Units of mutual funds represent an investor's share in a mutual fund scheme. When investors buy mutual fund units, they pool their money with other investors to collectively invest in a diversified portfolio of assets such as stocks, bonds, or other securities. Each unit reflects the proportionate ownership of the fund's assets. The value of these units, known as the Net Asset Value (NAV), fluctuates based on the performance of the underlying assets.

Overview of Debt Markets in India

Indian fixed income market, one of the largest and most developed in South Asia, is well integrated with the global financial markets. Screen based order matching system developed by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) for trading in government securities, straight through settlement system for the same, settlements guaranteed by the Clearing Corporation of India and innovative instruments like TREPS have contributed in reducing the settlement risk and increasing the confidence level of the market participants.

The RBI reviews the monetary policy six times a year giving the guidance to the market on direction of interest rate movement, liquidity and credit expansion. The central bank has been operating as an independent authority, formulating the policies to maintain price stability and adequate liquidity. Bonds are traded in dematerialized form. Credit rating agencies have been playing an important role in the market and are an important source of information to manage the credit risk.

Government (Central and State) is the largest issuer of debt in the market. Public sector enterprises, quasi government bodies and private sector companies are other issuers. Insurance companies, provident funds, banks, mutual funds, financial institutions, corporates and FPIs are major investors in the market. Government loans are available up to 40 years maturity. Variety of instruments available for investments including plain vanilla bonds, floating rate bonds, money market instruments, structured obligations and interest rate derivatives make it possible to manage the interest rate risk effectively.

Indicative levels of the instruments as on July 02, 2026 are as follows:

Instrument	Maturity	Tenure	Yield	Liquidity
REPS / Repo	Short	Overnight	5.05	Very High
CP / CD / T Bills	Short	3 months CP*	6.62	High
		3 months CD*	6.12	
		1 Year CP	7.34	
		1 Year CD	6.84	
Central Government securities	Low to High	10 years	6.72	Medium

Source: Bloomberg *Data is for NBFC.

XXI. What are the Investment Strategies?

The Scheme will be managed passively with an aim to provide returns before expenses that correspond to the returns of Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 Index, subject to tracking errors.

The scheme would invest in underlying securities forming part of Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 Index, with the same proportion as in Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 Index.

For Equity portion (50%) of the index, it will be managed passively with investments in stocks in the same proportion as in the Nifty200 Momentum 30 Index and debt portion (50%) will constitute securities forming part of Nifty 8-13 yr G-Sec Index.

For Debt portion, pursuant to clause 4.4.6 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026 replication of the Index by the Scheme shall be as follows

The Scheme shall be considered to be replicating the underlying index, provided:

- i. The duration of the portfolio of Scheme replicates the duration of the underlying index within a maximum permissible deviation of +/- 10%.
- ii. ETFs/Index Funds replicating a Constant Maturity index may invest in securities with residual maturity within +/-10% of maturity range of the index

The scheme may invest in government of India Bonds in accordance with the risk and maturity replication guidelines for tracking the underlying debt index. Based on the availability of issuances, it is expected that the portfolio allocation could be different than that of underlying index allocation and could result in Tracking Error. That said broad risk parameters of the portfolio of the Scheme such as credit rating, weighted average YTM, weighted average maturity, asset allocation etc. are expected to be similar to the Underlying Index.

Though every endeavour will be made to achieve the objective of the Scheme, the AMC/Sponsors/Trustee does not guarantee that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved. No guaranteed returns are being offered under the Scheme.

XXII. Fundamental Attributes

Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the scheme, in terms of para 1.9 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026:

(i) Type of a scheme

Open ended – Exchange Traded Fund

An open-ended exchange traded fund replicating/tracking Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 Total Return Index

- (ii) Investment Objective:** The investment objective of the Scheme is to provide returns before expenses that are commensurate with the performance of Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 Index, subject to tracking error.

There is no assurance that the investment objective of the scheme will be achieved.

- **Main Objective** - Growth
- **Investment pattern**

Asset allocation:

Types of Instruments	Indicative allocation (% of total assets)	
	Minimum	Maximum
Securities included in the Nifty 200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 Index	95	100

Money Market instruments (Treasury Bills, Government Securities and Tri-party Repo on government securities or T-bills Only)*	0	5
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*Money Market Instruments will include TREPS, Commercial Paper, Certificates of Deposit, Treasury Bills, Bills Rediscounting, Repos, short-term Government securities and any other such short-term instruments as may be allowed under the regulations prevailing from time to time.

In the event of the asset allocation falling outside the limits specified in the asset allocation table, the Fund Manager will rebalance the same within 7 days. However, at all times the portfolio will adhere to the overall investment objectives of the Scheme. Any alteration in the investment pattern will be for short-term defensive consideration as per para 1.9.2 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026, the intention being at all times to protect the interests of the Unit Holders.

1. Terms of Issue

• Listing:

The Units of the Scheme are listed on the Capital Market Segment of the NSE and BSE.

The AMC engages Market Makers for creating liquidity for the Units of the Scheme on the Stock Exchange(s) so that investors other than Market Makers and Large Investors are able to buy or redeem Units on the Stock Exchange(s) using the services of a stock broker.

The Mutual Fund may at its sole discretion list the Units of the Scheme on any other recognized Stock Exchange(s) at a later date.

The AMC/Trustee reserves the right to delist the Units of the Scheme from a particular stock exchange provided the Units are listed on at least one stock exchange.

An investor can buy/sell Units on a continuous basis on the NSE and BSE on which the Units are listed during the trading hours like any other publicly traded stock at prices which may be close to the NAV of the Scheme. The price of the Units in the market will depend on demand and supply at that point of time. There is no minimum investment, although Units are purchased in round lots of 1.

Redemption:

The Unit Holder has the option to request for Redemption either in amount in rupees or in number of Units. The minimum redemption amount shall be 'any amount' or 'any number of units' as requested by the investor at the time of redemption request.

Redemption Price:

The Redemption Price of the Units is the price at which a Unit Holder can redeem Units of a scheme. It will be calculated as described below:

Redemption Price = Applicable NAV - (Applicable NAV x Exit Load*)

* Exit Load, whatever is applicable, will be charged.

Redemption Price will be calculated for up to four decimal places for the Scheme.

For example, if the Applicable NAV of a Scheme is Rs.10.5550, and it has a 2% Exit Load, the Redemption Price will be calculated as follows:

$$\text{Redemption Price} = 10.5550 - (10.5550 \times 2.00\%) \text{ i.e. } 10.4550 - 0.2110 = 10.3440$$

If the Scheme has no Exit Load, the Redemption Price will be equal to the Applicable NAV.

The Securities Transaction Tax levied under the Income Tax Act, 1961, at the applicable rate on the amount of redemption will be reduced from the amount of redemption.

To illustrate:

If a Redemption of 4,900 units is sought by the Unit Holder at a Redemption Price of Rs. 10.3440 (as calculated above), the redemption amount is Rs. 50,685.60. Securities Transaction Tax (STT) for instance is 0.001%. This will be further reduced by the STT of Re. 0.50 (i.e. Rs. 50,685.60 x 0.001%), making the net redemption amount Rs. 50,685.10.

If a Redemption of Rs. 10,000 is sought by the Unit Holder at a Net Redemption Price of Rs. 10.3440 (as calculated above), which will give 966.744 Units; the effective redemption amount will be grossed up to Rs. 10,204.08 (i.e. $10,000 \div (1-2\%)$) and 966.744 units ($10,204.08 \div 10.555$) will be redeemed. This is to ensure that the Unit Holder receives the net amount of Rs. 10,000 as desired.

Investors may note that the Trustee has a right to modify the existing Load structure in any manner subject to a maximum as prescribed under the Regulations and with prospective effect only.

Please refer section – LOAD STRUCTURE.

Applicable NAV for Redemption / Switch-Out / Systematic Transfer Plan:

In respect of valid Redemption applications accepted at a Designated Collection Centre up to 3 p.m. on a Business Day, the NAV of such day will be applicable.

In respect of valid Redemption applications accepted at a Designated Collection Centre after 3 p.m. on a Business Day, the NAV of the next Business Day will be applicable.

- **Aggregate fees and expenses charged to the scheme:** For detailed fees and expenses charged to the scheme please refer to section ‘Fees and Expenses’.
- **Any safety net or guarantee provided:** There is no assurance OR guarantee of returns.

In accordance with Regulation 22(9)(c) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, 2026 and Paragraph 1.9.2 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026 for Mutual Funds the Trustees shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder or the trust or fee and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder and affect the interests of Unitholders is carried out unless:

- A written communication (including digital modes such as email/sms etc.) about the proposed change is sent to each Unitholder;
- details as specified by the Board are appropriately displayed on the website of the AMC; and
- The Unitholders are given an option for a period of atleast 30 calendar days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load.

SCHEME SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES

I. Portfolio rebalancing

Rebalancing due to passive breach

In accordance with para 3.11 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026 in case of change in constituents of the index due to periodic review, the portfolio of the Scheme shall be rebalanced within 7 calendar days. Any transactions undertaken in the scheme portfolio in order to meet the redemption and subscription obligations shall be done while ensuring that post such transactions replication of the portfolio with the index is maintained at all points of time.

In the event of involuntary corporate action, the Scheme shall dispose the security not forming part of the underlying index within 7 calendar Days from the date of allotment/ listing.

Rebalancing of deviation due to short term defensive consideration

Subject to SEBI (MF) Regulations, the asset allocation pattern indicated above may change from time to time, keeping in view market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors. It must be clearly understood that the percentages can vary substantially depending upon the perception of the Investment Manager; the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders. As per para 1.9.1 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026, such changes in the investment pattern will be for short term and for defensive consideration only.

The Scheme shall rebalance the portfolio in case of any deviation to the asset allocation. Such rebalancing shall be done within 7 days from the date of occurrence of deviation. Where the portfolio is not rebalanced within 7 Days, justification for the same including details of efforts taken to rebalance the portfolio shall be placed before the Investment Committee and reasons for the same shall be recorded in writing. The Investment committee shall then decide on the course of action. However, at all times the portfolio will adhere to the overall investment objectives of the Schemes.

For detailed disclosure, kindly refer SAI.

II. Disclosure w.r.t investments by key personnel and AMC directors including regulatory provisions

Aggregate investment in the Scheme by:

Sr. No.	Category of Persons	Net Value		
		Units	NAV per unit	Market Value
1	AMC's Board of Directors	0	0	0
2	Scheme's Fund Manager(s)	0	0	0
3	Other key managerial personnel	0	0	0

For detailed disclosure, kindly refer SAI.

III. Investments of AMC in the Scheme

Investment of AMC in Mirae Asset Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 ETF as on June 30, 2026 is **Not Applicable since it's a new scheme**

The AMC shall not invest in any of the schemes unless full disclosure of its intention to invest has been made in the Scheme Information Document and that the AMC shall not be entitled to charge any fees on such investment.

For detailed disclosure, kindly refer SAI.

IV. Taxation

For details on taxation please refer to the clause on Taxation in the SAI apart from the following:

Rates of tax and tax deducted at source (TDS) under the Act for Capital Gains from transfer of units of Equity Oriented Fund:

Type of Capital Gain	Condition		Income Tax Rates		TDS Rates	
			Resident/ PIO/ NRI/ Other non FII non- residents	FII	Resident	NRI/OCBs/ FII & others
+ Short Term Capital Gain (redemption before completing one year of holding)	STT has been paid on redemption	Sale upto 22nd July, 2024	15%	15%	Nil	15%
		Sale on or after 23rd July, 2024	20%	20%	Nil	20%
	Other cases	Upto 22nd July, 2024	Normal rate of tax applicable	30%	Nil	30% for Non-resident other than corporates, 40% (till 31

			to the assessee			March 2024)/ 35% (from 1 April 2024) for non-residents corporates
		23rd July, 2024 onwards	Normal rate of tax applicable to the assessee	30%	Nil	30% for Non-resident other than corporates, 35% for non-residents corporates
++ Long Term Capital Gain (redemption after completing one year of holding)	STT has been paid on redemption	Upto 22nd July, 2024	10%#	10%#	Nil	10%
		23rd July, 2024 onwards	12.5%#	12.5%#	Nil	12.5%
	Other cases	Upto 22nd July, 2024	10%*	10%*	Nil	10%
		23rd July, 2024 onwards	12.5%*	12.5%*	Nil	12.5%

PIO: Person of Indian origin

NRI: Non-resident Indian

FII: Foreign Institutional investor

OCB: Overseas Corporate Body

Under section 112A of the Act, where long term capital gain exceeds Rs. 1,25,000/- tax is payable @ 10% upto 22nd July, 2024 and 12.5% from 23rd July, 2024 onwards plus applicable surcharge and cess (without indexation benefit).

*without indexation benefit

Rates of tax and tax deducted at source (TDS) under the Act for Capital Gains from transfer of units of Debt and Money Market Mutual Funds:

Type of Capital Gain	Income Tax Rates		TDS Rates		
	Resident/ Other non-residents	PIO/ NRI/ FII non-residents	Resident	NRI/OCBs/ FII & others	
+ Short Term Capital Gain (redemption before completing three years of holding for sale prior to 23 July 2024 and two years of holding for sale on or after 23 July 2024)	Normal rates of tax applicable to the assessee		30%	Nil	30% for Non-resident other than corporates 40% (till 31 March 2024)/ 35% (from 1 April 2024) for non-residents corporates
++ Long Term Capital Gain (applicable only if units are	For sale made prior to 23 July 2024 - 20%#		10%*	Nil	10%/ 12.5%

acquired prior to 1 April 2023, irrespective of the date of sale)	For sale made on or after 23 July 2024 – 12.5%*			
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*without indexation benefit

V. Associate Transactions:

For detailed disclosure, kindly refer SAI.

VI. Listing and transfer of units

The Units of the Scheme shall be listed on the Capital Market Segment of the NSE and BSE

The AMC engages Market Makers for creating liquidity for the Units of the Scheme on the Stock Exchange(s) so that investors other than Market Makers and Large Investors are able to buy or redeem Units on the Stock Exchange(s) using the services of a stock broker.

The Mutual Fund may at its sole discretion list the Units of the Scheme on any other recognized Stock Exchange(s) at a later date. The AMC/Trustee reserves the right to delist the Units of the Scheme from a particular stock exchange provided the Units are listed on at least one stock exchange.

An investor can buy/sell Units on a continuous basis on the NSE and BSE on which the Units are listed during the trading hours like any other publicly traded stock at prices which may be close to the NAV of the Scheme. The price of the Units in the market will depend on demand and supply at that point of time. There is no minimum investment, although Units are purchased in round lots of 1.

Units held in Demat form are transferable (subject to lock-in period, if any and subject to lien, if any marked on the units) in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018, as may be amended from time to time. Transfer can be made only in favor of transferees who are capable of holding Units and having a Demat Account. The delivery instructions for transfer of Units will have to be lodged with the DP in requisite form as may be required from time to time and transfer will be effected in accordance with such rules / regulations as may be in force governing transfer of securities in dematerialized mode. Further, for the procedure of release of lien, the investors shall contact their respective Depository.

However, if a person becomes a holder of the Units consequent to operation of law or upon enforcement of a pledge, the Mutual Fund will, subject to production of satisfactory evidence, effect the transfer, if the transferee is otherwise eligible to hold the Units. Similarly, in cases of transfers taking place consequent to death, insolvency etc., the transferee’s name will be recorded by the Mutual Fund subject to production of satisfactory evidence.

Please refer SAI for details on transmission, nomination, lien, pledge, duration of the Scheme and Mode of Holding.

VII. Dematerialization of units

The Units of the Scheme will be available only in dematerialized (electronic) form. Investors intending to invest in Units of the Scheme will be required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant (DP) of NSDL/ CDSL and will be required to mention in the application form DP’s Name, DP ID No. and Beneficiary Account No. with the DP at the time of purchasing Units directly from the fund in Creation Unit Size.

The Units of the Scheme will be issued, traded and settled compulsorily in dematerialized (electronic) form.

VIII. Minimum Target amount (This is the minimum amount required to operate the scheme and if this is not collected during the NFO period, then all the investors would be refunded the amount invested without any return.)

The Scheme seeks to collect a minimum subscription amount of Rs. 10 Crores under the Scheme during the NFO Period.

IX. Maximum Amount to be raised (if any)

There is no upper limit on the total amount to be collected under the Scheme during the NFO Period.

X. Dividend Policy (IDCW)

Not Applicable

XI. Allotment

All Applicants whose monies towards purchase of Units have been realised by the Fund will receive a full and firm allotment of Units, provided also the applications are complete in all respects and are found to be in order. For applicants applying through ‘Applications Supported by Blocked Amount (ASBA)’, on allotment, the amount will be unblocked in their respective bank accounts and account will be debited only to the extent required to pay for allotment of Units applied in the application form. The AMC shall allot Units within 5 business days from the date of closure of the NFO period.

Units will be allotted in whole figure. Offer for Sale of Units at 1/1000th value of the Nifty200 Momentum 30 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 50:50 Index as on the date of allotment for applications received during the New Fund Offer (“NFO”) period and at approximately indicative NAV based prices (along with applicable charges and execution variations) during the Ongoing Offer for applications directly received at AMC. Balance amount will be refunded to the investor.

Example of issue of Unit during the NFO:

Example of Units allotted to the Investor (Amt. in Rs.)		
Net amount invested by investor	A	5,000
Allotment Price	B	260
Units allotted rounded off to nearest lowest integer	$C=A/B$	19
Value of units allotted	$D=B*C$	4940
Balance fractional units refunded to investor	$E=A-D$	60

Any application for subscription of units may be rejected if found incomplete in any aspect.

Dematerialization

The Units of the Scheme will be available in dematerialized (electronic) form. The investor intending to invest in Units of the Scheme will be required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant (DP) of the NSDL/CDSL and will be required to mention in the application form DP's Name, DP ID No. and Beneficiary Account No. with the DP at the time of purchasing Units.

The Units of the Scheme will be issued, traded and settled compulsorily in dematerialized (electronic) form.

The Units allotted will be credited to the DP account of the Unit holder as per the details provided in the application form.

However, the Trustee / AMC reserves the right to change the dematerialization/rematerialization process in accordance with the procedural requirements laid down by the Depositories, viz. NSDL/ CDSL and/or in accordance with the provisions laid under the Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations thereunder.

An account statement will be sent by ordinary post/courier/secured encrypted electronic mail to each Unit Holder, stating the number of Units purchased, not later than 5 business days from the close of the NFO Period.

In case of specific request received from investors, Mutual Fund shall provide the account statement to the investors within 5 working days from the receipt of such request without any charges.

Allotment of Units and dispatch of Account Statements to FPIs will be subject to RBI approval, if required.

For investors who have given demat account details in the application form, the Units issued by the AMC shall be credited by the Registrar to the investors' beneficiary account with the DP as per information provided in the application form and information of allotment will be accordingly sent by the Registrar.

XII. Refund

If the Schemes fail to collect the minimum subscription amount of Rs. 10 Crores, the Mutual Fund shall be liable to refund the money to the applicants within 5 business days from the closure of the NFO.

If application is rejected, full amount will be refunded within 5 business days from the closure of NFO. If refunded later than 5 business days, interest @15% p.a. for delayed period will be paid and charged to the AMC.

XIII. Who can invest:

This is an indicative list and investors shall consult their financial advisor to ascertain whether the scheme is suitable to their risk profile.

It should be noted that the **following entities can invest in the scheme:**

- Indian resident adult individuals, either singly or jointly (not exceeding three);
- Minor through parent / lawful guardian; (please see the note below)

- Companies, bodies corporate, public sector undertakings, association of persons or bodies of individuals and societies registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860;
- Partnership Firms constituted under the Partnership Act, 1932;
- Limited Liability Partnerships (LLP);
- A Hindu Undivided Family (HUF) through its Karta;
- Banking Company as defined under the Banking Regulation Act, 1949;
- Banks (including Co-operative Banks and Regional Rural Banks) and Financial Institutions;
- Public Financial Institution as defined under the Companies Act, 1956;
- Insurance Company registered with the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority (IRDA);
- Non-Resident Indians (NRIs) / Persons of Indian Origin (PIO) on full repatriation basis or on non-repatriation basis;
- Foreign Portfolio Investors (FPI) (including overseas ETFs, Fund of Funds) registered with SEBI on repatriation basis;
- Mutual Funds/ Alternative Investment Funds registered with SEBI
- Army, Air Force, Navy and other para-military funds and eligible institutions;
- Scientific and Industrial Research Organizations;
- Provident / Pension / Gratuity and such other Funds as and when permitted to invest;
- International Multilateral Agencies approved by the Government of India / RBI; and
- The Trustee, AMC or Sponsor or their associates (if eligible and permitted under prevailing laws).
- A Mutual Fund through its schemes if permitted by the regulatory authorities.
- Special Purpose Vehicles (SPVs) approved by appropriate authority (subject to RBI approval).
- Religious and Charitable Trusts, Wakfs or endowments of private trusts (subject to receipt of necessary approvals as required) and Private Trusts authorized to invest in mutual fund schemes under their trust deeds;
- Qualified Foreign Investors subject to the conditions prescribed by SEBI, RBI, Income Tax authorities and the AMC, from time to time on repatriation basis.
- Such other individuals/institutions/body corporate etc., as may be decided by the AMC from time to time, so long as wherever applicable they are in conformity with SEBI Regulations/RBI, etc.

Note: 1.

Minor Unit Holder on becoming major may inform the Registrar about attaining majority and provide his specimen signature duly authenticated by his banker as well as his details of bank account and a certified true copy of the PAN card as mentioned under the paragraph “Anti Money Laundering and Know Your Customer” to enable the Registrar to update their records and allow him to operate the Account in his own right.

Note 2. Applicants under Power of Attorney:

An applicant willing to transact through a power of attorney must lodge the photocopy of the Power of Attorney (PoA) attested by a Notary Public or the original PoA (which will be returned after verification) within 30 Days of submitting the Application Form / Transaction Slip at a Designated Collection Centre. Applications are liable to be rejected if the power of attorney is not submitted within the aforesaid period.

XIV. Who cannot invest

It should be noted that the **following entities cannot invest in the scheme:**

- Any individual who is a foreign national or any other entity that is not an Indian resident under the Foreign

Exchange Management Act, 1999, except where registered with SEBI as a FPI. However, there is no restriction on a foreign national from acquiring Indian securities provided such foreign national meets the residency tests as laid down by Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999.

- Overseas Corporate Bodies (OCBs) shall not be allowed to invest in the Scheme. These would be firms and societies which are held directly or indirectly but ultimately to the extent of at least 60% by NRIs and trusts in which at least 60% of the beneficial interest is similarly held irrevocably by such persons (OCBs.)
- Non-Resident Indians residing in the Financial Action Task Force (FATF) Non-Compliant Countries and Territories (NCCTs)
- “U.S. Person” under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933 and corporations or other entities organized under the laws of U.S.
- Residents of Canada or any Canadian jurisdiction under the applicable securities laws.
- The Fund reserves the right to include / exclude new / existing categories of investors to invest in the Scheme from time to time, subject to SEBI Regulations and other prevailing statutory regulations, if any.

Subject to the Regulations, any application for subscription of Units may be accepted or rejected if found incomplete or due to unavailability of underlying securities, etc. For example, the Trustee may reject any application for the Purchase of Units if the application is invalid or incomplete or if, in its opinion, increasing the size of any or all of the Scheme's Unit capital is not in the general interest of the Unit Holders, or if the Trustee for any other reason does not believe that it would be in the best interest of the Scheme or its Unit Holders to accept such an application.

The AMC / Trustee may need to obtain from the investor verification of identity or such other details relating to a subscription for Units as may be required under any applicable law, which may result in delay in processing the application.

XV. The policy regarding reissue of repurchased units, including the maximum extent, the manner of reissue, the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in the same.

All units can be reissued without any limit by the Scheme.

XVI. Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered.

RIGHT TO RESTRICT REDEMPTION AND / OR SUSPEND REDEMPTION OF THE UNITS:

The fund shall at its sole discretion reserves the right to restrict Redemption (including switch-out) of the Units (including Plan/Option) of the scheme(s) of the fund on the occurrence of the below mentioned event for a period not exceeding ten (10) working days in any ninety (90) days period. The restriction on the Redemption (including switch-out) shall be applicable where the Redemption (including switch-out) request is for a value above Rs. 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs). Further, no restriction shall be applicable for the Redemption/switch-out request upto Rs. 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs). Further, in case of redemption request beyond Rs. 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs), no restriction shall be applicable for first Rs. 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs).

The Trustee / AMC reserves the right to restrict Redemption or suspend Redemption of the Units in the Scheme of the Fund on account of circumstances leading to a systemic crisis or event(s) that severely constrict market liquidity or the efficient functioning of the markets. A list of such circumstances under which the

restriction on Redemption or suspension of Redemption of the Units in the Scheme of the Fund may be imposed are as follows:

- Liquidity issues: when market at large becomes illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any issuer specific security.
- Market failures, exchange closures - when markets are affected by unexpected events which impact the functioning of exchanges or the regular course of transactions. Such unexpected events could also be related to political, economic, military, monetary or other emergencies
- Operational issues - when exceptional circumstances are caused by force majeure, unpredictable operational problems and technical failures (e.g. a black out).
- If so directed by SEBI

It is clarified that since the occurrence of the abovementioned eventualities have the ability to impact the overall market and liquidity situation, the same may result in exceptionally large number of Redemption requests being made and in such a situation the indicative timelines (i.e. within 3-4 Business Days) mentioned by the Fund in the scheme offering documents, for processing of requests for Redemption may not be applicable.

Right to Limit Subscription:

In the interest of the investors and in order to protect the portfolio from market volatility, the Trustees reserve the right to limit or discontinue subscriptions under the Scheme for a specified period of time or till further notice.

XVII. Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemptions/ switches:

This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.

In case of Purchase / Redemption directly with Mutual Fund (By Market Makers and Large Investors):

DIRECTLY FROM THE FUND

Direct transaction with AMCs shall be facilitated for investors only for transactions above a specified threshold. In this regard, to begin with any order placed for redemption or subscription directly with the AMC must be of greater than INR 25 Cr. The aforesaid threshold shall not be applicable for Market Makers.

All direct transactions in units of ETFs by Market Makers or other eligible investors (as mentioned above) with AMCs shall be at intra-day NAV based on the actual execution price of the underlying portfolio.

The requirement of “cut-off” timing shall not be applicable for direct transaction with AMCs in ETFs by Market Makers and other eligible investors.

For Redemption of units directly with the Mutual Fund (other than Market Makers and Large Investors):

Investors can directly approach the AMC for redemption of units of ETF, for transaction of upto INR 25 Cr. without any exit load, in case of the following scenarios:

- i. Traded price (closing price) of the ETF units is at discount of more than 1% to the day end NAV for 7 continuous trading days, or
- ii. No quotes for such ETFs are available on stock exchange(s) for 3 consecutive trading days, or
- iii. Total bid size on the exchange is less than half of creation units size daily, averaged over a period of 7 consecutive trading days.

In case of the above scenarios, applications received from investors for redemption up to 3.00 p.m. on any trading day, shall be processed by the AMC at the closing NAV of the day.

Such instances shall be tracked by the AMC on an ongoing basis and in case any of the above mentioned scenario arises, the same shall be disclosed on the website of the Mutual Fund.

Settlement of Purchase/Sale of Units of the Scheme on NSE/ BSE

Buying/Selling of Units of the Scheme on NSE/ BSE is just like buying/selling any other normal listed security. If an investor has bought Units, an investor has to pay the purchase amount to the broker/sub-broker such that the amount paid is realised before the funds pay-in day of the settlement cycle on the Stock Exchange(s). If an investor has sold Units, an investor has to deliver the Units to the broker/sub-broker before the securities pay- in day of the settlement cycle on the Stock Exchange(s). The Units (in the case of Units bought) and the funds (in the case of Units sold) are paid out to the broker on the pay-out day of the settlement cycle on the Stock Exchange(s). The Stock Exchange(s) regulations stipulate that the trading member should pay the money or Units to the investor within 24 hours of the pay-out.

If an investor has bought Units, he should give standing instructions for 'Delivery-In' to his /her/its DP for accepting Units in his/her/its beneficiary account. An investor should give the details of his/her beneficiary account and the DP-ID of his/her/its DP to his/ her/its trading member. The trading member will transfer the Units directly to his/her/ its beneficiary account on receipt of the same from NSE's/ BSE's Clearing Corporation.

An investor who has sold Units should instruct his/her/its Depository Participant (DP) to give 'Delivery Out' instructions to transfer the Units from his/her/its beneficiary account to the Pool Account of his/her/its trading member through whom he/she/it have sold the Units. The details of the Pool A/C (CM-BP-ID) of his/her trading member to which the Units are to be transferred, Unit quantity etc. should be mentioned in the Delivery Out instructions given by him/her to the DP. The instructions should be given well before the prescribed securities pay-in day. SEBI has advised that the Delivery Out instructions should be given at least 24 hours prior to the cut-off time for the prescribed securities pay-in to avoid any rejection of instructions due to data entry errors, network problems, etc.

XVIII. Minimum balance to be maintained and consequences of non-maintenance

There is no requirement of minimum balance.

XIX. Accounts Statements

The AMC shall send an allotment confirmation specifying the units allotted by way of email and/or SMS within 5 working days of receipt of valid application/transaction to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/ or mobile number (whether units are held in demat mode or in account statement form).

A Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) detailing all the transactions across all mutual funds and holding

at the end of the month shall be sent to the Unit holders in whose folio(s) transaction(s) have taken place during the month by mail or email on or before 15th of the succeeding month.

Half-yearly CAS shall be issued at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March) on or before 21st day of succeeding month, to all investors providing the prescribed details across all schemes of mutual funds and securities held in dematerialized form across demat accounts, if applicable.

For Further Details, refer SAI

XX. Dividend/ IDCW

Not Applicable

XXI. Redemption

The redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be dispatched to the unitholders within three working days from the date of redemption or repurchase.

For list of exceptional circumstances refer Paragraph 15.3.3 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026.

Non-Resident Investors

For NRIs, Redemption proceeds will be remitted depending upon the source of investment as follows:

(i) Repatriation basis

When Units have been purchased through remittance in foreign exchange from abroad or by cheque / draft issued from proceeds of the Unit Holder's FCNR deposit or from funds held in the Unit Holder's Non-Resident (External) account kept in India, the proceeds can also be sent to his Indian address for crediting to his NRE/FCNR/non-resident (Ordinary) account, if desired by the Unit Holder.

(ii) Non-Repatriation basis

When Units have been purchased from funds held in the Unit Holder's non-resident (Ordinary) account, the proceeds will be sent to the Unit Holder's Indian address for crediting to the Unit Holder's non-resident (Ordinary) account.

For FPIs, the designated branch of the authorized dealer may allow remittance of net sale / maturity proceeds (after payment of taxes) or credit the amount to the Foreign Currency account or Non-resident Rupee account of the FPI maintained in accordance with the approval granted to it by the RBI. The Fund will not be liable for any delays or for any loss on account of any exchange fluctuations, while converting the rupee amount in foreign exchange in the case of transactions with NRIs/FPIs. The Fund may make other arrangements for effecting payment of redemption proceeds in future.

The normal processing time may not be applicable in situations where necessary details are not provided by investors/Unit holders. The AMC will not be responsible for any loss arising out of fraudulent encashment of cheques and/or any delay/loss in transit

For further details, refer SAI.

XXII. Bank Mandate

It is mandatory for every applicant to provide the name of the bank, branch, address, account type and number as per SEBI requirements and any Application Form without these details will be treated as incomplete. Such incomplete applications will be rejected. The Registrar / AMC may ask the investor to provide a blank cancelled cheque or its photocopy for the purpose of verifying the bank account number.

XXIII. Delay in payment of redemption/ repurchase proceeds/dividend

The Asset Management Company shall be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at such rate as may be specified by SEBI as per para 15.4 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026 for the period of such delay (presently @ 15% per annum) in case the redemption proceeds are not made within 3 working Days from the date of receipt of a valid redemption request.

For further details, please refer SAI.

XXIV. Unclaimed Redemption and Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Amount

As per the Para 15.5 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026, the unclaimed Redemption and dividend amounts shall be deployed by the Fund in call money market or money market instruments and in a separate plan of Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund scheme floated by Mutual Funds specifically for deployment of the unclaimed amounts. The investment management fee charged by the AMC for managing such unclaimed amounts shall not exceed 50 basis points. The AMCs shall not be permitted to charge any exit load in this plan.

Provided that such schemes where the unclaimed redemption and IDCW amounts are deployed shall be only those Overnight scheme/ Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund schemes which are placed in A-1 cell (Relatively Low Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk) of Potential Risk Class matrix.

The investors who claim these amounts during a period of three years from the due date shall be paid at the prevailing NAV. After a period of three years, this amount can be transferred to a pool account and the investors can claim the said amounts at the NAV prevailing at the end of the third year. In terms of the circular, the onus is on the AMC to make a continuous effort to remind investors through letters to take their unclaimed amounts.

As per SEBI Letter dated January 22, 2025, unclaimed redemption and dividend amounts are to be transferred by the Asset Management Company (AMC) to the Unclaimed Dividend and Redemption Scheme (UDRS) after a period of 90 days and no later than 105 days from the date of issuance of the instruments. The AMC shall maintain separate schemes or plans for unclaimed IDCW and redemption amounts pending for less than three years and for more than three years. Upon completion of the initial three-year period, such units shall be transferred to UDRS within 10 business days of the subsequent month. Furthermore, income accrued on these unclaimed amounts beyond three years will be transferred on a monthly basis (on or before the 10th calendar day of the following month) to the Investor Education and Protection Fund as specified by SEBI.

The website of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund also provides information on the process of claiming the unclaimed amount and the necessary forms / documents required for the same.

The details of such unclaimed amounts are also disclosed in the annual report sent to the Unit Holders.

Important Note: All applicants must provide a bank name, bank account number, branch address, and account type in the Application Form.

For further details, please refer SAI.

XXV. Disclosure w.r.t investment by minors

- Payment for investment by any mode shall be accepted from the bank account of the minor, parent or legal guardian of the minor, or from a joint account of the minor with parent or legal guardian.
- Irrespective of the source of payment for subscription, all redemption proceeds shall be credited only in the verified account of the minor i.e. the account the minor may hold with the parent/ legal guardian after completing all KYC formalities.
- The AMC will send an intimation to Unit holders advising the minor (on attaining majority) to submit an application form along with prescribed documents to change the status of the account from ‘minor’ to ‘major’.
- All transactions / standing instructions / systematic transactions etc. will be suspended i.e. the Folio will be frozen for operation by the guardian from the date of beneficiary child completing 18 years of age, till the status of the minor is changed to major. Upon the minor attaining the status of major, the minor in whose name the investment was made, shall be required to provide all the KYC details, updated bank account details including cancelled original cheque leaf of the new bank account.
- No investments (lumpsum/SIP/ switch in/ STP in etc.) in the scheme would be allowed once the minor attains majority i.e. 18 years of age.

For further details, please refer SAI.

XXVI. Principles of incentive structure for market makers (for ETFs)

The incentive structure shall be based on the performance of the Market Maker. It shall have recourse to factors such as trading volumes, bid-ask spread in units of ETFs and such other information as may be required to formalize performance-based incentive structure or a fixed monthly compensation at the discretion of the AMC and is to be decided between the AMC and the Market Maker. The incentives, if any, shall be charged to the respective scheme within the maximum permissible limit of TER. A transparent incentive structure for the MMs shall be put in place, and the incentives shall, *inter alia*, be linked to performance of the MMs in terms of generating liquidity in units of ETFs.

XXVII. New Fund Offer Period (This is the period during which a new scheme sells its units to the investors)

opens on: July 10, 2026

closes on: July 22, 2026

Switch from Offshore schemes of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund will be accepted till cut-off time of July 20, 2026.

Further, Switch from other schemes will be accepted till cut-off time of July 22, 2026.

The Trustee may close subscription list earlier by giving at least one day’s notice in one daily national newspaper. The Trustee reserves the right to extend the closing date of the NFO Period, subject to the condition that the entire NFO period including the extension, shall not be kept open for more than 15 days. Further, the NFO shall remain open for subscription for a minimum period of 3 working days in accordance

with para 1.7 of SEBI Master Circular dated March 20, 2026. Any such extension shall be announced by way of a notice – cum – addendum as prescribed by the SEBI regulation.

Any modification to the New Fund Offer Period shall be announced by way of an Addendum uploaded on website of the AMC.

XXVIII. Additional mode of payment through Applications Supported by Blocked Amount (“ASBA”) during the New Fund offer (NFO) period

The AMC shall allot Units within 5 business days from the date of closure of the NFO period. Units will be allotted in whole figure.

For complete details on ASBA process refer Statement of Additional Information (SAI) made available on our website www.miraeassetmf.co.in.

XXIX. The respective addendums to the MF Lite Scheme’s SID after the last updated SID.

NIL since this is a new scheme.