

SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT

SECTION I

Mirae Asset Global Electric & Autonomous Vehicles ETFs Fund of Fund

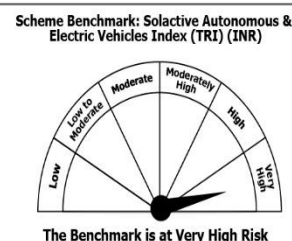
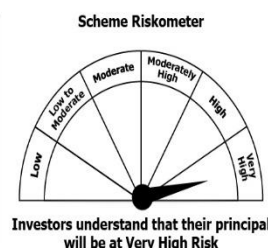
(An open-ended fund of fund scheme investing in overseas equity Exchange Traded Funds which are based on companies involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials.)

PRODUCT LABELLING

Mirae Asset Global Electric & Autonomous Vehicles ETFs Fund of Fund is suitable for investors who are seeking*

- To generate long-term capital appreciation/income
- Investments in units of equity ETFs which are based on companies involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials

*Investors should consult their financial advisors if they are not clear about the suitability of the product.



Continuous Offer for units at NAV based prices

Name of Mutual Fund: Mirae Asset Mutual Fund

Name of Asset Management Company: Mirae Asset Investment Managers (India) Private Limited
CIN: U65990MH2019PTC324625

Name of Trustee Company: Mirae Asset Trustee Company Private Limited
CIN: U65191MH2007FTC170231

Registered & Corporate Office:

Unit No.606, Windsor Building, Off. C.S.T Road, Kalina, Santacruz (East), Mumbai – 400098
Tel. No.: 022-678 00 300 **Fax No.:** 022- 6725 3940 - 47

Website: www.miraeassetmf.co.in **E-mail:** miraeasset@miraeassetmf.co.in

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 (hereinafter referred to as SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations) as amended till date and filed with SEBI, along with Due Diligence Certificate from the Asset Management Company. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the SID.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about **Mirae Asset Global Electric & Autonomous Vehicles ETFs Fund of Fund** that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this SID after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund/ Investor Service Centers/ Website/ Distributors or Brokers.

The Investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund, standard risk factors, special considerations, tax and legal issues and general information on www.miraeassetmf.co.in

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the SID). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website.

The SID (Section I and II) should be read in conjunction with SAI and not in isolation.

This SID is dated June 29, 2024

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Part I. HIGHLIGHTS/SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

Sr. No.	Title	Description
I.	Name of the scheme	Mirae Asset Global Electric & Autonomous Vehicles ETFs Fund of Fund
II.	Category of the Scheme	Fund of Fund (FOF) (Overseas)
III.	Scheme type	An open ended fund of fund scheme investing in overseas equity Exchange Traded Funds which are based on companies involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials.
IV.	Scheme code	MIRA/O/O/FOO/22/05/0039
V.	Investment objective	The investment objective of the scheme is to provide long-term capital appreciation from a portfolio investing in units of overseas equity ETFs which are based on companies involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials. There is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be realized.
VI.	Liquidity Facility	<p>The Scheme will offer units for purchases/switch-ins and redemptions/switch-outs at NAV based prices on all business days on an ongoing basis. Repurchase of Units will be at the NAV prevailing on the date the units are tendered for repurchase.</p> <p>As per SEBI Regulations, the Mutual Fund shall dispatch redemption proceeds within 5 Business Days of receiving a valid redemption request. A penal interest of 15% per annum or such other rate as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time, will be paid in case the redemption proceeds are not made within 5 Business Days from the date of receipt of a valid redemption request. Further, AMFI vide circular dated January 17, 2023 has provided list of exceptional instances wherein additional time has been allowed for payment of redemption proceeds</p>
VII.	Benchmark (Total Return Index)	<p>The performance of the scheme will be benchmarked to the performance of the Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles Index.</p> <p>The Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles Index tracks the price movements in shares of companies which are (or are expected to be in the near future) active in the electric Vehicles and autonomous driving segments.</p> <p>The fund reserves the right to change the said benchmark and/or adopt one/more other benchmarks to compare the performance of the Scheme. The performance of this scheme will be compared with its peers in the Industry. The performance will be placed before the Investment Committee as well as the Board of Directors of the AMC and the Trustee Company in each of their meetings.</p> <p>Rationale for adoption of benchmark:</p> <p>Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles Index tracks performance of companies that includes electric Vehicles manufacturers, electric Vehicles component producers, companies that mine or produce raw materials that are relevant to the electric Vehicles and autonomous Vehicles technology segment,</p>

		<p>companies that build autonomous Vehicles, and suppliers of autonomous Vehicles technologies and hence will serve as an appropriate benchmark for the scheme which invest in units of overseas equity ETFs which are based on companies involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials.</p> <p>The performance of the scheme will be measured based on the INR version of Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles Index.</p>
VIII.	NAV disclosure	<p>The AMC will calculate and disclose the NAV at the close of every Business Day.</p> <p>The AMC shall update the NAVs on the website of the Mutual Fund https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/ and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India - AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) by 10.00 a.m. of the following business day.</p> <p>Further Details in Section II.</p>
IX.	Applicable timelines	<p>Timeline for</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dispatch of redemption proceeds: 4 working days from the date of redemption
X.	Plans and Options Plans/Options and sub options under the Scheme	<p>The Scheme will have Regular Plan and Direct Plan** with a common portfolio and separate NAVs. Investors should indicate the Plan for which the subscription is made by indicating the choice in the application form.</p> <p>Each of the above Regular and Direct Plan under the scheme will have the following Options / Sub-options: Growth Option</p> <p>The default option for the unitholders will be Regular Plan - Growth Option if he is routing his investments through a distributor and Direct Plan – Growth option if he is a direct investor.</p> <p>Investors subscribing under Direct Plan of the Scheme will have to indicate “Direct Plan” against the Scheme name in the application form i.e. “Mirae Asset Global Electric & Autonomous Vehicles ETFs Fund of Fund - Direct Plan”.</p> <p>In accordance with AMFI circular no. 135/BP/ 111 /2023-24 dated February 2, 2024, transactions received in Regular Plan with Invalid ARN shall be processed in Direct Plan of the same Scheme (even if reported in Regular Plan), applying the below logic:</p>

Transaction Type	Primary ARN			SUB distributor ARN		EU IN*	Execution Only Mentioned	Regular Plan / Direct Plan
	Valid	Invalid	Emp anelled	Valid	Invalid	Valid	Yes	
Lump Sum/ Registration	Y		Y				Y	Regular
	Y		N	Not applicable				Direct
	Y		Y	N.A	N.A	N.A	N	Regular
	Y		Y	Y		Y		Regular
		Y						Direct
	Y		Y	Y			Y	Regular
	Y		Y		Y			Direct
Trigger	Y			Not applicable				Regular
		Y		Not applicable				Direct
<p>The AMC reserves the right to introduce a new option / investment Plan at a later date, subject to the SEBI (MF) Regulations. The AMC also reserves the right to discontinue / withdraw any option / investment plan, if deemed fit, after taking approval of the Board of Directors of AMC and Trustee.</p> <p>**DIRECT PLAN: Direct Plan is only for investors who purchase /subscribe Units in a Scheme directly with the Mutual Fund or through the stock exchange and is not available for investors who route their investments through a Distributor.</p> <p>For detailed disclosure on default plans and options, kindly refer SAI.</p>								
XI.	Load Structure	If redeemed within 1year (365 days) from the date of allotment: 1% If redeemed after 1 year (365 days) from the date of allotment: NIL.						
XII.	Minimum Application Amount/switch in	<p>Investors can invest under the Scheme during the ongoing offer period with a minimum investment of Rs.5,000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter.</p> <p>The minimum amount for SIP shall be Rs. 500/- and in multiples of Re. 1 thereafter.</p> <p>The Minimum Application shall not be applicable to the mandatory investments made in the Scheme pursuant to the provisions of clause 6.9 and 6.10 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023, as amended from time to time.</p>						
XIII.	Minimum Additional Purchase Amount	<p>For subsequent additional purchases, the investor can invest with the minimum amount of Rs. 1000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter.</p> <p>The minimum amount for SIP shall be Rs. 500/- and in multiples of Re. 1 thereafter.</p>						

XIV.	Minimum Redemption/switch out amount	The minimum redemption amount shall be 'any amount' or 'any number of units' as requested by the investor at the time of redemption request.
XVII.	Segregated portfolio/side pocketing disclosure	The Scheme has the provision to segregate a portfolio comprising of debt or money market instrument affected by a credit event. For Details, kindly refer SAI
XVIII	Swing pricing disclosure	NA
XIX.	Stock lending/short selling	The Scheme does not intend to participate in stock lending/securities lending.
XX.	How to Apply and other details	Application form and Key Information Memorandum may be obtained from Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) / Investor Service Centres (ISCs) of the AMC or RTA or Distributors or can be downloaded from our website www.miraeassetmf.co.in . The list of the OPA / ISC are available on our website as well. Investors intending to trade in Units of the Schemes, through the exchange platform will be required to provide demat account details in the application form. The application forms for subscriptions/redemptions should be submitted at any of the ISCs/Official Points of Acceptance of the AMC. Details in Section II.
XXI.	Investor services	Contact Details for general service requests and complaint resolution: Mr. Chaitanya Chaubal Mirae Asset Investment Managers (India) Pvt. Ltd. 606, 6 th Floor, Windsor Bldg, Off CST Road, Kalina, Santacruz (E), Mumbai - 400 098. Telephone Nos.: 6780 0300 e-mail: customercare@miraeasset.com Investors may contact any of the ISCs or the AMC by calling the investor line of the AMC at "1800 2090 777" or visit the website at www.miraeassetmf.co.in for complete details.
XXIII	Specific attribute of the scheme (such as lock in, duration in case of target maturity scheme/close ended schemes) (as applicable)	Nil
XXIV	Special product /facility available during NFO and on ongoing basis	The following facilities are available under the Scheme on an ongoing basis: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Systematic Investment Plan <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Top-up facility under Systematic Investment Plan (SIP)

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ SIP Pause facility: ○ Multi-SIP Facility ● Systematic Transfer Plan <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Flex STP (Flexible STP) (erstwhile Variable Transfer Plan) ● Systematic Withdrawal Plan ● C- SIP (Corporate SIP) (erstwhile Group Investment Plan) ● WhatsApp Chatbot facility: ● One Time Mandate (OTM) Facility: ● UPI (Unified Payments Interface) AutoPay Mandate facility ● Interscheme Switching ● Intrasceme Switching <p>For further details of above special products / facilities, kindly refer SAI.</p>
XXV.	Weblink	<p>A weblink for Daily TER and TER for last 6 months: https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/total-expense-ratio</p> <p>A weblink for scheme factsheet: https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/factsheet</p>

DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

It is confirmed that:

- (i) The Scheme Information Document submitted to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- (ii) All legal requirements connected with the launching of the Scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.
- (iii) The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the Scheme.
- (iv) The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.
- (v) The contents of the Scheme Information Document including figures, data, yields etc. have been checked and are factually correct
- (vi) A confirmation that the AMC has complied with the compliance checklist applicable for Scheme Information Documents and other than cited deviations/ that there are no deviations from the regulations
- (vii) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.
- (viii) The Trustees have ensured that the Mirae Asset Global Electric & Autonomous Vehicles ETFs Fund of Fund approved by them is a new product offered by Mirae Asset Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of any existing scheme/fund/product.

Date: **June 29, 2024**
Place: **Mumbai**

Sd/-
Name: **Rimmi Jain**
Designation: **Compliance Officer**

Part II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

A. HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS?

Under normal circumstances, the asset allocation will be as follows:

Types of Instruments	Indicative allocation (% of total assets)	
	Minimum	Maximum
Units of overseas equity Exchange Traded Funds\$	95%	100%
Money market instruments including Tri Party REPO/ debt securities, Units of debt/liquid schemes of domestic Mutual Funds*	0	5%

\$ The scheme may invest in multiple ETFs which are listed in different countries and tracks various companies which are involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials across geographies.

“Related technology, components and materials” implies companies that produce electric, hybrid and autonomous vehicle components which are used in building of the vehicle, including batteries, fuel cells, car components, communication equipment, Electronic Components, software, communication services, semiconductor, electrical and power equipment’s, chemicals, raw materials including metal mining and products (for example lithium, cobalt etc.), sensors, mapping, artificial intelligence, Advanced Driver Assistance Systems, ride-share platforms and network-connected services for transportation.

Debt instruments include securitized debt upto 5% of net assets of the scheme. The Scheme will not invest in Units issued by REITs & InvITs.

The scheme intends to invest in one or more of the below mentioned ETFs:

- Global X Lithium & Battery Tech ETF
- Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles ETF
- Global X China Electric Vehicle and Battery ETF
- Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles UCITS ETF
- Global X Lithium & Battery Tech UCITS ETF

The Scheme shall invest only from the aforementioned overseas ETFs.

Overseas Investments:

Under normal circumstances the Scheme may invest up to 100% of net assets in Overseas Financial Assets/Foreign Securities.

The scheme intends to invest in overseas equity ETFs which is denominated in foreign currency. Different underlying ETFs may be denominated in different foreign currency. The Investor of Mirae Asset Global Electric & Autonomous Vehicles ETFs Fund of Fund will hence be exposed to foreign currency movement. The scheme does not intend to hedge this exposure.

*The Scheme may invest in the schemes of Mutual Funds (including ETFs) in accordance with the applicable extant SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations as amended from time to time.

The Scheme may invest in repo/reverse repo in corporate bonds. The gross exposure of the scheme to 'corporate bonds repo transactions' shall not be more than 5% of the net assets of the concerned scheme. The Scheme may invest in Structured Obligations / Credit Enhancements not exceeding 5% of the debt portfolio of the scheme and the group exposure in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the debt portfolio of the scheme.

The Scheme may invest in debt instruments with special features in accordance with limits as defined in Clause 12.2 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023.

The scheme shall not engage in short selling. The scheme shall not invest in any unrated debt instruments. The scheme will not engage in securities lending and borrowing. The Scheme shall not invest in derivative instruments. The scheme shall not invest in credit default swaps.

The cumulative gross exposure to units of equity Exchange Traded Funds, money market instruments, debt instruments, repo transactions, units of debt/liquid schemes of domestic Mutual Funds will not exceed 100% of the Net Assets of the Scheme. However, cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days shall not be treated in gross exposure as per Clause 12.25.3 of SEBI Master Circular May 19, 2023

Debt securities include, but are not limited to, debt securities of the Government of India, State and Local Governments, Government Agencies, Statutory Bodies, Public Sector Undertakings, Public Sector Banks or Private Sector Banks or any other Banks, Financial Institutions, Development Financial Institutions, and Corporate Entities, collateralized debt securities or any other instruments as may be prevailing and permissible under the Regulations from time to time).

The debt securities (including money market instruments) referred to above could be fixed rate or floating rate, listed, unlisted, privately placed, among others, as permitted by regulation.

Pending deployment of funds of a Scheme in securities in terms of investment objectives of the scheme a mutual fund can invest the funds of the Scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks in terms of clause 12.16 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023.

Investment in Overseas Financial Assets/Foreign Securities:

According to Clause 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023 , mutual funds can invest in ADRs/GDRs/other specified foreign securities and such investments are subject to an overall limit of US\$ 7 bn. for all mutual funds put together. The Mutual Fund has been allowed an individual limit of US\$ 1 Billion. The overall ceiling for investment in overseas ETFs that invest in securities is US\$ 1 billion subject to a maximum of US\$ 300 million per mutual fund.

The Scheme intends to invest upto a maximum of USD 250 million which shall be valid for a period of six months from the date of closure of New Fund Offer. Post the six month period, the Scheme shall invest not exceeding 20% of the average AUM in Overseas securities / Overseas ETFs of the previous three calendar months subject to the maximum limits mentioned above. Clause 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023, these limits would be soft limits for the purpose of reporting by Mutual Funds on a monthly basis to SEBI in the prescribed format.

The dedicated fund manager appointed for making overseas investments by the Mutual Fund will be in accordance with the applicable requirements of SEBI. In line with clause 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular

dated May 19, 2023 and all applicable regulations/guidelines/directives/notifications, as may be stipulated by SEBI and RBI from time to time, the Scheme will invest in the units of Listed equity Exchange Traded Funds subject to all approvals vide clause 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023 and all applicable regulations/guidelines/directives/notifications, as may be stipulated by SEBI and RBI from time to time.

Indicative Table (Actual instrument/percentages may vary subject to applicable SEBI circulars)

Sl. no	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure	Circular references*
1.	Securities Lending	0%	Clause 12.11 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023
2.	Derivatives	0%	Clause 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023
3.	Securitized Debt	5%	Clause 12.15 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023
4.	Credit Enhancement / structured obligations	shall not exceed 10% of debt portfolio of the Scheme and group exposure shall not exceed 5% of debt portfolio of the Scheme.	Clause 12.30 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023
5.	Overseas Securities	100%	Clause 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023
6.	Repo in Corporate Debt Securities	10%	Clause 12.18 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023
7.	Credit default swaps	0%	Clause 12.28 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023
8.	REITs and InvITs	0%	Clause 12.21 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023
9.	Debt Instruments having Special Features	10%	clause 12.2 of SEBI Master Circular SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023

*SEBI circular references (wherever applicable) in support of exposure limits of different types of asset classes in asset allocation shall be provided.

Subject to SEBI (MF) Regulations, the asset allocation pattern indicated above may change from time to time, keeping in view market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors. It must be clearly understood that the percentages can vary substantially depending upon the perception of the Investment Manager; the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders. As per clause 2.9 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023 and in line with SEBI clarification letter dated June 29, 2022, such changes in the investment pattern will be for short term and for defensive consideration only. In the event of deviations, portfolio rebalancing will be carried out within 30 calendar days in such cases.

In the event of deviation from mandated asset allocation mentioned above due to passive breaches, the rebalancing will be carried out in 30 business days. Where the portfolio is not rebalanced within 30 business days, justification for the same including details of efforts taken to rebalance the portfolio shall be placed before the Investment Committee and reasons for the same shall be recorded in writing. The Investment Committee, if so desires, can extend the timelines up to sixty (60) business days from the date of completion of mandated rebalancing period in accordance with clause 2.9.2 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023 . However, at all times the portfolio will adhere to the overall investment objectives of the Scheme.

Suspension of Purchase of Units and Right to limit redemption of Units:

Subject to the approval of the Boards of the AMC and of the Trustee, and subject also to necessary communication of the same to SEBI, the determination of the NAV of the Units of the Scheme, and consequently of the Purchase and/or switching of Units, may be temporarily suspended in certain cases.

SEBI vide its clause 1.12 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023 has laid down certain requirements to be observed before imposing restriction on redemptions.

B. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST?

1. Investing in units of overseas equity ETFs which are based on companies involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials.
2. Debt & Money Market Instruments

Detailed definition and applicable regulations/guidelines for each instrument shall be included in **Section II**.

C. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT STRATEGIES?

The investment objective of the scheme is to provide long-term capital appreciation from a portfolio investing in units of overseas equity ETFs which are based on companies involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials. There is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be realized.

“Related technology, components and materials” implies companies that produce electric, hybrid and autonomous vehicle components which are used in building of the vehicle, including batteries, fuel cells, car components, communication equipment, Electronic Components, software, communication services, semiconductor, electrical and power equipment’s, chemicals, raw materials including metal mining and products (for example lithium, cobalt etc.), sensors, mapping, artificial intelligence, Advanced Driver Assistance Systems, ride-share platforms and network-connected services for transportation.

The scheme may invest in multiple ETFs which are listed in different countries and track companies from different geographies. The scheme may invest in the units of ETFs through the exchange on which the ETF is listed, through the asset management company which is managing the ETF, through authorized participant, market maker or any other available counterparty.

The features of underlying ETFs in which the Scheme shall invest are as under:

Name of ETFs	Listing	Currency	Features
Global X Lithium & Battery Tech ETF	NYSE Arca (United States)	United States Dollar (USD)	The ETF invests in the full lithium cycle, from mining and refining the metal, through battery production. Lithium battery technology is essential to the rise of electric Vehicles (EVs).
Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles ETF	Nasdaq (United States)	United States Dollar (USD)	The ETF seeks to invest in companies involved in the development of autonomous Vehicles technology, electric Vehicles (“EVs”), and EV components and materials. This includes companies involved in the development of autonomous Vehicles software and hardware.
Global X China Electric Vehicle and Battery ETF	Hong Kong Stock Exchange (Hong Kong)	Hong Kong Dollars (HKD)/United States Dollar (USD)	The ETF seeks to invest in companies involved in the development of autonomous Vehicles technology, electric Vehicles (“EVs”), and EV components and materials in China. This includes companies involved in the development of autonomous Vehicles software and hardware and which are critical to development of electric vehicle in China
Global X Lithium & Battery Tech UCITS ETF	London Stock Exchange	United States Dollar	The Global X Lithium & Battery Tech UCITS ETF (LITU) seeks to provide investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the Solactive Global Lithium v2 Index.
Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles UCITS ETF	London Stock Exchange	United States Dollar	The Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles UCITS ETF (DRVE) seeks to invest in companies involved in the development of autonomous vehicle technology, electric vehicles (“EVs”), and EV components and materials. This includes companies involved in the development of autonomous vehicle software and hardware, as well as companies that produce EVs, EV components such as lithium batteries, and critical EV materials such as lithium and cobalt.

The detailed features of the underlying schemes are as under:

Name of Underlying ETF	Investment Objective	Investment Strategy	Investment Process	Asset Allocation	Risk Profile And Risk Control
Global X Lithium & Battery Tech ETF	The Global X Lithium & Battery Tech ETF ("Fund") seeks to provide investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the Solactive Global Lithium Index ("Underlying Index")	The Fund uses "passive" or indexing approach to try to achieve the Fund's investment objective. The Fund does not try to outperform the Underlying Index and does not seek temporary defensive positions when markets decline or appear overvalued. The Fund generally will use a replication strategy. A replication strategy is an indexing strategy that involves investing in the securities of the Underlying Index in approximately the same proportions as in the Underlying Index	The Fund invests at least 80% of its total assets in securities of companies that are economically tied to the lithium industry. The Fund may lend securities representing up to one-third of the value of the Fund's total assets (including the value of the collateral received)	The Fund invests at least 80% of its total assets in the securities of the Underlying Index and in American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs") and Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRs") based on the securities in the Underlying Index.	Very High & The Fund may utilize a representative sampling strategy with respect to the Underlying Index when a replication strategy might be detrimental or disadvantageous to shareholders, such as when there are practical difficulties or substantial costs involved in compiling a portfolio of equity securities to replicate the Underlying Index, in instances in which a security in the Underlying Index becomes temporarily illiquid, unavailable or less liquid, or as a result of legal restrictions or limitations (such as tax diversification requirements) that apply to the Fund but not the Underlying Index
Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles ETF	The Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles ETF ("Fund") seeks to provide investment results	The Fund uses "passive" or indexing approach to try to achieve the Fund's	The Fund invests at least 80% of its total assets in securities of companies that	The Fund invests at least 80% of its total assets in the securities of the Underlying	Very High & The Fund may utilize a representative sampling strategy with respect to the Underlying Index

	that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles Index ("Underlying Index")	investment objective. The Fund does not try to outperform the Underlying Index and does not seek temporary defensive positions when markets decline or appear overvalued. The Fund generally will use a replication strategy. A replication strategy is an indexing strategy that involves investing in the securities of the Underlying Index in approximately the same proportions as in the Underlying Index	are economically tied to the Autonomus and Electric Vehicle. The Fund may lend securities representing up to one-third of the value of the Fund's total assets (including the value of the collateral received)	Index and in American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs") and Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRs") based on the securities in the Underlying Index.	when a replication strategy might be detrimental or disadvantageous to shareholders, such as when there are practical difficulties or substantial costs involved in compiling a portfolio of equity securities to replicate the Underlying Index, in instances in which a security in the Underlying Index becomes temporarily illiquid, unavailable or less liquid, or as a result of legal restrictions or limitations (such as tax diversification requirements) that apply to the Fund but not the Underlying Index
Global X China Electric Vehicle and Battery ETF	The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, closely correspond to the performance of the Index. There can be no assurance that the Sub-Fund will achieve its investment objective	The Manager will primarily use a full replication strategy through investing directly in constituent stocks of the Index in substantially the same weightings in which they are included in the Index.	The Manager will primarily use a full replication strategy through investing directly in constituent stocks of the Index in substantially the same weightings in which they are included in the Index.	The Sub-Fund may invest in (including but not limited to) the following Mainland China-related securities: A-Shares, H-Shares, N-Shares, P-Chips and Red Chips. The Sub-Fund will invest in A-Shares included in the Index through	Very High & Where the adoption of a full replication strategy is not efficient or practicable or where the Manager considers appropriate in its absolute discretion, the Manager may pursue a representative sampling strategy and hold a

				Stock Connect, which may include stocks on the ChiNext Board of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange.	representative sample of the constituent securities of the Index selected by the Manager using quantitative analytical models to derive a portfolio sample. maximum deviation from the Index weighting of any constituent will not exceed 3 percentage points above or below such weighting.
Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles UCITS ETF	The Fund's investment objective is to generate returns that closely correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the price and yield performance of the Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles v2 Index (the "Index").	The Fund is passively managed. The Fund will aim to achieve its investment objective by attempting to replicate the performance of the Index by investing primarily in a portfolio of equity securities that as far as possible and practicable consists of the component securities of the Index in similar proportions to their weightings in the Index and in American depositary receipts ("ADRs") and global	The Index aims to provide exposure to exchange-listed companies that are involved in the development of electric vehicles and/or autonomous vehicles, including companies that produce electric/hybrid vehicles, electric/hybrid vehicle components and materials, autonomous driving technology, and network connected services for transportation.	When not possible or practicable to continue to hold all of the component securities of the Index, the Fund may invest in depositary receipts relating either to components of the Index or to equity securities of the type referred to above; and financial derivative instruments ("FDIs"), namely, total return "unfunded" OTC swaps and exchange-traded equity	This Fund is in risk category 6 due to the range and frequency of price movements (i.e. the volatility) of the underlying investments referenced by the Fund which may not be a reliable indicator of the future risk profile of the share class. The Fund offers no capital guarantee or protection. The Fund may be subject to risks which are not included in the calculation of the risk-reward indicator. The Fund may enter into securities lending transactions, investing in

		depository receipts (“GDRs”) based on the securities in the Index.		futures for investment purposes. The Fund may enter into securities lending transactions, investing in repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions and short-term money market collective investment schemes, for the purposes of efficient portfolio management only.	repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions and short-term money market collective investment schemes, for the purposes of efficient portfolio management only
Global X Lithium & Battery Tech UCITS ETF	The Fund’s investment objective is to generate returns that closely correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the price and yield performance of the Global Lithium v2 Index (the “Index”).	The Fund is passively managed. The Fund will aim to achieve its investment objective by attempting to replicate the performance of the Index by investing primarily in a portfolio of equity securities that as far as possible and practicable and consists of the component securities of the Index in similar proportions to their weightings	The Index aims to measure broad-based equity market performance of global companies involved in the lithium industry. The Index tracks the performance of the largest and most liquid listed companies that are active in the exploration and/or mining of Lithium or the production of Lithium batteries.	When not possible or practicable to hold all of the component securities of the Index, the Fund may invest in depository receipts relating either to components securities of the Index or to equity securities of the type referred to above; and financial derivative instruments (“FDIs”),	This Fund is in risk category 7 due to the range and frequency of price movements (i.e. the volatility) of the underlying investments referenced by the Fund which may not be a reliable indicator of the future risk profile of the share class. The Fund offers no capital guarantee or protection. The Fund may be subject to risks which are not included in the calculation of the risk-reward

		in the Index and in american depositary receipts (“ADRs”) and global depositary receipts (“GDRs”) based on the securities in the Index.		namely, total return “unfunded” OTC swaps and exchange-traded equity futures for investment purposes. The Fund may enter into securities lending transactions, investing in repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions and short term money market collective investment	indicator. The Fund may enter into securities lending transactions, investing in repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions and short term money market collective investment schemes, for the purposes of efficient portfolio management only.
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The details on performance and Expense ratio of the underlying schemes are as under:

Name of ETF	Underlying Index	Fund Expense Ratio (in %)	Inception Date	3 Years	1 Year	6 Months	3 Months
Global X Lithium & Battery Tech ETF (in USD)	Solactive Global Lithium Index	0.75	23-07-2010	-	-27.3%	-8.9%	-5.5%
Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles ETF (in USD)	Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles Index	0.68	17-04-2018	-3.7%	5.6%	6.9%	2.3%
Global X China Electric Vehicle and Battery ETF(in USD)	Solactive China Electric Vehicle and Battery Index Net Total Return (NTR)	0.68	17-01-2020	-19.9%	-25.8%	-5.9%	1.2%
Global X Lithium & Battery Tech UCITS ETF	Solactive Global Lithium v2 Index	0.6	07-12-2021	-13.2%	-28.6%	-8.8%	-5.6%
Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles UCITS ETF (DRVE)	Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles v2 Index	0.5	16-11-2021	-	6.0%	5.8%	-4.1%

*Data as on May 31, 2024, Source: Bloomberg. The above returns are Compounded Annualised Growth Returns. Returns for 1 year and less are absolute returns

The scheme intends to invest in overseas equity ETFs which is denominated in foreign currency. Different underlying ETFs may be denominated in different foreign currency. The Investor of Mirae Asset Global Electric & Autonomous Vehicles ETFs Fund of Fund will hence be exposed to foreign currency movement. The scheme does not intend to hedge this exposure.

The Scheme investment in the underlying funds shall be subject and affected by transaction price, transaction cost and transaction timing while buying/selling the underlying scheme, foreign Exchange movement, total expense ratios, and returns from investments made in money market securities or units of money market/liquid schemes of Mutual Fund and other charges and tax associated with management of the scheme.

However, from India perspective, all applications will be processed at the applicable NAV of the FOF scheme in lines with the cut-off norms as specified by the regulatory guidelines

Policy for Investment decisions

The investment policy of the AMC has been determined by the Investment Committee (“IC”) which has been ratified by the Boards of the AMC and Trustee. At the strategic level, the broad investment philosophy of the AMC and the authorized exposure limits are spelt out in the Investment Policy of the AMC. During trading hours, the Fund Managers have the discretion to take investment decisions for the Scheme within the limits defined in the Investment Policy, these decisions and the reasons thereof are communicated to the CEO for post facto approval.

The designated Fund Manager(s) of the Scheme will be responsible for taking day-to-day investment decisions and will inter-alia be responsible for asset allocation, security selection and timing of investment decisions.

Portfolio Turnover Policy

Portfolio turnover is defined as the aggregate value of purchases or sales as a percentage of the corpus of a scheme during a specified period of time. The Scheme is an open ended Fund of Fund Scheme, investing in units of underlying ETFs. It is expected that there would be a number of subscriptions and redemptions on a daily basis. Consequently, it is difficult to estimate with any reasonable measure of accuracy, the likely turnover in the portfolio.

D. HOW WILL THE SCHEME BENCHMARK ITS PERFORMANCE?

The performance of the scheme will be benchmarked to the performance of the Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles Index.

The Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles Index tracks the price movements in shares of companies which are (or are expected to be in the near future) active in the electric Vehicles and autonomous driving segments.

The fund reserves the right to change the said benchmark and/or adopt one/more other benchmarks to compare the performance of the Scheme. The performance of this scheme will be compared with its

peers in the Industry. The performance will be placed before the Investment Committee as well as the Board of Directors of the AMC and the Trustee Company in each of their meetings.

Rationale for adoption of benchmark:

Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles Index tracks performance of companies that includes electric Vehicles manufacturers, electric Vehicles component producers, companies that mine or produce raw materials that are relevant to the electric Vehicles and autonomous Vehicles technology segment, companies that build autonomous Vehicles, and suppliers of autonomous Vehicles technologies and hence will serve as an appropriate benchmark for the scheme which invest in units of overseas equity ETFs which are based on companies involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials.

The performance of the scheme will be measured based on the INR version of Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles Index.

The Trustees may change the benchmark in future if a benchmark better suited to the investment objective of the Scheme is available.

E. WHO MANAGES THE SCHEME?

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details
i.	Name	Siddharth Srivastava
ii.	Age	37 years
iii.	Qualification	MBA (Tech), BTech
iv.	Previous experience	<p>Mr. Srivastava has more than 12 years of experience in the field of financial services and stock markets.</p> <p>He has been associated with Mirae Asset Investment Managers (India) Private Limited from 1st January 2020 till date with overall responsibilities of leading passive investment products.</p> <p>He has been associated with Mirae Asset Global Investments (India) Private Limited from 17th Oct, 2018 – 31st December 2019 with overall responsibilities of leading passive investment products of the company.</p> <p>Prior to this assignment, he was Senior Manager at NSE Indices Limited from Sep 2014 – Oct 2018 and was associated as Senior Associate at Morgan Stanley Capital International from Nov 2010 – Aug 2014.</p> <p>Others schemes managed by him:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mirae Asset NYSE Fang+ ETF • Mirae Asset S&P 500 Top 50 ETF • Mirae Asset Global X Artificial Intelligence & Technology ETF Fund of Fund • Mirae Asset Hang Seng ETF • MIRAE ASSET MULTI ASSET ALLOCATION FUND

v.	Tenure for which the fund manager has been managing the scheme	1 year and 10months (Since September 2022)
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F. HOW IS THE SCHEME DIFFERENT FROM EXISTING SCHEMES OF THE MUTUAL FUND?

The existing Fund of Fund of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund are as below:

1. Mirae Asset Global Electric & Autonomous Vehicles ETFs Fund of Fund
2. Mirae Asset Global X Artificial Intelligence & Technology ETF Fund of Fund
3. Mirae Asset Hang Seng Tech ETF Fund of Fund
4. Mirae Asset Nifty 100 ESG Sector Leaders Fund of Fund
5. Mirae Asset Nifty India Manufacturing ETF Fund of Fund
6. Mirae Asset Nifty Midsmallcap400 Momentum Quality 100 ETF Fund of Fund
7. Mirae Asset Nifty Smallcap250 Momentum Quality 100 ETF Fund of Fund
8. Mirae Asset NYSE Fang+ ETF Fund of Fund
9. Mirae Asset S & P 500 Top 50 ETF Fund of Fund

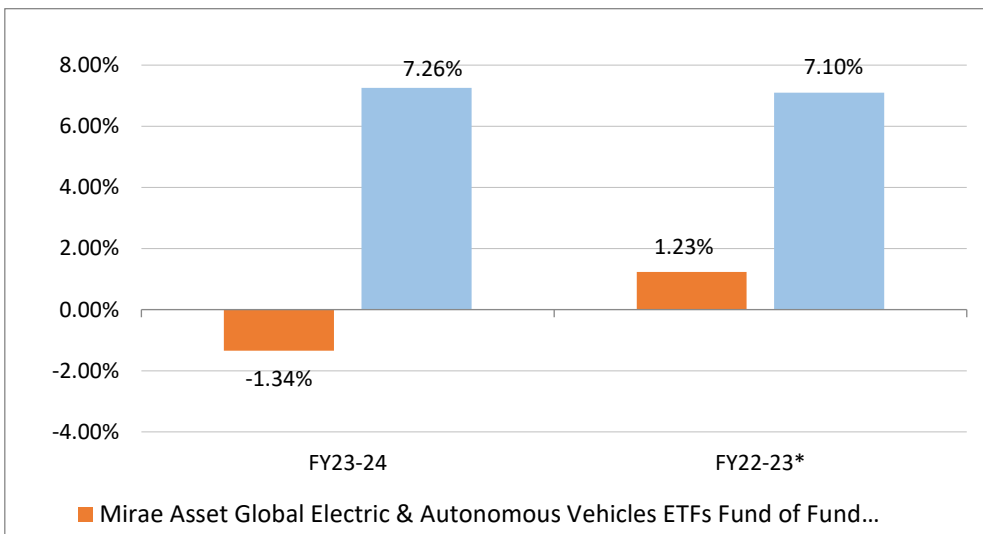
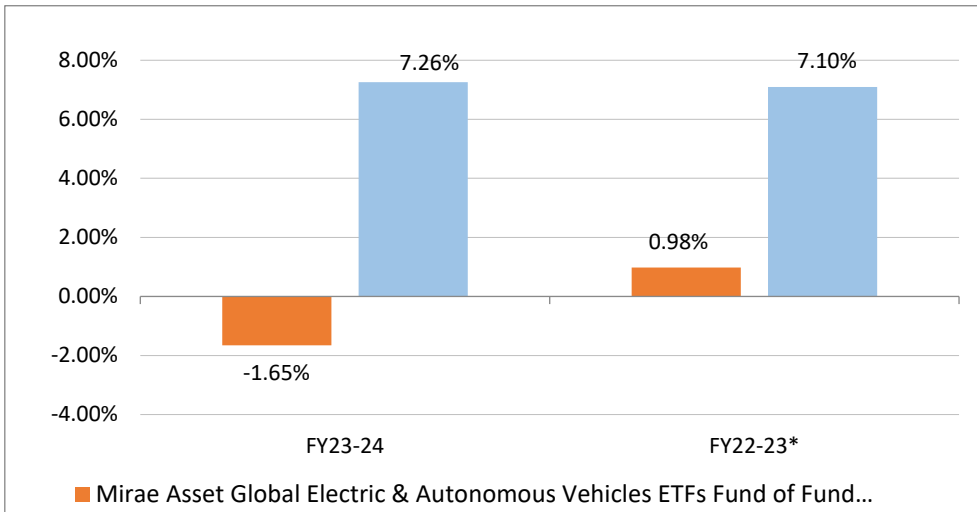
The table showing the differentiation of the Scheme with the existing Fund of Fund of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund is available at: <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure/offer-documents-data>

G. HOW HAS THE SCHEME PERFORMED

Particulars	Regular Plan – Growth option		Direct Plan – Growth option	
	Scheme returns (%)	Benchmark Returns (%)	Scheme returns (%)	Benchmark Returns (%)
Compounded Annualised Growth Returns (CAGR)				
Since Inception	-1.92	8.08	-1.38	8.08
Last 1 year	-1.21	7.94	-0.56	7.94
Last 3 years	NA	NA	NA	NA
Last 5 years	NA	NA	NA	NA
NAV as on 31/05/2024	9.670	1,814.07	9.763	1,814.07

Since inception date (07-Sep-2022)

Absolute Return for Each Financial Year for the Last 2 years



***from inception (07-Sep-2022) to 31-Mar-24**

Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and should not be used as a basis for comparison with other investments.

As per the SEBI standards for performance reporting, the returns are calculated on Rs.10/- invested at inception. For this purpose the inception date is deemed to be the date of allotment. The calculations of returns shall assume reinvestment of all payouts at the then prevailing NAV. The absolute graph of is computed from the Date of Allotment/1st April, as the case maybe, to 31st March of the respective financial year.

H. ADDITIONAL SCHEME RELATED DISCLOSURES

- i. Scheme's portfolio holdings (top 10 holdings by issuer and fund allocation towards various sectors are available on functional website link:- <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure/offer-documents-data>
- ii. Disclosure of name and exposure to Top 7 issuers, stocks, groups and sectors as a percentage of NAV of the scheme in case of debt and equity ETFs/index funds through a functional website link that contains detailed description :- N.A
- iii. Functional website link for Portfolio Disclosure:- <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/portfolio>
- iv. Portfolio Turnover Ratio: N.A since it is a Fund of Fund
- v. Aggregate investment in the Scheme by:

Sr. No.	Category of Persons	Net Value		Market Value (in Rs.)
		Units	NAV per unit	
1.	Fund Manager(s)			
	Siddharth Srivastava	2,974.06	9.76	29,035.73

For any other disclosure w.r.t investments by key personnel and AMC directors including regulatory provisions in this regard kindly refer SAI.

- vi. Investments of AMC in the Scheme – <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure/offer-documents-data>

The AMC shall not invest in any of the schemes unless full disclosure of its intention to invest has been made in the Scheme Information Document and that the AMC shall not be entitled to charge any fees on such investment

Part III- OTHER DETAILS

A. COMPUTATION OF NAV

The NAV of the Units of the Scheme will be computed by dividing the net assets of the Scheme by the number of Units outstanding on the valuation date.

NAV of Units under the Options there under can be calculated as shown below:

(Market or Fair Value of Scheme's investments + Current assets including Accrued Income - Current Liabilities and provisions including accrued expenses)

$$\text{NAV} = \frac{\text{Market or Fair Value of Scheme's investments + Current assets including Accrued Income - Current Liabilities and provisions including accrued expenses}}{\text{No. of Units outstanding under the Scheme/Option.}}$$

The NAVs of the Scheme will be computed and units will be allotted upto 3 decimals.

The income earned and the profits realized in respect of the Units issued under the Growth Option remain invested and are reflected in the NAV of the Units.

Since this Scheme invests in units of overseas equity ETFs, the NAV of the Scheme for a business day (Day T) will be based on the closing price of the underlying fund on the exchange in which it is listed for that day (Day T). Since the closing price of the underlying fund on the exchange in which it is listed on a business day (Day T) would normally be available either late in the evening of the business day (Day T) or on the following business day (T+1), the Scheme will declare the NAV for a Business day on the next Business Day by 10.00 a.m,

Valuation of the scheme’s assets, calculation of the scheme’s NAV and the accounting policies & standards will be subject to such norms and guidelines that SEBI may prescribe from time to time and shall be subject to audit on an annual basis.

Valuation of Foreign Exchange Conversion: On the valuation day, all the assets and liabilities in foreign currency will be valued in Indian Rupees on the basis of Foreign Exchange rate quoted on Bloomberg/Reuters around India markets close time (which is currently around 3:30 p.m. IST) or at the RBI Reference rate as at the close of the Banking hours on that day in India. The Trustees/AMC reserves the right to change the source for determining the exchange rate. The reasons for the change in the source for determining the exchange rate will be recorded in writing. The Rupee value of Investments valued in the manner described above and other assets and liabilities represented in foreign currency shall be obtained by multiplying the aforesaid rate.

The valuation of the Schemes’ assets and calculation of the Schemes’ NAVs shall be subject to audit on an annual basis and such regulations as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

B. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES

These expenses incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees paid marketing and advertising, registrar expenses, printing and stationary, bank charges etc. will be borne by the AMC. No NFO expenses will be charged to the Scheme.

C. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses for operating the scheme. These expenses include Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents’ fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given in the table below:

The AMC has estimated that upto 1% of the daily net assets of the scheme will be charged to the scheme as expenses. For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of the mutual fund <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/total-expense-ratio>

Particulars	% p.a. of daily net assets
Investment Management & Advisory Fee	
Trustee fee	
Audit fees	
Custodian fees	
RTA Fees	
Marketing & Selling expense incl. agent commission**	
Cost related to investor communications	

Cost of fund transfer from location to location***	Upto 1.00%
Cost of providing account statements and redemption cheques and IDCW warrants	
Costs of statutory Advertisements	
Brokerage & transaction cost over and above 12 bps for cash market transactions @@	
Goods and Services tax on expenses other than investment and advisory fees	
Goods and Services tax on brokerage and transaction cost	
Other Expenses*	
Maximum total expense ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52 (6) (c)	
^ Additional expenses under regulation 52 (6A) (c)	Upto 0.05%
Additional expenses for gross new inflows from specified cities*	Upto 0.30%

Provided that the total expense ratio to be charged over and above the weighted average of the total expense ratio of the underlying scheme shall not exceed two times the weighted average of the total expense ratio levied by the underlying scheme(s), subject to the overall ceilings as stated in the above table.

*Other expenses: Any other expenses which are directly attributable to the Scheme, may be charged with approval of the Trustee within the overall limits as specified in the Regulations except those expenses which are specifically prohibited.

^ Such expenses will not be charged if exit load is not levied/not applicable to the scheme.

For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of the Mutual Fund.

**Direct Plan shall have a lower expense ratio excluding distribution expenses, commission, etc. and no commission for distribution of Units will be paid / charged under Direct Plan. The TER of the Direct Plan will be lower to the extent of the abovementioned distribution expenses/ commission which is charged in the Regular Plan.

@@ Brokerage and transaction costs which are incurred for the purpose of execution of trade and is included in the cost of investment shall not exceed 0.12 per cent in case of cash market transactions.

The purpose of the above table is to assist the investor in understanding the various costs & expenses that the investor in the Scheme will bear directly or indirectly. These estimates have been made in good faith as per the information available to the AMC and the above expenses (including investment management and advisory fees) are subject to inter-se change and may increase/decrease as per actual and/or any change in the Regulations, as amended from time to time.

All scheme related expenses including commission paid to distributors, by whatever name it may be called and in whatever manner it may be paid, shall necessarily be paid from the scheme only within the regulatory limits and not from the books of the Asset Management Companies (AMC), its associate, sponsor, trustee or any other entity through any route.

All fees and expenses charged in a direct plan (in percentage terms) under various heads including the investment and advisory fee shall not exceed the fees and expenses charged under such heads in a regular plan. The TER of the Direct Plan will be lower to the extent of the distribution expenses/commission which is charged in the Regular Plan and no commission for distribution of Units will be paid / charged under the Direct Plan.

In addition to the limits as specified in Regulation 52(6) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996 [‘SEBI Regulations’] or the Total Recurring Expenses (Total Expense Limit) as specified above, the following costs or expenses may be charged to the scheme namely:-

Additional expenses for gross new inflows from specified cities:

(a) expenses not exceeding of 0.30 per cent of daily net assets, if the new inflows from such cities as specified by SEBI from time to time are at least -

(i) 30 per cent of gross new inflows in the scheme, or;

(ii) 15 per cent of the average assets under management (year to date) of the scheme, whichever is higher:

Provided that if inflows from such cities is less than the higher of sub-clause (i) or sub-clause (ii), such expenses on daily net assets of the Scheme shall be charged on proportionate basis.

Provided further that, expenses charged under this clause shall be utilised for distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from such cities.

Provided further that amount incurred as expense on account of inflows from such cities shall be credited back to the Scheme in case the said inflows are redeemed within a period of one year from the date of investment.

Currently, SEBI has specified that the above additional expenses may be charged for inflows from beyond ‘Top 30 cities.’ The top 30 cities shall mean top 30 cities based on Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) data on ‘AUM by Geography – Consolidated Data for Mutual Fund Industry’ as at the end of the previous financial year.

This sub clause (a) shall be applicable for inflows received during the NFO period.

Provided further that, additional TER can be charged based on inflows only from retail investors from B30 cities in terms of clause 10.1 of SEBI Master circular dated May 19, 2023. ‘Retail investors’ are defined as individual investors with an inflow of an amount upto Rs 2,00,000/- per transaction.

*** Note: clause 10.1 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023 has directed AMCs to keep B-30 incentive structure in abeyance with effect from March 01, 2023 till further notice.

Additional expenses under regulation 52 (6A) (c)

^(b) GST payable on investment and advisory service fees (‘AMC fees’) charged by Mirae Asset Investment Managers (India) Private Limited (‘Mirae Asset AMC’);

Further, close ended schemes or schemes where no exit loads is charged shall not be eligible to charge additional expenses under regulation 52 (6A) (c), in terms of SEBI circular dated Feb 2, 2018.

Within the Total Expense Limit chargeable to the Scheme, following will be charged to the Scheme:

(a) GST on other than investment and advisory fees, if any, (including on brokerage and transaction costs on execution of trades) shall be borne by the Scheme

The current expense ratios will be updated on the AMC website <https://miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/regulatory> at least 3 working days prior to the effective date of the change.

Further, the notice of change in base TER (i.e. TER excluding additional expenses provided in Regulation 52(6A) (b) and 52(6A)(c) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996) in comparison to previous base TER charged to the scheme will be communicated to investors of the scheme through notice via email or SMS at least three working days prior to effecting such change.

However, any decrease in TER due to decrease in applicable limits as prescribed in Regulation 52 (6) (i.e. due to increase in daily net assets of the scheme) would not require issuance of any prior notice to the investors.

The above change in the base TER in comparison to previous base TER charged to the scheme shall be intimated to the Board of Directors of AMC along with the rationale recorded in writing.

The changes in TER shall also be placed before the Trustees on quarterly basis along with rationale for such changes.

Disclosures in terms of clause 10.1.8 of SEBI Master circular dated May 19, 2023:

Illustration of impact of expense ratio on scheme's returns

Particulars		Regular Plan	Direct Plan
Opening NAV per unit	A	10.0000	10.0000
Gross Scheme Returns @ 8.75%	B	0.8750	0.8750
Expense Ratio @ 1.50 % p.a.	$C = (A \times 1.50\%)$	0.1500	0.1500
Distribution Expense Ratio @ 0.25 % p.a. *	$D = (A \times 0.25\%)$	0.0250	0.0000
Total Expenses	$E = C + D$	0.1750	0.1500
Closing NAV per unit	$F = A + B - E$	10.7000	10.7250
Net 1 Year Return	$F/A - 1$	7.00%	7.25%

*Distribution/Brokerage expense is not levied on Direct Plan

The above calculation is provided to illustrate the impact of expenses on the scheme returns and should not be construed as indicative Expense Ratio, yield or return.

D. LOAD STRUCTURE

Exit Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to redeem the units from the scheme. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. For the current applicable structure, please refer to the website of the AMC (<https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/>) or may call at '1800 2090 777' or your distributor.

Type of Load	Load chargeable (as %age of NAV)
Exit	If redeemed within 1 year (365 days) from the date of allotment: 1% If redeemed after 1 year (365 days) from the date of allotment: NIL.

For any change in exit load, AMC will issue an addendum and display it on the website/Investor Service Centres.

The Mutual Fund may charge exit load within the stipulated limit of 5% and without any discrimination to any specific group. The Repurchase Price however, will not be lower than 95% of the NAV.

The Trustee reserves the right to modify/alter the load structure and may decide to charge on the Units with prospective effect, subject to the maximum limits as prescribed under the SEBI Regulations. At the time of changing the load structure, the AMC shall take the following steps:

- Arrangements shall be made to display the changes/modifications in the SID in the form of a notice in all the Mirae Asset ISCs' and distributors' offices and on the website of the AMC.
- The notice-cum-addendum detailing the changes shall be attached to SIDs and Key Information Memoranda. The addendum will be circulated to all the distributors so that the same can be attached to all SIDs and Key Information Memoranda already in stock.
- The introduction of the exit load along with the details shall be stamped in the acknowledgement slip issued to the investors on submission of the application form and may also be disclosed in the statement of accounts issued after the introduction of such load.
- A public notice shall be given in respect of such changes in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated.
- Any other measures which the mutual funds may feel necessary.

The AMC may change the load from time to time and in case of an exit/repurchase load this may be linked to the period of holding. It may be noted that any such change in the load structure shall be applicable on prospective investment only. The exit load (net off GST, if any, payable in respect of the same) shall be credited to the Scheme of the Fund.

The distributors should disclose all the commissions (in the form of trail commission or any other mode) payable to them for the different competing schemes of various mutual funds from amongst which the scheme is being recommended to the investor.

Section II

I. Introduction

A. Definitions/interpretation

Please refer the definitions/interpretation as disclosed under:
<https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure/offer-documents-data>

B. Risk factors

Standard Risk Factors:

- Investment in Mutual Fund units involves investment risks such as trading volumes, settlement risk, liquidity risk, default risk including the possible loss of principal
- As the price / value / interest rate of the securities in which the Scheme invests fluctuates, the value of your investment in the scheme can go up or down depending on various factors and forces affecting capital markets and money markets.
- Past performance of the Sponsor/ AMC/ Mutual Fund does not guarantee the future performance of the Scheme.
- The Scheme does not in any manner indicate its quality or its future prospects and returns.
- The Sponsor is not responsible or liable for any loss resulting from the operation of the Scheme beyond the initial contribution of Rs. 1.00 lakh made by it towards setting up the Mirae Asset Mutual Fund.
- The present scheme is not a guaranteed or assured return scheme.

Scheme Specific Risk Factors

Some of the specific risk factors related to the Scheme include, but are not limited to the following:

The scheme intends to invest in ETFs which are based on companies involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials. The Scheme may also invest, at the discretion of the Investment Manager, a certain portion of its corpus in the liquid/money market schemes of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund. Hence scheme specific risk factors of all such underlying schemes will be applicable. All risks associated with such schemes, including performance of their underlying stocks, derivative instruments, stock-lending, offshore investments etc., will therefore be applicable in the case of the Scheme. Investors who intend to invest in the Scheme are required to and deemed to have understood the risk factors of the underlying schemes.

The scheme may invest in the units of ETFs through the exchange on which the ETF is listed, through the Asset Management Company, or through authorized participant, market maker or any other available counter party. The price at which ETF unit is traded/transacted may be different than the NAV/iNAV of the scheme at that instant. This may result in a deviation from the performance as compared to the underlying scheme.

The scheme intends to invest in overseas equity ETFs which is denominated in foreign currency. The Investor of Mirae Asset Global Electric & Autonomous Vehicles ETFs Fund of Fund will hence be exposed to foreign currency movement. The scheme does not intend to hedge this exposure.

In certain scenarios, due to liquidity constraints in the underlying ETFs, the subscription or redemption in the underlying ETF units may be implemented over multiple days. This may result in the deviation from the performance as compared to the underlying schemes.

The scheme may invest in multiple underlying ETFs in various proportions and include more ETFs for investment on an ongoing basis based on the investment objective of the scheme. The scheme may also redeem completely from the ETFs in which investments were made. Such changes will affect the performance of the scheme. Also, in case the ETF in which scheme has made investment gets delisted/decommissioned, the scheme may also redeem its investment from such scheme or may take any other steps for the benefit of the investors

The scheme may invest in ETFs domiciled or listed in different countries due to which the relevant country and exchange specific factors may affect the performance of the scheme, including but not limited to multiple forex exposure, transaction and taxes cost and other operational related issues.

The scheme will invest in the companies which are incorporated, function and derives revenue from multiple geographies and hence their performance and their stock performances may be affected by various factors including but not limited to geo-political risk, monetary risk, custodian & settlement risk, regulatory risk market risk etc.

However, from India perspective, all applications will be processed at the applicable NAV of the FOF scheme in lines with the cut-off norms as specified by the regulatory guidelines

The Scheme investment in the underlying funds shall be subject and affected by transaction price, transaction cost and transaction timing while buying/selling the underlying scheme, foreign Exchange movement, total expense ratios, and returns from investments made in money market securities or units of money market/ liquid schemes of Mutual Fund and other charges and tax associated with management of the scheme. The scheme will adhere to the relevant tax guideline and tax applicability as per Indian and Foreign jurisdictions. The Investors should consult their tax advisors to understand the tax implication pertaining to investment in this scheme.

Risk associated with underlying ETF schemes:

Few risks associated with the underlying ETFs are mentioned below, for more details, investors are advised to refer to the risk factors mentioned in the scheme documents of the ETF where the scheme shall invest in.

- a) **Asset Class Risk:** Securities in the Underlying Index or otherwise held in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to the general securities markets, a particular securities market or other asset classes.
- b) **Authorized Participants Concentration Risk:** The Fund has a limited number of financial institutions that may act as Authorized Participants. Only Authorized Participants who have entered into agreements with the Fund's distributor may engage in creation or redemption transactions directly with the Fund. To the extent that those Authorized Participants exit the business or are unable to process creation and/or redemption orders, and no other Authorized Participant is able to step forward to create or redeem, Shares may be more likely to trade at a premium or discount to NAV, and possibly face trading halts and/or delisting from an exchange.
- c) **Concentration Risk:** To the extent that the Underlying Index concentrates in the securities of issuers in a particular industry or group of industries, the Fund will also concentrate its

investments to approximately the same extent. Similarly, if the Underlying Index has significant exposure to one or more sectors, the Fund's investments will likely have significant exposure to such sectors. In such event, the Fund's performance will be particularly susceptible to adverse events impacting such industry or sector, which may include, but are not limited to, the following: general economic conditions or cyclical market patterns that could negatively affect supply and demand; competition for resources; adverse labor relations; political or world events; obsolescence of technologies; and increased competition or new product introductions that may affect the profitability or viability of companies in a particular industry or sector. As a result, the value of the Fund's investments may rise and fall more than the value of shares of a fund that invests in securities of companies in a broader range of industries or sectors.

- d) **Cyber Security Risk:** Failures or breaches of the electronic systems of the Fund, the Adviser, and the Fund's other service providers, market makers, Authorized Participants or the issuers of securities in which the Fund invests have the ability to cause disruptions and negatively impact the Fund's business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses to the Fund and its shareholders. While the Fund has established business, continuity plans and risk management systems seeking to address system breaches or failures, there are inherent limitations in such plans and systems. Furthermore, the Fund cannot control the cyber security plans and systems of the Fund's service providers, market makers, Authorized Participants or issuers of securities in which the Fund invests.
- e) **Geographic Risk:** A natural or other disaster could occur in a country, which could affect the economy or particular business operations of companies economically tied to the concerned country, causing an adverse impact on the Fund's investments in the concerned country.
- f) **Index-Related Risk:** There is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve a high degree of correlation to the Underlying Index and therefore achieve its investment objective. Market disruptions and regulatory restrictions could have an adverse effect on the Fund's ability to adjust its exposure to the required levels in order to track the Underlying Index. Errors in index data, index computations and/or the construction of the Underlying Index in accordance with its methodology may occur from time to time and may not be identified and corrected by the Index Provider for a period of time or at all, which may have an adverse impact on the Fund and its shareholders.
- g) **Issuer Risk:** Fund performance depends on the performance of individual companies in which the Fund invests. Changes to the financial condition of any of those companies may cause the value of their securities to decline.
- h) **Large-Capitalization Companies Risk:** Large-capitalization companies may trail the returns of the overall stock market. Large-capitalization stocks tend to go through cycles of doing better - or worse - than the stock market in general. These periods have, in the past, lasted for as long as several years.
- i) **Large Shareholder Risk:** Certain shareholders, including an Authorized Participant, the Adviser or an affiliate of the Adviser, may own a substantial amount of the Fund's Shares. Additionally, from time to time an Authorized Participant, a third-party investor, the Adviser, or an affiliate of the Adviser may invest in the Fund and hold its investment for a specific period of time in order to facilitate commencement of the Fund's operations or to allow the Fund to achieve size or scale. Redemptions by large shareholders could have a significant negative impact on the Fund. If a large shareholder were to redeem all, or a large portion, of its Shares, there is no guarantee that the Fund will be able to maintain sufficient assets to continue operations in which case the Board of Trustees may determine to liquidate the Fund. In addition, transactions by large shareholders may account for a large percentage of the trading volume on a national securities exchange and may, therefore, have a material upward or downward effect on the market price of the Shares.

- j) **Listing Standards Risk:** Under continuous listing standards adopted by the Fund's listing exchange, the Fund will be required to confirm on an ongoing basis that the components of the Underlying Index satisfy the applicable listing requirements. In the event that the Underlying Index does not comply with the applicable listing requirements, the Fund would be required to rectify such non-compliance by requesting that the Index Provider modify the Underlying Index, adopting a new underlying index, or obtaining relief from the government/regulator. Failure to rectify such non-compliance may result in the Fund being delisted by the listing exchange.
- k) **Management Risk:** The Fund is subject to the risk that the Adviser's investment management strategy may cause the Fund to underperform the market or its relevant benchmark or adversely affect the ability of the Fund to achieve its investment objective.
- l) **Market Risk:** Turbulence in the financial markets and reduced liquidity may negatively affect issuers, which could have an adverse effect on the Fund. If the securities held by the Fund experience poor liquidity, the Fund may be unable to transact at advantageous times or prices, which may decrease the Fund's returns. In addition, there is a risk that policy changes by the Government, Federal Reserve, or other government actors, which could include increasing interest rates, could cause increased volatility in financial markets and lead to higher levels of Fund redemptions, which could have a negative impact on the Fund. The Fund's NAV could decline over short periods due to short-term market movements and over longer periods during market downturns.
- m) **Market Trading Risks:** Shares of the Fund are publicly traded on a national securities exchange which may subject shareholders to numerous markets trading risks, including the potential lack of an active market for Shares, losses from trading in secondary markets, periods of high volatility and disruption in the creation/redemption process of the Fund. Any of these factors may lead to the Shares trading at a premium or discount to NAV.
- n) **Mid-Capitalization Companies Risk:** Mid-capitalization companies may have greater price volatility, lower trading volume and less liquidity than large-capitalization companies. In addition, mid-capitalization companies may have smaller revenues, narrower product lines, less management depth and experience, smaller shares of their product or service markets, fewer financial resources and less competitive strength than large-capitalization companies.
- o) **Non-Diversification Risk:** The Fund is subject to the risk that it may be more volatile than a diversified fund because the Fund may invest its assets in a smaller number of issuers or may invest a larger proportion of its assets in a single issuer. As a result, the gains and losses on a single investment may have a greater impact on the Fund's NAV and may make the Fund more volatile than more diversified funds.
- p) **Operational Risk:** The Fund is exposed to operational risk arising from a number of factors, including but not limited to human error, processing and communication errors, errors of the Fund's service providers, counterparties or other third-parties, failed or inadequate processes and technology or systems failures. The Fund and the Adviser seek to reduce these operational risks through controls and procedures. However, these measures do not address every possible risk and may be inadequate for those risks that they are intended to address.
- q) **Passive Investment Risk:** The Fund is not actively managed, and the Adviser does not attempt to take defensive positions in declining markets. Unlike many investment companies, the Fund does not seek to outperform its Underlying Index. Therefore, it would not necessarily buy or sell a security unless that security is added or removed, respectively, from the Underlying Index, even if that security generally is underperforming. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.
- r) **Premium/Discount Risk:** Disruptions to creations and redemptions, the existence of extreme market volatility or potential lack of an active trading market for Shares may result in Shares

trading at a significant premium or discount to NAV. If a shareholder purchases Shares at a time when the market price is at a premium to the NAV or sells Shares at a time when the market price is at a discount to the NAV, the shareholder may sustain losses.

- s) **Risk of Investing in Developed Markets:** The Fund's investment in a developed country issuer may subject the Fund to regulatory, political, currency, security, economic and other risks associated with developed countries. Developed countries tend to represent a significant portion of the global economy and have generally experienced slower economic growth than some less developed countries. Certain developed countries have experienced security concerns, such as terrorism and strained international relations. Incidents involving a country's or region's security may cause uncertainty in its markets and may adversely affect its economy and the Fund's investments. In addition, developed countries may be impacted by changes to the economic conditions of certain key trading partners, regulatory burdens, debt burdens and the price or availability of certain commodities.
- t) **Risks Related to Investing in Equity Securities:** Equity securities are subject to changes in value, and their values may be more volatile than other asset classes, as a result of such factors as a company's business performance, investor perceptions, stock market trends and general economic conditions.
- u) **Tracking Error Risk:** Tracking error is the divergence of the Fund's performance from that of the Underlying Index. Tracking error may occur because of differences between the securities and other instruments held in the Fund's portfolio and those included in the Underlying Index, pricing differences (including differences between a security's price at the local market close and the Fund's valuation of a security at the time of calculation of the Fund's NAV), differences in transaction costs, the Fund's holding of un-invested cash, differences in timing of the accrual of or the valuation of dividends or interest, tax gains or losses, changes to the Underlying Index or the costs to the Fund of complying with various new or existing regulatory requirements. This risk may be heightened during times of increased market volatility or other unusual market conditions. Tracking error also may result because the Fund incurs fees and expenses, while the Underlying Index does not.
- v) **Trading Halt Risk:** An exchange or market may close or issue trading halts on specific securities, or the ability to buy or sell certain securities or financial instruments may be restricted, which may result in the Fund being unable to buy or sell certain securities or financial instruments. In such circumstances, the Fund may be unable to rebalance its portfolio, may be unable to accurately price its investments and/or may incur substantial trading losses.
- w) **Valuation Risk:** The sales price the Fund could receive for a security may differ from the Fund's valuation of the security and may differ from the value used by the Underlying Index, particularly for securities that trade in low value or volatile markets or that are valued using a fair value methodology. The value of the securities in the Fund's portfolio may change on days when shareholders will not be able to purchase or sell the Fund's Shares
- x) **Risks associated with equity markets:** The value of the underlying scheme(s) will be affected by economic, political, market, exchange and issuer specific changes in the concerned countries. Such changes may adversely affect securities, regardless of company specific performance. Additionally, different sectors and securities can react differently to these changes. Such fluctuations of the underlying scheme(s)'s value is often exacerbated in the short term as well. The risk that one or more companies in the underlying scheme(s)'s portfolio will fall, or fail to rise, can adversely affect the overall performance of the Scheme in any given period.
- y) **Country Risk:** Country risk arises from the inability of a country to meet its financial obligations. It is the risk encompassing economic, social and political conditions in a foreign country which might adversely affect the interests of the Scheme.

- z) Derivatives – General: The scheme may use derivatives to hedge market and currency risk, and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management. The use of derivatives may expose the scheme to a higher degree of risk. In particular, derivative contracts can be highly volatile, and the amount of initial margin is generally small relative to the size of the contract so that transactions are geared. A relatively small market movement may have a potentially larger impact on derivatives than on standard bonds or equities.

Risks Associated with Overseas Investments

Subject to necessary approvals, in terms of all applicable guidelines issued by SEBI and RBI from time to time and within the investment objectives of the Scheme, the Scheme shall invest in overseas markets and securities which carry a risk on account of fluctuations in the foreign exchange rates, nature of securities market of the country concerned, repatriation of capital due to exchange controls and political circumstances.

Currency Risk: Mirae Asset Global Electric & Autonomous Vehicles ETFs Fund of Fund and other similar overseas mutual fund schemes are subject to currency risk. Returns to investors are the result of a combination of returns from investments and from movements in exchange rates. For example, if the Rupee appreciates vis-à-vis the US\$, the extent of appreciation will lead to reduction in the return to the investor. However, if the Rupee appreciates against the US Dollar by an amount in excess of the returns earned on the investment, the returns can even be negative. Again, in case the Rupee depreciates vis-à-vis the US\$, the extent of depreciation will lead to a corresponding increase in the return to the investor. Going forward, the Rupee may depreciate (lose value) or appreciate (increase value) against the currencies of the countries where the Scheme will invest.

Risks Associated with Debt & Money Market Instruments

- **Price-Risk or Interest-Rate Risk:** Fixed income securities such as bonds, debentures and money market instruments run price-risk or interest-rate risk. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of existing fixed income securities fall and when interest rates drop, such prices increase. The extent of fall or rise in the prices is a function of the existing coupon, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in the level of interest rates.
- **Credit Risk:** In simple terms this risk means that the issuer of a debenture/ bond or a money market instrument may default on interest payment or even in paying back the principal amount on maturity. Even where no default occurs, the price of a security may go down because the credit rating of an issuer goes down. It must, however, be noted that where the Scheme has invested in Government securities, there is no credit risk to that extent.
- **Liquidity or Marketability Risk:** This refers to the ease with which a security can be sold at or near to its valuation yield-to-maturity (YTM). The primary measure of liquidity risk is the spread between the bid price and the offer price quoted by a dealer. Liquidity risk is today characteristic of the Indian fixed income market.
- **Reinvestment Risk:** Investments in fixed income securities may carry reinvestment risk as interest rates prevailing on the interest or maturity due dates may differ from the original coupon of the bond. Consequently, the proceeds may get invested at a lower rate.
- **Pre-payment Risk:** Certain fixed income securities give an issuer the right to call back its securities before their maturity date, in periods of declining interest rates. The possibility of such prepayment

may force the fund to reinvest the proceeds of such investments in securities offering lower yields, resulting in lower interest income for the fund.

- **Spread Risk:** In a floating rate security the coupon is expressed in terms of a spread or mark up over the benchmark rate. In the life of the security this spread may move adversely leading to loss in value of the portfolio. The yield of the underlying benchmark might not change, but the spread of the security over the underlying benchmark might increase leading to loss in value of the security.
- **Concentration Risk:** The Scheme portfolio may have higher exposure to a single sector, subject to maximum of 20% of net assets, depending upon availability of issuances in the market at the time of investment, resulting in higher concentration risk. Any change in government policy / businesses environment relevant to the sector may have an adverse impact on the portfolio.
- **Different types of securities** in which the scheme would invest as given in the SID carry different levels and types of risk. Accordingly, the scheme's risk may increase or decrease depending upon its investment pattern. E.g. corporate bonds carry a higher amount of risk than Government securities. Further even among corporate bonds, bonds, which are AA rated, are comparatively riskier than bonds, which are AAA rated.

Risks associated with segregated portfolio

- 1) Investor holding units of segregated portfolio may not be able to liquidate their holding till the time recovery of money from the issuer.
- 2) Security comprises of segregated portfolio may not realise any value.
- 3) Listing of units of segregated portfolio in recognised stock exchange does not necessarily guarantee their liquidity. There may not be active trading of units in the stock market. Further trading price of units on the stock market may be significantly lower than the prevailing NAV.

Risk Associated with Securitized Debt

The Scheme may invest in domestic securitized debt such as Asset Backed Securities (ABS) or Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS). ABS are securitized debts where the underlying assets are receivables arising from various loans including automobile loans, personal loans, loans against consumer durables, etc. MBS are securitized debts where the underlying assets are receivables arising from loans backed by mortgage of residential/ commercial properties. ABS/MBS instruments reflect the undivided interest in the underlying pool of assets and do not represent the obligation of the issuer of ABS/MBS or the originator of the underlying receivables. The ABS/MBS holders have a limited recourse to the extent of credit enhancement provided. If the delinquencies and credit losses in the underlying pool exceed the credit enhancement provided, ABS/MBS holders will suffer credit losses. ABS/MBS are also normally exposed to a higher level of reinvestment risk as compared to the normal corporate or sovereign debt.

At present in Indian market, following types of loans are securitized:

1. Auto Loans (cars / commercial Vehicles / two wheelers)
2. Residential Mortgages or Housing Loans
3. Consumer Durable Loans
4. Personal Loans
5. Corporate Loans

In terms of specific risks attached to securitization, each asset class would have different underlying risks. Residential Mortgages generally have lower default rates than other asset classes, but repossession becomes difficult. On the other hand, repossession and subsequent recovery of commercial Vehicles and other auto assets is fairly easier and better compared to mortgages. Asset classes like personal loans, credit card receivables are unsecured and in an economic downturn may witness higher default. A corporate loan/ receivable, depend upon the nature of the underlying security for the loan or the nature of the receivable and the risks correspondingly fluctuate.

The rating agencies define margins, over collateralisation and guarantees to bring risk in line with similar AAA rated securities. The factors typically analyzed for any pool are as follows:

a. Assets securitized and Size of the loan: This indicates the kind of assets financed with the loan and the average ticket size of the loan. A very low ticket size might mean more costs in originating and servicing of the assets.

b. Diversification: Diversification across geographical boundaries and ticket sizes might result in lower delinquency

c. Loan to Value Ratio: Indicates how much % value of the asset is financed by borrower's own equity. The lower this value the better it is. This suggests that where the borrowers own contribution of the asset cost is high; the chances of default are lower.

d. Average seasoning of the pool: This indicates whether borrowers have already displayed repayment discipline. The higher the number, the more superior it is. The other main risks pertaining to Securitised debt are as follows:

Prepayment Risk: This arises when the borrower pays off the loan sooner than expected. When interest rates decline, borrowers tend to pay off high interest loans with money borrowed at a lower interest rate, which shortens the average maturity of ABSs. However, there is some prepayment risk even if interest rates rise, such as when an owner pays off a mortgage when the house is sold or an auto loan is paid off when the car is sold.

Reinvestment Risk: Since prepayment risk increases when interest rates decline, this also introduces reinvestment risk, which is the risk that the principal can only be reinvested at a lower rate.

Risk Associated with structured obligations and credit enhancement

The Scheme may invest in domestic structured obligations such as corporate / promoter guarantee: Securities which have a structure with a guarantee from the corporate / promoter, may see an adverse effect if there are any signs of stress at the promoter / group level, even though the standalone borrowing entity's debt servicing capability and repayments may not see any material impact, from a future cash flow perspective.

Where equity shares are provided as collateral there is the risk of sharp price volatility of underlying securities which may lead to erosion in value of collateral which may affect the ability of the fund to enforce collateral and recover capital and interest obligations. Also there is a possibility of guarantor going insolvent which also can impact the recovery value of exposure. In case of credit enhanced structures backed by equity share the liquidity of the underlying shares may be low leading to a lower recovery and a higher impact cost of liquidation. In case of other assets provided recovery value and enforce ability of asset can also be a risk factor which can lower the recovery value.

Risk factors associated with debt instruments having special features

- The scheme may invest in certain debt instruments with special features which may be subordinated to equity and thereby such instruments may absorb losses before equity capital. The instrument is also convertible to equity upon trigger of a pre-specified event for loss absorption as may be decided by the RBI.
 - The debt instruments with special features are considered as Non-Convertible Debentures, may be treated as debt instruments until converted to equity.
 - The instruments are subject to features that grant issuer a discretion in terms of writing down the principal/coupon, to skip coupon payments, to make an early recall etc. Thus debt instruments with special features are subject to “Coupon discretion”, “Loss Absorbency”, “Write down on Point of Non-viability trigger(PONV) event” and other events as more particularly described as per the term sheet of the underlying instruments.
 - The instrument is also subject to Liquidity Risk pertaining to how saleable a security is in the market. The particular security may not have a market at the time of sale due to uncertain/insufficient liquidity in the secondary market, then the scheme may have to bear an impact depending on its exposure to that particular security.
- **RISK MITIGATION MEASURES**

Risk Associated With Underlying Schemes

- **Liquidity Risk on account of investments in international funds:** The investments are made in international funds, which provide daily liquidity. However there exists a possibility that different settlement cycles and foreign exchange conversion could lead to delay in receipt of redemption proceeds. To mitigate this risk, daily cash management monitoring is performed by the Risk team by taking into consideration future cash flows on account of redemptions as well as subscriptions into/from the domestic fund. The endeavor is to maintain an adequate liquidity cushion in Indian Rupee terms by making investments in very short term money market instruments and/or liquid schemes in India.
- **Expense Risks associated with investments in international funds:** Any increase in the expense structure of the international funds is not expected to have any impact as the aggregate of expenses incurred by the Indian Fund-of-Funds scheme and the underlying international funds is subject to limits prescribed by SEBI.
- **Portfolio Disclosure Risks associated with investments in international funds:** Full portfolio disclosure may not be available at the end of each month. Full portfolio holdings can be obtained from underlying international funds on a quarterly basis.
- **Investment Policy and/or fundamental attribute change risks associated with investments in International funds:** Investments are made in overseas equity ETFs, however there exists possibility that there is a change in the fundamental attributes of the underlying ETF. In such circumstances, the AMC, may take action to safeguard the interest of the unit holders within the purview of the SEBI guidelines
- **Risks associated with investments in overseas equity ETFs – special risk consideration related to international fund:** To the extent of the investments in overseas equity ETFs, the

risks of such underlying ETFs will exist. The investors should note that these risks cannot be defeased as this fund is managed by other asset management companies.

Risks Associated with Debt & Money Market Instruments

Credit Risk - The fund has a rigorous credit research process. There is a regulatory and internal cap on exposure to each issuer. This ensures a diversified portfolio and reduced credit risk in the portfolio.

While these measures are expected to mitigate the above risks to a large extent, there can be no assurance that these risks would be completely eliminated.

Risks Associated with Repo in Corporate Debt

1) Illiquidity Risk

The repo market for corporate debt securities is over the counter (OTC) and illiquid. Hence, repo obligations cannot be easily sold to other parties. Therefore, to mitigate such risks, it has been stipulated that gross exposure to Repo in corporate bonds would be limited to 10% of net assets of the concerned scheme. Further, the tenor of repo would be taken based on nature and unit holders' pattern of the scheme.

2) Counter-party risk

Credit risk would arise if the counter-party fails to repurchase the security as contracted or if counterparty fails to return the security or interest received on due date. To mitigate such risks, the schemes shall carry out repo transactions with only those counterparties, which has a credit rating of 'A1+' or 'AA and above'. In case of lending of funds as a repo buyer, minimum haircuts on the value of the collateral security have been stipulated, and we would receive the collateral security in the scheme's account before the money is lent to the counter-party. Overall, we would have a limited number of counter-parties, primarily comprising of Mutual Funds, Scheduled Commercial banks, Financial Institutions and Primary dealers. Similarly, in the event of the scheme being unable to pay back the money to the counterparty as contracted, the counter-party may hurriedly dispose of the assets (as they have sufficient margin) and the net proceeds may be refunded to the Scheme. Thus, the Scheme may suffer losses in such cases. Sufficient funds flow management systems are in place to mitigate such risks.

3) Collateral Risk (as a repo buyer)

Collateral risks arise due to fall in the value of the security (change in credit rating and/or interest rates) against which the money has been lent under the repo arrangement. To mitigate such risks, we have stipulated the minimum credit rating of the issuer of collateral security. ('AA' for long-term instruments/A1+ for money market instruments), maximum duration of the collateral security (10 years) and minimum haircuts on the value of the security.

Risks associated with investing in Tri-Party Repo through CCIL (TREPS)

The mutual fund is a member of securities segment and Tri-party Repo trade settlement of the Clearing Corporation of India (CCIL). All transactions of the mutual fund in government securities and in Triparty Repo trades are settled centrally through the infrastructure and settlement systems provided by CCIL; thus reducing the settlement and counterparty risks considerably for transactions

in the said segments. CCIL maintains prefunded resources in all the clearing segments to cover potential losses arising from the default member. In the event of a clearing member failing to honour his settlement obligations, the default Fund is utilized to complete the settlement. The sequence in which the above resources are used is known as the “Default Waterfall”. As per the waterfall mechanism, after the defaulter’s margins and the defaulter’s contribution to the default fund have been appropriated, CCIL’s contribution is used to meet the losses. Post utilization of CCIL’s contribution if there is a residual loss, it is appropriated from the default fund contributions of the non-defaulting members. Thus the scheme is subject to risk of the initial margin and default fund contribution being invoked in the event of failure of any settlement obligations. In addition, the fund contribution is allowed to be used to meet the residual loss in case of default by the other clearing member (the defaulting member). However, it may be noted that a member shall have the right to submit resignation from the membership of the Security segment if it has taken a loss through replenishment of its contribution to the default fund for the segments and a loss threshold as notified have been reached. The maximum contribution of a member towards replenishment of its contribution to the default fund in the 7 days (30 days in case of securities segment) period immediately after the afore-mentioned loss threshold having been reached shall not exceed 5 times of its contribution to the Default Fund based on the last re-computation of the Default Fund or specified amount, whichever is lower. Further, it may be noted that, CCIL periodically prescribes a list of securities eligible for contributions as collateral by members. Presently, all Central Government securities and Treasury bills are accepted as collateral by CCIL. The risk factors may undergo change in case the CCIL notifies securities other than Government of India securities as eligible for contribution as collateral.

II. Information about the scheme:

A. Where will the scheme invest

The investment objective of the scheme is to provide long-term capital appreciation from a portfolio investing in units of overseas equity ETFs which are based on companies involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials. There is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be realized.

“Related technology, components and materials” implies companies that produce electric, hybrid and autonomous vehicle components which are used in building of the vehicle, including batteries, fuel cells, car components, communication equipment, Electronic Components, software, communication services, semiconductor, electrical and power equipment’s, chemicals, raw materials including metal mining and products (for example lithium, cobalt etc.), sensors, mapping, artificial intelligence, Advanced Driver Assistance Systems, ride-share platforms and network-connected services for transportation.

The scheme may invest in multiple ETFs which are listed in different countries and track companies from different geographies.

Debt & Money Market Instruments:

The Scheme will invest in debt and money market instruments. It retains the flexibility to invest across all the securities in the debt and money markets.

Debt securities and Money Market Instruments will include but will not be limited to:

- a. Securities created and issued by the Central and State Governments as may be permitted by RBI (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills).
- b. Securities guaranteed by the Central and State Governments (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills).
- c. Debt securities of domestic Government agencies and statutory bodies, which may or may not carry a Central/State Government guarantee.
- d. Corporate debt (of both public and private sector undertakings).
- e. “money market instruments” which includes commercial papers, commercial bills, treasury bills, Government securities having an unexpired maturity up to one year, call or notice money, certificate of deposit, usance bills, and any other like instruments as specified by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time; subject to regulatory approvals where applicable.
- e. Certificate of Deposits (CDs).
- f. Commercial Paper (CPs). A part of the net assets may be invested in the Tri-party repo or in an alternative investment as may be provided by RBI to meet the liquidity requirements.
- g. The non-convertible part of convertible securities.
- h. Any other domestic fixed income securities as permitted by SEBI / RBI from time to time.
- i. Any other instruments/securities, which in the opinion of the fund manager would suit the investment objective of the scheme subject to compliance with extant Regulations.

The Investment Manager will invest only in those debt securities that are rated investment grade by a domestic credit rating agency authorized to carry out such activity, such as CRISIL, ICRA, CARE, FITCH, etc. The securities may be acquired through Initial Public Offerings (IPOs), secondary market operations, private placement, rights offer or negotiated deals.

The Scheme shall not enter into any repurchase and reverse repurchase obligations in all securities held by it. The scheme does not intend to invest into any credit default swaps.

The Scheme may invest in other schemes managed by the AMC or in the schemes of any other mutual funds, provided it is in conformity with the investment objectives of the Scheme and in terms of the prevailing SEBI (MF) Regulations.

Securitized Assets: Securitization is a structured finance process which involves pooling and repackaging of cashflow producing financial assets into securities that are then sold to investors. They are termed as Asset Backed Securities (ABS) or Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS). ABS are backed by other assets such as credit card, automobile or consumer loan receivables, retail installment loans or participations in pools of leases. Credit support for these securities may be based on the underlying assets and/or provided through credit enhancements by a third party. MBS is an asset backed security whose cash flows are backed by the principal and interest payments of a set of mortgage loans. Such Mortgage could be either residential or commercial properties. ABS/MBS instrument reflect the undivided interest in the underlying assets and do not represent the obligation of the issuer of ABS/MBS or the originator of underlying receivables. Securitization often utilizes the services of SPV.

The following are certain additional disclosures w.r.t. investment in securitized debt:

1. How the risk profile of securitized debt fits into the risk appetite of the scheme

Securitized debt is a form of conversion of normally non-tradable loans to transferable securities. This is done by assigning the loans to a special purpose vehicle (a trust), which in turn issues Pass-Through-Certificates (PTCs). These PTCs are transferable securities with fixed income characteristics. The risk of investing in securitized debt is similar to investing in debt securities. However it differs in two respects.

Typically the liquidity of securitized debt is less than similar debt securities. For certain types of securitized debt (backed by mortgages, personal loans, credit card debt, etc.), there is an additional pre-payment risk. Pre-payment risk refers to the possibility that loans are repaid before they are due, which may reduce returns if the re-investment rates are lower than initially envisaged.

Because of these additional risks, securitized debt typically offers higher yields than debt securities of similar credit rating and maturity. If the fund manager judges that the additional risks are suitably compensated by the higher returns, he may invest in securitized debt up to the limits specified in the asset allocation table above.

2. Policy relating to originators based on nature of originator, track record, NPAs, losses in earlier securitized debt, etc.

The originator is the person who has initially given the loan. The originator is also usually responsible for servicing the loan (i.e. collecting the interest and principal payments). An analysis of the originator is especially important in case of retail loans as this affects the credit quality and servicing of the PTC. The key risk is that of the underlying assets and not of the originator. For example, losses or performance of earlier issuances does not indicate quality of current series. However such past performance may be used as a guide to evaluate the loan standards, servicing capability and performance of the originator.

Originators may be: Banks, Non-Banking Finance Companies, Housing Finance Companies, etc. The fund manager / credit analyst evaluates originators based on the following parameters

- Track record
- Willingness to pay, through credit enhancement facilities etc.
- Ability to pay
- Business risk assessment, wherein following factors are considered:

- Outlook for the economy (domestic and global)
- Outlook for the industry
- Company specific factors

In addition a detailed review and assessment of rating rationale is done including interactions with the originator as well as the credit rating agency.

The following additional evaluation parameters are used as applicable for the originator / underlying issuer for pool loan and single loan securitization transactions:

- Default track record/ frequent alteration of redemption conditions / covenants

- High leverage ratios of the ultimate borrower (for single-sell downs) – both on a standalone basis as well on a consolidated level/ group level
- Higher proportion of re-schedulement of underlying assets of the pool or loan, as the case may be
- Higher proportion of overdue assets of the pool or the underlying loan, as the case may be
- Poor reputation in market
- Insufficient track record of servicing of the pool or the loan, as the case may be.

3. Risk mitigation strategies for investments with each kind of originator

An analysis of the originator is especially important in case of retail loans as the size and reach affects the credit quality and servicing of the PTC. In addition, the quality of the collection process, infrastructure and follow-up mechanism; quality of MIS; and credit enhancement mechanism are key risk mitigants for the better originators / servicers.

In case of securitization involving single loans or a small pool of loans, the credit risk of the underlying borrower is analyzed. In case of diversified pools of loans, the overall characteristic of the loans is analyzed to determine the credit risk. The credit analyst looks at ageing (i.e. how long the loan has been with the originator before securitization) as one way of evaluating the performance potential of the PTC. Securitization transactions may include some risk mitigants (to reduce credit risk). These may include interest subvention (difference in interest rates on the underlying loans and the PTC serving as margin against defaults), overcollateralization (issue of PTCs of lesser value than the underlying loans, thus even if some loans default, the PTC continues to remain protected), presence of an equity / subordinate tranche (issue of PTCs of differing seniority when it comes to repayment - the senior tranches get paid before the junior tranche) and / or guarantees.

4. The level of diversification with respect to the underlying assets, and risk mitigation measures for less diversified investments

In case of securitization involving single loans or a small pool of loans, the credit risk of the borrower is analyzed. In case of diversified pools of loans, the overall characteristic of the loans is analyzed to determine the credit risk.

The credit analyst looks at ageing (i.e. how long the loan has been with the originator before securitization) as one way of judging the performance potential of the PTC. Additional risk mitigants may include interest subvention, over collateralization, presence of an equity / subordinate tranche and / or guarantees. The credit analyst also uses analyses by credit rating agencies on the risk profile of the securitized debt.

Currently, the following parameters are used while evaluating investment decision relating to a pool securitization transaction. The Investment Review Committee may revise the parameters from time to time.

Characteristics/Type of Pool	Mortgage Loan	Commercial Vehicle and Construction Equipment	CAR	2 wheelers	Micro Finance Pools*	Personal Loans*	Single Sell Downs	Others
Approximate Average maturity (in Months)	Up to 10 years	Up to 3 years	Up to 3 years	Up to 3 years	NA	NA	Refer Note 1	Refer Note 2

Characteristics/Type of Pool	Mortgage Loan	Commercial Vehicle and Construction Equipment	CAR	2 wheelers	Micro Finance Pools*	Personal Loans*	Single Sell Downs	Others
Collateral margin (including cash, guarantees, excess interest spread, subordinate tranche)	>10%	>10%	>10%	>10%	NA	NA	“	“
Average Loan to Value Ratio	<90%	<80%	<80%	<80%	NA	NA	“	“
Average seasoning of the Pool	>3 months	>3 months	>3 months	>3 months	NA	NA	“	“
Maximum single exposure range	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	NA	NA	“	“
Average single exposure range %	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	NA	NA	“	“

* Currently, the Scheme will not invest in these types of securitized debt

Note 1: In case of securitization involving single loans or a small pool of loans, the credit risk of the borrower is analyzed. The investment limits applicable to the underlying borrower are applied to the single loan sell-down.

2: Other investments will be decided on a case-to-case basis

The credit analyst may consider the following risk mitigating measures in his analysis of the securitized debt:

- Size of the loan
- Average original maturity of the pool
- Loan to Value Ratio
- Average seasoning of the pool
- Default rate distribution
- Geographical Distribution
- Credit enhancement facility
- Liquid facility
- Structure of the pool

5. Minimum retention period of the debt by originator prior to securitization

Issuance of securitized debt is governed by the Reserve Bank of India. RBI norms cover the "true sale" criteria including credit enhancement and liquidity enhancements. In addition, RBI has proposed minimum holding period of between nine and twelve months for assets before they can be securitized. The minimum holding period depends on the tenor of the securitization transaction. The Fund will invest in securitized debts that are compliant with the laws and regulations.

6. Minimum retention percentage by originator of debts to be securitized

Issuance of securitized debt is governed by the Reserve Bank of India. RBI norms cover the "true sale" criteria including credit enhancement and liquidity enhancements, including maximum exposure by the originator in the PTCs. In addition, RBI has proposed minimum retention requirement of between five and ten percent of the book value of the loans by the originator. The minimum retention requirement depends on the tenor and structure of the securitization transaction. The Fund will invest in securitized debt that are compliant with the laws and regulations.

7. The mechanism to tackle conflict of interest when the mutual fund invests in securitized debt of an originator and the originator in turn makes investments in that particular scheme of the fund

The key risk is securitized debt relates to the underlying borrowers and not the originator. In a securitization transaction, the originator is the seller of the debt(s) and the fund is the buyer. However, the originator is also usually responsible for servicing the loan (i.e. collecting the interest and principal payments). As the originators may also invest in the scheme, the fund manager shall ensure that the investment decision is based on parameters as set by the Investment Review Committee (IRC) of the Asset Management Company and IRC shall review the same at regular interval.

8. The resources and mechanism of individual risk assessment with the AMC for monitoring investment in securitized debt

The fund management team including the credit analyst has the experience to analyze securitized debt. In addition, credit research agencies provide analysis of individual instruments and pools. On an ongoing basis (typically monthly) the servicer provides reports regarding the performance of the pool. These reports would form the base for ongoing evaluation where applicable. In addition, rating reports indicating rating changes would be monitored for changes in rating agency opinion of the credit risk.

The Scheme may invest in other schemes managed by the AMC or in the schemes of any other mutual funds, provided it is in conformity with the investment objectives of the Scheme and in terms of the prevailing SEBI (MF) Regulations. As per the SEBI (MF) Regulations, no investment management fees will be charged for such investments and the aggregate inter scheme investment made by all the schemes of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund or in the schemes of other mutual funds shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the Mirae Asset Mutual Fund.

Investment in debt securities will usually be in instruments, which have been assessed as "high investment grade" by at least one credit rating agency authorized to carry out such activity under the applicable regulations. Pursuant to clause 12.12 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023, the AMC may constitute committee(s) to approve proposals for investments in unrated debt instruments.

The AMC Board and the Trustee shall approve the detailed parameters for such investments.

Overview of Debt Markets in India

Indian fixed income market, one of the largest and most developed in South Asia, is well integrated with the global financial markets. Screen based order matching system developed by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) for trading in government securities, straight through settlement system for the same, settlements guaranteed by the Clearing Corporation of India and innovative instruments like TREPS have contributed in reducing the settlement risk and increasing the confidence level of the market participants.

The RBI reviews the monetary policy six times a year giving the guidance to the market on direction of interest rate movement, liquidity and credit expansion. The central bank has been operating as an independent authority, formulating the policies to maintain price stability and adequate liquidity. Bonds are traded in dematerialized form. Credit rating agencies have been playing an important role in the market and are an important source of information to manage the credit risk.

Government (Central and State) is the largest issuer of debt in the market. Public sector enterprises, quasi government bodies and private sector companies are other issuers. Insurance companies, provident funds, banks, mutual funds, financial institutions, corporates and FPIs are major investors in the market. Government loans are available up to 40 years maturity. Variety of instruments available for investments including plain vanilla bonds, floating rate bonds, money market instruments, structured obligations and interest rate derivatives make it possible to manage the interest rate risk effectively.

Indicative levels of the instruments as on May 31, 2024 are as follows:

Instrument	Maturity	Tenure	Yield	Liquidity
TREPS / Repo	Short	Overnight	6.76	Very High
CP / CD / T Bills	Short	3 months CP*	7.65	High
		3 months CD	7.15	
		1 Year CP*	8.12	
		1 Year CD	7.71	
Central Government securities	Low to High	10 years	6.98	Medium

Source: Bloomberg *Data is for NBFC.

B. What are the investment restrictions?

The following investment limitations and other restrictions, inter-alia, as contained in the Trust Deed and the Regulations apply to the Scheme:

- Pending deployment of funds of a scheme in securities in terms of investment objectives of the scheme a mutual fund can invest the funds of the scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks. The investment in these deposits shall be in accordance with clause 12.16 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023.
- The mutual fund shall not borrow except to meet temporary liquidity needs of the mutual funds for the purpose of repurchase, redemption of units or payment of interest or dividend to the

unitholders. Provided that the mutual fund shall not borrow more than 20 per cent of the net asset of the scheme and the duration of such a borrowing shall not exceed a period of six months.

- As per Clause 12.2 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023 the below mentioned limits shall apply for instruments with special features:
 1. The Fund under all its schemes shall own more than 10% of such instruments issued by a single issuer.
 2. The scheme shall not invest:
 - i. more than 10% of its NAV of the debt portfolio of the scheme in such instruments; and
 - ii. more than 5% of its NAV of the debt portfolio of the scheme in such instruments issued by a single issuer.
- Inter scheme transfers of investments from one scheme to another scheme in the same Mutual Fund shall be allowed only if such transfers are done at the prevailing market price for quoted instruments on spot basis. Explanation -“Spot basis” shall have same meaning as specified by stock exchange for spot transactions. The securities so transferred shall be in conformity with the investment objective of the scheme to which such transfer has been made.

Pursuant to Clause 12.30 of SEBI Master Circular SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, ISTs may be allowed in the following scenarios:

- i. for meeting liquidity requirement in a scheme in case of unanticipated redemption pressure
- ii. for Duration/ Issuer/ Sector/ Group rebalancing

No IST of a security shall be done, if there is negative news or rumors in the mainstream media or an alert is generated about the security, based on internal credit risk assessment. The Scheme shall comply with the guidelines for inter-scheme transfers as specified under clause 12.30 of SEBI Master Circular SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023.

- The Scheme shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers (CPs), other than (a) government securities, (b) other money market instruments and (c) derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc.

However, the scheme may invest in unlisted Non-Convertible debentures (NCDs) not exceeding 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme subject to the condition that such unlisted NCDs have a simple structure (i.e. with fixed and uniform coupon, fixed maturity period, without any options, fully paid up upfront, without any credit enhancements or structured obligations) and are rated and secured with coupon payment frequency on monthly basis.

According to the Asset Allocation of the Scheme, the indicative allocation of the Scheme to Debt and Money market instruments shall be in the range of 0% to 5% of the net assets of the Scheme.

- The Scheme shall get the securities purchased or transferred in the name of the mutual fund on account of the concerned scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of long-term nature.
- The Scheme shall not make any investment in: a) Any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the Sponsor; or b) Any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the sponsor; or c) The listed securities of group companies of the Sponsor which is in excess of 25% of the net assets.

- The scheme shall not make any investment in any fund of funds scheme.
- The Mutual Fund having an aggregate of securities which are worth Rs.10 crores or more, as on the latest balance sheet date, shall subject to such instructions as may be issued from time to time by SEBI, settle their transactions entered on or after January 15, 1998 only through dematerialized securities. Further, all transactions in government securities shall be in dematerialized form.
- The Mutual Fund shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relative securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities and shall in no case put itself in a position whereby it has to make short sale or carry forward transactions or engage in badla finance :

The mutual fund shall not engage in short selling of securities, securities lending and borrowing. Provided further that sale of government security already contracted for purchase shall be permitted in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India in this regard.

- The Scheme shall not invest in derivative instruments.

As per clause 12.16 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023 on investments in Short Term Deposits (STDs) of Scheduled Commercial Banks:

- Total investment of the Scheme in Short term deposit(s) of all the Scheduled Commercial Banks put together shall not exceed 15% of the net assets. However, this limit can be raised upto 20% of the net assets with prior approval of the trustees. Further, investments in Short Term Deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.
- “Short Term” for parking of funds by Mutual Funds shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days
- The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), of any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
- The Scheme shall not invest in short term deposit of a bank which has invested in that Scheme. AMC shall also ensure that the bank in which a scheme has Short term deposit do not invest in the said scheme until the scheme has Short term deposit with such bank.
- Asset Management Company (AMC) shall not be permitted to charge any investment management and advisory fees for parking of funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.
- The investments in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks will be reported to the Trustees along with the reasons for the investment which, inter-alia, would include comparison with the interest rates offered by other scheduled commercial banks. Further, AMC shall ensure that the reasons for such investments are recorded in the manner prescribed in clause 12.23 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023.
- The Scheme will comply with SEBI regulations and any other regulations applicable to the investments of Funds from time to time. The Trustee may alter the above restrictions from time to

time to the extent that changes in the regulations may allow. All investment restrictions shall be applicable at the time of making investment.

- In accordance with Clause 12.16 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023, the aforesaid limits shall not be applicable to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and derivatives market.

Participation in Repo in Corporate Debt

In accordance with Clause 12.18 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023 on 'Participation of mutual funds in repo in corporate debt securities', Mirae Asset Mutual Fund shall participate in repo transactions in Corporate Debt Securities within the following overall framework, as per the guidelines of Securities and Exchange Board of India and Boards of Mirae Asset Trustee Co. Pvt. Ltd. & Mirae Asset Investment Managers (India) Pvt. Ltd.

(A) Gross Exposure Norms

- (i) The gross exposure of the scheme to 'corporate bonds repo transactions' shall not be more than 10% of the net assets of the concerned scheme.
- (ii) The cumulative gross exposure through repo transactions in corporate debt, equity, debt and derivative positions should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the Scheme. However, cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days shall be treated as not creating any exposure.
- (iii) In addition to investment restrictions specified in SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, the counter-party exposure in a scheme, considering the investments held in the debt securities and value of collaterals held through repo transactions (as a lender), shall not be more than 10% of the Net Assets of the Scheme.

(B) Category of the counter-party to be considered for making investment

Eligible Counterparties: In accordance with the RBI Circular No. RBI/2009- 10/284 idmd.dod.05/11.08.38/2009- 10 dated January 8, 2010, the following categories of entities shall be deemed to be the eligible counterparties to undertake repo transactions in corporate debt securities, provided, they form part of the Fixed Income Investment Universe of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund, and subject to execution of master repo agreement:

- i) Any scheduled commercial bank excluding RRBs and LABs;
- ii) Any Primary Dealer authorized by the Reserve Bank of India;
- iii) Any non-banking financial company registered with the Reserve Bank of India (other than Government companies as defined in section 617 of the Companies Act, 1956);
- iv) All-India Financial Institutions, namely, Exim Bank, NABARD, NHB and SIDBI;
- v) Other regulated entities, subject to the approval of the regulators concerned, viz.,
 - (1) Any mutual fund registered with the Securities and Exchange Board of India;
 - (2) Any housing finance company registered with the National Housing Bank; and
 - (3) Any insurance company registered with the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority.
- vi) other entities specifically permitted by the Reserve Bank.

(C) Credit Rating of Counterparty to be considered for making investment

The scheme/s shall carry out repo transactions with only those counterparties, who have a credit rating of 'AA and above' (Long term rating) or 'A1+' (Short term rating) which are part of our approved Debt Universe on which we have approved Credit Limits.

(D) Tenor of Repo

As a repo seller, the scheme/s can borrow for a period not more than six months as per the existing Regulation 44(2) of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996. As a repo buyer, the scheme/s can lend for a maximum period of one year, subject to provision/s of the Scheme Information Document (SID).

(E) Tenor and Credit Rating of the Collateral

The scheme/s shall participate in repo transactions in Corporate Bonds rated 'AA and above' and Commercial Papers (CPs) and Certificate of Deposits (CDs). The tenor of the collateral shall not be more than 10 years.

(F) Minimum Haircut

Haircut/ margins will be decided either by the clearing house or may be bilaterally agreed upon, in terms of the documentation governing repo transactions, subject to the following stipulations:

Listed corporate bonds and debentures shall carry a minimum haircut of 2% of market value. Additional haircut may be charged based on tenor and illiquidity of the security.

CPs and CDs shall carry a minimum haircut of 1.5% of market value.

Securities issued by a local authority shall carry a minimum haircut of 2% of market value. Additional haircut may be charged based on tenor and illiquidity of the security.

The above are minimum stipulated haircuts where the repo period is overnight or where the re-margining frequency (in case of longer tenor repos) is daily. In all other cases, Fund Manager may adopt appropriate higher haircuts.

For the purpose of consideration of credit rating of exposure on repo transactions for various purposes including for Potential Risk Class (PRC) matrix, liquidity ratios, Risk-o-meter etc., the same shall be as that of the underlying securities, i.e., on a look through basis. For transactions where settlement is guaranteed by a Clearing Corporation, the exposure shall not be considered for the purpose of determination of investment limits for single issuer, group issuer and sector level limits.

Apart from the investment restrictions prescribed under SEBI (MF) Regulations, the Fund does not follow any internal norms vis-à-vis limiting exposure to a particular scrip or sector etc.

C. Fundamental Attributes

Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the scheme, in terms of Clause 1.14 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023:

(i) Type of a scheme

An open-ended fund of fund scheme investing in overseas equity Exchange Traded Funds which are based on companies involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials.

Open ended – Fund of Fund

(ii) Investment Objective

The investment objective of the scheme is to provide long-term capital appreciation from a portfolio investing in units of overseas equity ETFs which are based on companies involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials. There is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be realized.

- **Main Objective - Growth**
- **Investment pattern**

Types of Instruments	Indicative allocation (% of total assets)	
	Minimum	Maximum
Units of overseas equity Exchange Traded Funds\$	95%	100%
Money market instruments including Tri Party REPO/ debt securities, Units of debt/liquid schemes of domestic Mutual Funds*	0	5%

\$ The scheme may invest in multiple ETFs which are listed in different countries and tracks various companies which are involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials across geographies.

Asset allocation:

Subject to SEBI (MF) Regulations, the asset allocation pattern indicated above may change from time to time, keeping in view market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors. It must be clearly understood that the percentages can vary substantially depending upon the perception of the Investment Manager; the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders. As per clause 2.9 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023 and in line with SEBI clarification letter dated June 29, 2022, such changes in the investment pattern will be for short term and for defensive consideration only. In the event of deviations, portfolio rebalancing will be carried out within 30 calendar days in such cases.

In the event of deviation from mandated asset allocation mentioned above due to passive breaches, the rebalancing will be carried out in 30 business days. Where the portfolio is not rebalanced within 30 business days, justification for the same including details of efforts taken to rebalance the portfolio shall be placed before the Investment Committee and reasons for the same shall be recorded in writing. The Investment Committee, if so desires, can extend the timelines up to sixty (60) business days from the date of completion of mandated rebalancing period in accordance with clause 2.9.2 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023 . However, at all times the portfolio will adhere to the overall investment objectives of the Scheme.

(iii) Terms of Issue

- **Listing:**

The Scheme being open ended, the Units are not proposed to be listed on any stock exchange and no transfer facility on the exchange is provided. However, the Trustee reserves the right to list the units as and when open-end Schemes are permitted to be listed under the Regulations, and if the Trustee considers it necessary in the interest of unit holders of the Scheme.

Redemption:

The Unit Holder has the option to request for Redemption either in amount in rupees or in number of Units. The minimum redemption amount shall be 'any amount' or 'any number of units' as requested by the investor at the time of redemption request.

Redemption Price:

The Redemption Price of the Units is the price at which a Unit Holder can redeem Units of a scheme. It will be calculated as described below:

Redemption Price = Applicable NAV - (Applicable NAV x Exit Load*)

* Exit Load, whatever is applicable, will be charged.

Redemption Price will be calculated for up to three decimal places for the Scheme.

For example, if the Applicable NAV of a Scheme is Rs.10.5550, and it has a 2% Exit Load, the Redemption Price will be calculated as follows:

Redemption Price = 10.5550 - (10.5550 X 2.00%) i.e. 10.4550 - 0.2110 = 10.3440

If the Scheme has no Exit Load, the Redemption Price will be equal to the Applicable NAV.

The Securities Transaction Tax levied under the Income Tax Act, 1961, at the applicable rate on the amount of redemption will be reduced from the amount of redemption.

To illustrate:

If a Redemption of 4,900 units is sought by the Unit Holder at a Redemption Price of Rs. 10.3440 (as calculated above), the redemption amount is Rs. 50,685.60. Securities Transaction Tax (STT) for instance is 0.001%. This will be further reduced by the STT of Re. 0.50 (i.e. Rs. 50,685.60 x 0.001%), making the net redemption amount Rs. 50,685.10.

If a Redemption of Rs. 10,000 is sought by the Unit Holder at a Net Redemption Price of Rs. 10.3440 (as calculated above), which will give 966.744 Units; the effective redemption amount will be grossed up to Rs. 10,204.08 (i.e. 10,000 ÷ (1-2%)) and 966.744 units (10,204.08 ÷ 10.555) will be redeemed. This is to ensure that the Unit Holder receives the net amount of Rs. 10,000 as desired.

Investors may note that the Trustee has a right to modify the existing Load structure in any manner subject to a maximum as prescribed under the Regulations and with prospective effect only.

Please refer section – LOAD STRUCTURE.

Applicable NAV for Redemption / Switch-Out / Systematic Transfer Plan:

In respect of valid Redemption applications accepted at a Designated Collection Centre up to 3 p.m. on a Business Day, the NAV of such day will be applicable.

In respect of valid Redemption applications accepted at a Designated Collection Centre after 3 p.m. on a Business Day, the NAV of the next Business Day will be applicable.

- **Aggregate fees and expenses charged to the scheme**

For detailed fees and expenses charged to the scheme please refer to section- I Part - III ‘C – Annual Scheme Recurring Expenses’.

- **Any safety net or guarantee provided**

There is no assurance OR guarantee of returns.

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations and Clause 1.14.1.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 the Trustees shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder or the trust or fee and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder and affect the interests of Unitholders is carried out unless:

- SEBI has reviewed and provided its comments on the proposal
- A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unitholder and an advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated; and
- The Unitholders are given an option for a period of atleast 30 calendar days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load.

D. Other Scheme Specific Disclosures:

<p>Listing and Transfer of units:</p>	<p>The Scheme being open ended, the Units are not proposed to be listed on any stock exchange and no transfer facility on the exchange is provided. However, the Trustee reserves the right to list the units as and when open-end Schemes are permitted to be listed under the Regulations, and if the Trustee considers it necessary in the interest of unit holders of the Scheme.</p> <p>Units held in Demat form are transferable (subject to lock-in period, if any and subject to lien, if any marked on the units) in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018, as may be amended from time to time. Transfer can be made only in favor of transferees who are capable of holding Units and having a Demat Account. The</p>
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	<p>delivery instructions for transfer of Units will have to be lodged with the DP in requisite form as may be required from time to time and transfer will be effected in accordance with such rules / regulations as may be in force governing transfer of securities in dematerialized mode. Further, for the procedure of release of lien, the investors shall contact their respective Depository.</p> <p>However, if a person becomes a holder of the Units consequent to operation of law or upon enforcement of a pledge, the Mutual Fund will, subject to production of satisfactory evidence, effect the transfer, if the transferee is otherwise eligible to hold the Units. Similarly, in cases of transfers taking place consequent to death, insolvency etc., the transferee's name will be recorded by the Mutual Fund subject to production of satisfactory evidence.</p> <p>Please refer SAI for details on transmission, nomination, lien, pledge, duration of the Scheme and Mode of Holding.</p>
Dematerialization of units	<p>The Unit holders are given an Option to hold the units by way of an Account Statement (Physical form) or in Dematerialized ('Demat') form.</p> <p>Mode of holding shall be clearly specified in the KIM cum application form.</p> <p>The Unit holder intending to hold the units in Demat form are required to have a beneficiary account with the Depository Participant (DP) (registered with NSDL / CDSL). Unit holders opting to hold the units in demat form must provide their Demat Account details like the DP's name, DP ID Number and the beneficiary account number of the applicant with the DP, in the specified section of the application form.</p> <p>In case Unit holders do not provide their Demat Account details, unit will be allotted to them in physical form and an Account Statement shall be sent to them.</p> <p>Investors holding units in dematerialized form as well as investors holding units in physical form, both shall be able to trade on the BSE StAR MF Platform, NSE NMF II and ICEX.</p>
Dividend Policy (IDCW)	<p>The IDCW warrants shall be dispatched to the unit holders within 7 working days from the record date.</p> <p>In case of Unit Holder having a bank account with certain banks with which the Mutual Fund would have made arrangements from time to time, the IDCW proceeds shall be directly credited to their account.</p> <p>The IDCW will be paid by warrant and payments will be made in favor of the Unit holder (registered holder of the Units or, if there is more than one registered holder, only to the first registered</p>

	<p>holder) with bank account number furnished to the Mutual Fund (please note that it is mandatory for the Unit holders to provide the Bank account details as per the directives of SEBI).</p> <p>Further, the IDCW proceeds may be paid by way of ECS/EFT/NEFT/RTGS/any other manner through which the investor's bank account specified in the Registrar & Transfer Agent's records is credited with the IDCW proceeds as per the instructions of the Unit holders.</p> <p>In case the delay is beyond seven working days, then the AMC shall pay interest @ 15% p.a. from the expiry of seven working days till the date of dispatch of the warrant.</p>
Allotment	<p>Subject to the receipt of the specified minimum subscription amount, full allotment of Units applied for will be made within 5 business days from the date of closure of the NFO Period for all valid applications received during the NFO Period.</p> <p>An account statement will be sent by ordinary post/courier/secured encrypted electronic mail to each Unit Holder, stating the number of Units purchased, not later than 5 business days from the close of the NFO Period.</p> <p>In case of specific request received from investors, Mutual Fund shall provide the account statement to the investors within 5 working days from the receipt of such request without any charges. Allotment of Units and dispatch of Account Statements to FPIs will be subject to RBI approval, if required.</p> <p>For investors who have given Demat account details in the application form, the Units issued by the AMC shall be credited by the Registrar to the investors' beneficiary account with the DP as per information provided in the application form and information of allotment will be accordingly sent by the Registrar.</p> <p>Full allotment will be made to all valid applications received during the New Fund Offer Period. Allotment of Units shall be completed not later than five business days after the close of the New Fund Offer Period. The Units will be computed and accounted for up to whole numbers (complete integers) only and no fractional units will be allotted for all Subscriptions/Application Money.</p> <p>If any fractional units are calculated as a result of the switch application, the units in the resultant scheme would be allotted to the extent of the entire such application money from the source scheme and will be computed and accounted for up to 3 decimal places and that no refund shall be paid/refunded to the investor for said such fractional Units. Accordingly, the clause for multiples of</p>

	<p>Re.1 will not be applicable for switch transactions both during the New Fund Offer Period and on On-Going basis.</p> <p>Dematerialization</p> <p>The Units of the Scheme will be available in dematerialized (electronic) form. The investor intending to invest in Units of the Scheme will be required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant (DP) of the NSDL/CDSL and will be required to mention in the application form DP's Name, DP ID No. and Beneficiary Account No. with the DP at the time of purchasing Units.</p> <p>The Units of the Scheme will be issued, traded and settled compulsorily in dematerialized (electronic) form.</p> <p>The Units allotted will be credited to the DP account of the Unit holder as per the details provided in the application form.</p> <p>However, the Trustee / AMC reserves the right to change the dematerialization/rematerialization process in accordance with the procedural requirements laid down by the Depositories, viz. NSDL/ CDSL and/or in accordance with the provisions laid under the Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations thereunder.</p>
<p>Who can invest This is an indicative list and investors shall consult their financial advisor to ascertain whether the scheme is suitable to their risk profile.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indian resident adult individuals, either singly or jointly (not exceeding three); • Minor through parent / lawful guardian; (please see the note below) • Companies, bodies corporate, public sector undertakings, association of persons or bodies of individuals and societies registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860; • Partnership Firms constituted under the Partnership Act, 1932; • Limited Liability Partnerships (LLP); • A Hindu Undivided Family (HUF) through its Karta; • Banking Company as defined under the Banking Regulation Act, 1949; • Banks (including Co-operative Banks and Regional Rural Banks) and Financial Institutions; • Public Financial Institution as defined under the Companies Act, 1956; • Insurance Company registered with the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority (IRDA); • Non-Resident Indians (NRIs) / Persons of Indian Origin (PIO) on full repatriation basis or on non-repatriation basis; • Foreign Portfolio Investors (FPI) (including overseas ETFs, Fund of Funds) registered with SEBI on repatriation basis; • Mutual Funds/ Alternative Investment Funds registered with SEBI

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Army, Air Force, Navy and other para-military funds and eligible institutions; • Scientific and Industrial Research Organizations; • Provident / Pension / Gratuity and such other Funds as and when permitted to invest; • International Multilateral Agencies approved by the Government of India / RBI; and • The Trustee, AMC or Sponsor or their associates (if eligible and permitted under prevailing laws). • A Mutual Fund through its schemes if permitted by the regulatory authorities. • Special Purpose Vehicles (SPVs) approved by appropriate authority (subject to RBI approval). • Religious and Charitable Trusts, Wakfs or endowments of private trusts (subject to receipt of necessary approvals as required) and Private Trusts authorized to invest in mutual fund schemes under their trust deeds; • Qualified Foreign Investors subject to the conditions prescribed by SEBI, RBI, Income Tax authorities and the AMC, from time to time on repatriation basis. • Such other individuals/institutions/body corporate etc., as may be decided by the AMC from time to time, so long as wherever applicable they are in conformity with SEBI Regulations/RBI, etc. <p>Note: 1. Minor Unit Holder on becoming major may inform the Registrar about attaining majority and provide his specimen signature duly authenticated by his banker as well as his details of bank account and a certified true copy of the PAN card as mentioned under the paragraph “Anti Money Laundering and Know Your Customer” to enable the Registrar to update their records and allow him to operate the Account in his own right.</p> <p>Note 2. Applicants under Power of Attorney: An applicant willing to transact through a power of attorney must lodge the photocopy of the Power of Attorney (PoA) attested by a Notary Public or the original PoA (which will be returned after verification) within 30 Days of submitting the Application Form / Transaction Slip at a Designated Collection Centre. Applications are liable to be rejected if the power of attorney is not submitted within the aforesaid period.</p>
Who cannot invest	<p>It should be noted that the following entities cannot invest in the scheme:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any individual who is a foreign national or any other entity that is not an Indian resident under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, except where registered with SEBI as a FPI. However, there is no restriction on a foreign national from acquiring Indian securities provided such foreign national

	<p>meets the residency tests as laid down by Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Overseas Corporate Bodies (OCBs) shall not be allowed to invest in the Scheme. These would be firms and societies which are held directly or indirectly but ultimately to the extent of at least 60% by NRIs and trusts in which at least 60% of the beneficial interest is similarly held irrevocably by such persons (OCBs.) • Non-Resident Indians residing in the Financial Action Task Force (FATF) Non-Compliant Countries and Territories (NCCTs) • “U.S. Person” under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933 and corporations or other entities organized under the laws of U.S. • Residents of Canada or any Canadian jurisdiction under the applicable securities laws. • The Fund reserves the right to include / exclude new / existing categories of investors to invest in the Scheme from time to time, subject to SEBI Regulations and other prevailing statutory regulations, if any. <p>Subject to the Regulations, any application for subscription of Units may be accepted or rejected if found incomplete or due to unavailability of underlying securities, etc. For example, the Trustee may reject any application for the Purchase of Units if the application is invalid or incomplete or if, in its opinion, increasing the size of any or all of the Scheme's Unit capital is not in the general interest of the Unit Holders, or if the Trustee for any other reason does not believe that it would be in the best interest of the Scheme or its Unit Holders to accept such an application.</p> <p>The AMC / Trustee may need to obtain from the investor verification of identity or such other details relating to a subscription for Units as may be required under any applicable law, which may result in delay in processing the application.</p>
How to apply and other details	<p>Application form and Key Information Memorandum may be obtained from Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) / Investor Service Centres (ISCs) of the AMC or RTA or Distributors or can be downloaded from our website www.miraeassetmf.co.in.</p> <p>The list of the OPA / ISC are available on our website as well.</p> <p>Investors intending to trade in Units of the Schemes, through the exchange platform will be required to provide demat account details in the application form.</p> <p>Registrar & Transfer Agent: KFin Technologies Limited (Formerly known as “Karvy Fintech Private Limited”)</p>

	<p>Registered Office: Karvy Selenium, Tower B, Plot Number 31 & 32, Financial District, Gachibowli, Hyderabad - 500 034.</p> <p>Contact Persons: Mr. Babu PV Tel No. : 040 3321 5237 Email Id : babu.pv@kfintech.com</p> <p>Mr. 'P M Parameswaran' Tel No. : 040 3321 5396 Email Id : parameswaran.p@kfintech.com</p> <p>Website address: https://mfs.kfintech.com/mfs/</p> <p>Branches: Applications can be submitted at collecting bankers and Investor Service Centers of Mirae Asset Investment Managers (India) Pvt. Ltd and KFin Technologies Limited. Details of which are furnished on back cover page of this document.</p> <p>Please refer the AMC website at the following link for the list of official points of acceptance, collecting banker details etc.: https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure/offer-documents-data</p> <p>Website of the AMC: Investor can also subscribe to the Units of the Scheme through the website of the AMC i.e. https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/investor-center/investor-services</p> <p>Stock Exchanges: A Unit holder may purchase Units of the Scheme through the Stock Exchange infrastructure. Investors can hold units only in dematerialized form.</p> <p>MF Utility (MFU): A unitholder may purchase units of the Plan(s) under the Scheme through MFU.</p> <p>All financial and non-financial transactions pertaining to Schemes of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund can also be submitted through MFU either electronically or physically through the authorized Points of Service (“POS”) of MFUI. The list of POS of MFUI is published on the website of MFUI at www.mfuindia.com and may be updated from time to time.</p> <p>Investors to note that it is mandatory to mention the bank account numbers in the applications/requests for redemption.</p>
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	Please refer to the SAI and application form for the instructions.
The policy regarding reissue of repurchased units, including the maximum extent, the manner of reissue, the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in the same.	All units can be reissued without any limit by the Scheme.
Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered.	<p>RIGHT TO RESTRICT REDEMPTION AND / OR SUSPEND REDEMPTION OF THE UNITS:</p> <p>The Fund at its sole discretion reserves the right to restrict Redemption (including switchout) of the Units (including Plan /Option) of the Scheme of the Fund upon occurrence of the below mentioned events for a period not exceeding ten (10) working days in any ninety (90) days period subject to approval of the Board of Directors of the AMC and the Trustee. The restriction on Redemption (including switch-out) shall be applicable where the Redemption (including switch-out) request is for a value above Rs. 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs). Further, no restriction shall be applicable to the Redemption / switch-out request upto Rs. 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs). It is further clarified that, in case of redemption request beyond Rs. 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs), no restriction shall be applicable on first Rs. 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs).</p> <p>The Trustee / AMC reserves the right to restrict Redemption or suspend Redemption of the Units in the Scheme of the Fund on account of circumstances leading to a systemic crisis or event(s) that severely constrict market liquidity or the efficient functioning of the markets. A list of such circumstances under which the restriction on Redemption or suspension of Redemption of the Units in the Scheme of the Fund may be imposed are as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Liquidity issues- when market at large becomes illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any issuer specific security; or 2. Market failures / Exchange closures; or 3. Operational issues; or 4. If so directed by SEBI. <p>It is clarified that since the occurrence of the abovementioned eventualities have the ability to impact the overall market and liquidity situation, the same may result in exceptionally large number of Redemption requests being made and in such a situation the indicative timelines (i.e. within 3-4 Business Days) mentioned by the Fund in the scheme offering documents, for processing of requests for Redemption may not be applicable.</p>
Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemptions/ switches	Cut-off time is the time before which the Investor's Application Form(s) (complete in all respects) should reach the Official Points

<p>This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.</p>	<p>of Acceptance to be entitled to the Applicable NAV of that Business Day.</p> <p>An application will be considered accepted on a Business Day, subject to it being complete in all respects and received and time stamped upto the relevant Cut-off time mentioned below, at any of the Official Points of Acceptance of transactions. Where an application is received and the time stamping is done after the relevant Cut-off time the request will be deemed to have been received on the next Business Day.</p> <p>Cut off timing for subscriptions/purchases/switch- ins:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. In respect of valid applications received upto 3.00 p.m. at the Official Point(s) of Acceptance and where the funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase/switch-ins as per the application are credited to the bank account of the Scheme before the cut-off time i.e. available for utilization before the cut-off time- the closing NAV of the day shall be applicable. ii. In respect of valid applications received after 3.00 p.m. at the Official Point(s) of Acceptance and where the funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the application are credited to the bank account of the Scheme before the cut-off time of the next Business Day i.e. available for utilization before the cut-off time of the next Business Day - the closing NAV of the next Business Day shall be applicable. iii. Irrespective of the time of receipt of applications at the Official Point(s) of Acceptance, where the funds for the entire amount of subscription/purchase/ switch-ins as per the application are credited to the bank account of the Scheme before the cut-off time on any subsequent Business Day i.e. available for utilization before the cut-off time on any subsequent Business Day - the closing NAV of such subsequent Business Day shall be applicable. <p>For Redemption/ Repurchases/Switch out:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. In respect of valid application accepted at an Official Points of Acceptance up to 3 p.m. on a Business Day by the Fund, the closing NAV of that day will be applicable. ii. In respect of valid application accepted at an Official Point of Acceptance as listed in the SAI, after 3 p.m. on a Business Day by the Fund, the closing NAV of the next Business Day will be applicable.
<p>Minimum amount for purchase/redemption/switches</p>	<p>Purchase : Rs. 5000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter Additional Purchase: Rs.1000/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter. Investments through SIP: Rs. 500/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter.</p>

	<p>Redemption: The minimum redemption amount shall be ‘any amount’ or ‘any number of units’ as requested by the investor at the time of redemption request.</p> <p>The Minimum Application and redemption amount mentioned above shall not be applicable to the mandatory investments made in the Scheme pursuant to the provisions of clause 6.10 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023, as amended from time to time.</p>
Accounts Statements	<p>The AMC shall send an allotment confirmation specifying the units allotted by way of email and/or SMS within 5 working days of receipt of valid application/transaction to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/ or mobile number (whether units are held in demat mode or in account statement form).</p> <p>A Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) detailing all the transactions across all mutual funds (including transaction charges paid to the distributor) and holding at the end of the month shall be sent to the Unit holders in whose folio(s) transaction(s) have taken place during the month by mail or email on or before 15th of the succeeding month.</p> <p>Half-yearly CAS shall be issued at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March) on or before 21st day of succeeding month, to all investors providing the prescribed details across all schemes of mutual funds and securities held in dematerialized form across demat accounts, if applicable</p> <p>For further details, refer SAI.</p>
Dividend/ IDCW	<p>The payment of dividend/IDCW to the unitholders shall be made within seven working days from record date.</p>
Redemption	<p>The redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be dispatched to the unitholders within 5 business days from the date of redemption or repurchase.</p> <p>For list of exceptional circumstances refer para 14.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023.</p>
Bank Mandate	<p>It is mandatory for every applicant to provide the name of the bank, branch, address, account type and number as per SEBI requirements and any Application Form without these details will be treated as incomplete. Such incomplete applications will be rejected. The Registrar / AMC may ask the investor to provide a blank cancelled cheque or its photocopy for the purpose of verifying the bank account number.</p>

<p>Delay in payment of redemption / repurchase proceeds/dividend</p>	<p>The Asset Management Company shall be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at rate as specified vide clause 14.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 by SEBI for the period of such delay.</p>
<p>Unclaimed Redemption and Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Amount</p>	<p>As per the Clause 14.3 of SEBI Master Circular SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, the unclaimed Redemption and dividend amounts shall be deployed by the Fund in call money market or money market instruments and in a separate plan of Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund scheme floated by Mutual Funds specifically for deployment of the unclaimed amounts. The investment management fee charged by the AMC for managing such unclaimed amounts shall not exceed 50 basis points. The AMCs shall not be permitted to charge any exit load in this plan.</p> <p>Provided that such schemes where the unclaimed redemption and IDCW amounts are deployed shall be only those Overnight scheme/ Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund schemes which are placed in A-1 cell (Relatively Low Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk) of Potential Risk Class matrix.</p> <p>The investors who claim these amounts during a period of three years from the due date shall be paid at the prevailing NAV. After a period of three years, this amount can be transferred to a pool account and the investors can claim the said amounts at the NAV prevailing at the end of the third year. In terms of the circular, the onus is on the AMC to make a continuous effort to remind investors through letters to take their unclaimed amounts.</p> <p>The website of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund also provides information on the process of claiming the unclaimed amount and the necessary forms / documents required for the same.</p> <p>The details of such unclaimed amounts are also disclosed in the annual report sent to the Unit Holders.</p> <p>Important Note: All applicants must provide a bank name, bank account number, branch address, and account type in the Application Form.</p>
<p>Disclosure w.r.t investment by minors</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Payment for investment by any mode shall be accepted from the bank account of the minor, parent or legal guardian of the minor, or from a joint account of the minor with parent or legal guardian. • Irrespective of the source of payment for subscription, all redemption proceeds shall be credited only in the verified account of the minor i.e. the account the minor may hold with the parent/ legal guardian after completing all KYC formalities. • The AMC will send an intimation to Unit holders advising the minor (on attaining majority) to submit an application form along

	<p>with prescribed documents to change the status of the account from ‘minor’ to ‘major’.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All transactions / standing instructions / systematic transactions etc. will be suspended i.e. the Folio will be frozen for operation by the guardian from the date of beneficiary child completing 18 years of age, till the status of the minor is changed to major. Upon the minor attaining the status of major, the minor in whose name the investment was made, shall be required to provide all the KYC details, updated bank account details including cancelled original cheque leaf of the new bank account. • No investments (lumpsum/SIP/ switch in/ STP in etc.) in the scheme would be allowed once the minor attains majority i.e. 18 years of age. <p>Please refer SAI for details on Transmission of Units.</p>
<p>Investments in Scheme by AMC, Sponsor & Associates</p>	<p>Subject to the Regulations, the AMC and investment companies managed by the Sponsor(s), their associate companies and subsidiaries may invest either directly or indirectly, in the Scheme during the NFO and/or on ongoing basis. However, the AMC shall not charge any investment management fee on such investment in the Scheme, in accordance with sub-regulation 3 of Regulation 24 of the Regulations and shall charge fees on such amounts in future only if the SEBI Regulations so permit. The associates, the Sponsor, subsidiaries of the Sponsor and/or the AMC may acquire a substantial portion of the Scheme’s units and collectively constitute a major investment in the Schemes. The AMC reserves the right to invest its own funds in the Scheme as may be decided by the AMC from time to time and required by applicable regulations and also in accordance with Clause 6.11 of SEBI Master Circular SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023 regarding minimum number of investors in the Scheme.</p> <p>In terms of SEBI notification dated August 5, 2021 and as per Regulation 25, sub-regulation 16A of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, the asset management company shall invest such amounts in such schemes of the mutual fund, based on the risks associated with the schemes, as may be specified by the Board from time to time</p>

III. Other Details

A. Details of Underlying Fund

Name of ETFs	Listing	Currency	Features
Global X Lithium & Battery Tech ETF	NYSE Arca (United States)	United States Dollar (USD)	The ETF invests in the full lithium cycle, from mining and refining the metal, through battery production. Lithium battery technology is essential to the rise of electric Vehicles (EVs).
Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles ETF	Nasdaq (United States)	United States Dollar (USD)	The ETF seeks to invest in companies involved in the development of autonomous Vehicles technology, electric Vehicles (“EVs”), and EV components and materials. This includes companies involved in the development of autonomous Vehicles software and hardware.
Global X China Electric Vehicle and Battery ETF	Hong Kong Stock Exchange (Hong Kong)	Hong Kong Dollars (HKD)/United States Dollar (USD)	The ETF seeks to invest in companies involved in the development of autonomous Vehicles technology, electric Vehicles (“EVs”), and EV components and materials in China. This includes companies involved in the development of autonomous Vehicles software and hardware and which are critical to development of electric vehicle in China
Global X Lithium & Battery Tech UCITS ETF	London Stock Exchange	United States Dollar	The Global X Lithium & Battery Tech UCITS ETF (LITU) seeks to provide investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the Solactive Global Lithium v2 Index.
Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles UCITS ETF	London Stock Exchange	United States Dollar	The Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles UCITS ETF (DRVE) seeks to invest in companies involved in the development of autonomous vehicle technology, electric vehicles (“EVs”), and EV components and materials. This includes companies involved in the development of autonomous vehicle software and hardware, as well as companies that produce EVs, EV components such as lithium batteries, and critical EV materials such as lithium and cobalt.

The detailed features of the underlying schemes are as under:

Name of Underlying ETF	Investment Objective	Investment Strategy	Investment Process	Asset Allocation	Risk Profile And Risk Control
Global X Lithium & Battery Tech ETF	The Global X Lithium & Battery Tech ETF ("Fund") seeks to provide investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the Solactive Global Lithium Index ("Underlying Index")	The Fund uses "passive" or indexing approach to try to achieve the Fund's investment objective. The Fund does not try to outperform the Underlying Index and does not seek temporary defensive positions when markets decline or appear overvalued. The Fund generally will use a replication strategy. A replication strategy is an indexing strategy that involves investing in the securities of the Underlying Index in approximately the same proportions as in the Underlying Index	The Fund invests at least 80% of its total assets in securities of companies that are economically tied to the lithium industry. The Fund may lend securities representing up to one-third of the value of the Fund's total assets (including the value of the collateral received)	The Fund invests at least 80% of its total assets in the securities of the Underlying Index and in American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs") and Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRs") based on the securities in the Underlying Index.	Very High & The Fund may utilize a representative sampling strategy with respect to the Underlying Index when a replication strategy might be detrimental or disadvantageous to shareholders, such as when there are practical difficulties or substantial costs involved in compiling a portfolio of equity securities to replicate the Underlying Index, in instances in which a security in the Underlying Index becomes temporarily illiquid, unavailable or less liquid, or as a result of legal restrictions or limitations (such as tax diversification requirements) that apply to the Fund but not the Underlying Index
Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles ETF	The Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles ETF ("Fund") seeks to provide investment results that correspond	The Fund uses "passive" or indexing approach to try to achieve the Fund's investment	The Fund invests at least 80% of its total assets in securities of companies that are	The Fund invests at least 80% of its total assets in the securities of the Underlying Index and in	Very High & The Fund may utilize a representative sampling strategy with respect to the Underlying Index when a replication

	generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles Index ("Underlying Index")	objective. The Fund does not try to outperform the Underlying Index and does not seek temporary defensive positions when markets decline or appear overvalued. The Fund generally will use a replication strategy. A replication strategy is an indexing strategy that involves investing in the securities of the Underlying Index in approximately the same proportions as in the Underlying Index	economically tied to the Autonomus and Electric Vehicle. The Fund may lend securities representing up to one-third of the value of the Fund's total assets (including the value of the collateral received)	American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs") and Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRs") based on the securities in the Underlying Index.	strategy might be detrimental or disadvantageous to shareholders, such as when there are practical difficulties or substantial costs involved in compiling a portfolio of equity securities to replicate the Underlying Index, in instances in which a security in the Underlying Index becomes temporarily illiquid, unavailable or less liquid, or as a result of legal restrictions or limitations (such as tax diversification requirements) that apply to the Fund but not the Underlying Index
Global X China Electric Vehicle and Battery ETF	The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, closely correspond to the performance of the Index. There can be no assurance that the Sub-Fund will achieve its investment objective	The Manager will primarily use a full replication strategy through investing directly in constituent stocks of the Index in substantially the same weightings in which they are included in the Index.	The Manager will primarily use a full replication strategy through investing directly in constituent stocks of the Index in substantially the same weightings in which they are included in the Index.	The Sub-Fund may invest in (including but not limited to) the following Mainland China-related securities: A-Shares, H-Shares, N-Shares, P-Chips and Red Chips. The Sub-Fund will invest in A-Shares included in the Index through Stock Connect,	Very High & Where the adoption of a full replication strategy is not efficient or practicable or where the Manager considers appropriate in its absolute discretion, the Manager may pursue a representative sampling strategy and hold a representative

				which may include stocks on the ChiNext Board of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange.	sample of the constituent securities of the Index selected by the Manager using quantitative analytical models to derive a portfolio sample. maximum deviation from the Index weighting of any constituent will not exceed 3 percentage points above or below such weighting.
Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles UCITS ETF	The Fund's investment objective is to generate returns that closely correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the price and yield performance of the Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles v2 Index (the "Index").	The Fund is passively managed. The Fund will aim to achieve its investment objective by attempting to replicate the performance of the Index by investing primarily in a portfolio of equity securities that as far as possible and practicable consists of the component securities of the Index in similar proportions to their weightings in the Index and in American depositary receipts ("ADRs") and global depositary	The Index aims to provide exposure to exchange-listed companies that are involved in the development of electric vehicles and/or autonomous vehicles, including companies that produce electric/hybrid vehicles, electric/hybrid vehicle components and materials, autonomous driving technology, and network connected services for transportation.	When not possible or practicable to continue to hold all of the component securities of the Index, the Fund may invest in depositary receipts relating either to components of the Index or to equity securities of the type referred to above; and financial derivative instruments ("FDIs"), namely, total return "unfunded" OTC swaps and exchange-traded equity	This Fund is in risk category 6 due to the range and frequency of price movements (i.e. the volatility) of the underlying investments referenced by the Fund which may not be a reliable indicator of the future risk profile of the share class. The Fund offers no capital guarantee or protection. The Fund may be subject to risks which are not included in the calculation of the risk-reward indicator. The Fund may enter into securities lending transactions, investing in

		receipts (“GDRs”) based on the securities in the Index.		futures for investment purposes. The Fund may enter into securities lending transactions, investing in repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions and short-term money market collective investment schemes, for the purposes of efficient portfolio management only.	repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions and short-term money market collective investment schemes, for the purposes of efficient portfolio management only
Global X Lithium & Battery Tech UCITS ETF	The Fund’s investment objective is to generate returns that closely correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the price and yield performance of the Global Lithium v2 Index (the “Index”).	The Fund is passively managed. The Fund will aim to achieve its investment objective by attempting to replicate the performance of the Index by investing primarily in a portfolio of equity securities that as far as possible and practicable and consists of the component securities of the Index in similar proportions to their weightings	The Index aims to measure broad-based equity market performance of global companies involved in the lithium industry. The Index tracks the performance of the largest and most liquid listed companies that are active in the exploration and/or mining of Lithium or the production of Lithium batteries.	When not possible or practicable to hold all of the component securities of the Index, the Fund may invest in depositary receipts relating either to components securities of the Index or to equity securities of the type referred to above; and financial derivative instruments (“FDIs”),	This Fund is in risk category 7 due to the range and frequency of price movements (i.e. the volatility) of the underlying investments referenced by the Fund which may not be a reliable indicator of the future risk profile of the share class. The Fund offers no capital guarantee or protection. The Fund may be subject to risks which are not included in the calculation of the risk-reward

		in the Index and in american depositary receipts (“ADRs”) and global depositary receipts (“GDRs”) based on the securities in the Index.		namely, total return “unfunded” OTC swaps and exchange-traded equity futures for investment purposes. The Fund may enter into securities lending transactions, investing in repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions and short term money market collective investment	indicator. The Fund may enter into securities lending transactions, investing in repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions and short term money market collective investment schemes, for the purposes of efficient portfolio management only.
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The details on performance and Expense ratio of the underlying schemes are as under:

Name of ETF	Underlying Index	Fund Expense Ratio (in %)	Inception Date	3 Years	1 Year	6 Months	3 Months
Global X Lithium & Battery Tech ETF (in USD)	Solactive Global Lithium Index	0.75	23-07-2010	-	-27.3%	-8.9%	-5.5%
Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles ETF (in USD)	Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles Index	0.68	17-04-2018	-3.7%	5.6%	6.9%	2.3%
Global X China Electric Vehicle and Battery ETF(in USD)	Solactive China Electric Vehicle and Battery Index Net Total Return (NTR)	0.68	17-01-2020	-19.9%	-25.8%	-5.9%	1.2%
Global X Lithium & Battery Tech UCITS ETF	Solactive Global Lithium v2 Index	0.6	07-12-2021	-13.2%	-28.6%	-8.8%	-5.6%
Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles UCITS ETF (DRVE)	Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles v2 Index	0.5	16-11-2021	-	6.0%	5.8%	-4.1%

As on	ETF	AUM
31st May 2024	Global X Lithium & Battery Tech ETF	\$1,461.59 mil
31st May 2024	Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles ETF	\$552.63 mil
30th April 2024	Global X China Electric Vehicle and Battery ETF	\$166.44 mil
31st May 2024	Global X Lithium & Battery Tech UCITS ETF	\$ 34.07 Mil
31st May 2024	Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles UCITS ETF (DRVE)	\$ 10.61 Mil

As on 31st may 2024

Global X Lithium & Battery Tech ETF	
Top 10 holding	
Securities	Weightage
Albemarle Corp	10.44%
Mineral Resources Ltd	5.78%
Quimica Y-sp Adr	4.83%
Pilbara Minerals Ltd	4.75%
Tesla Inc	4.45%
Eve Energy Co Ltd-a	4.31%
Byd Co Ltd-h	4.20%
Tdk Corp	4.10%
Contemporary A-a	3.95%
Samsung Sdi Co Ltd	3.83%

As on 31st may 2024

Global X Lithium & Battery Tech UCITS ETF	
Top 10 holding	
Securities	Weightage
Albemarle Corp	10.43%
Mineral Resources Ltd	5.77%
Quimica Y-sp Adr	4.82%
Pilbara Minerals Ltd	4.74%
Tesla Inc	4.44%
Eve Energy Co Ltd-a	4.32%
Byd Co Ltd-h	4.19%
Tdk Corp	4.09%
Contemporary A-a	3.93%
Samsung Sdi Co Ltd	3.83%

As on 31st may 2024

Global X Lithium & Battery Tech ETF	
Top 10 holding	
Securities	Weightage
Nvidia Corp	5.77%
Qualcomm Inc	3.60%
Alphabet Inc-cl A	3.48%
Toyota Motor Corp	3.09%
Microsoft Corp	3.08%
Apple Inc	2.97%
Tesla Inc	2.34%
Honeywell Intl	2.25%
Hitachi Ltd	2.18%
Nxp Semiconductors Nv	1.93%

As on 31st may 2024

Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles UCITS ETF (DRVE)	
Top 10 holding	
Securities	Weightage
Nvidia Corp	5.78%
Qualcomm Inc	3.60%
Alphabet Inc-cl A	3.48%
Toyota Motor Corp	3.09%
Microsoft Corp	3.07%
Apple Inc	2.97%
Tesla Inc	2.34%
Honeywell Intl	2.26%
Hitachi Ltd	2.18%
Nxp Semiconductors Nv	1.94%

As on 30 April 2024

Global X China Electric Vehicle and Battery ETF	
Top 10 holding	
Securities	Weightage
Contemporary Amperex Technology Co., Ltd. Class A	19.18%
BYD Company Limited Class A	13.29%
Shenzhen Inovance Technology Co., Ltd Class A	7.99%
Fuyao Glass Industry Group Co., Ltd. Class A	4.84%
Zhejiang Sanhua Intelligent Controls Co., Ltd. Class A	3.75%
EVE Energy Co. Ltd. Class A	3.57%

Tianqi Lithium Corp. Class A	2.92%
Guangzhou Tinci Materials Technology Co., Ltd	2.77%
GEM Co., Ltd. Class A	2.47%
Ganfeng Lithium Group Co., Ltd. Class A	2.31%

The above returns are Compounded Annualised Growth Returns. Returns for 1 year and less are absolute returns

B. Periodic Disclosures

Half yearly Disclosures: Financial Results

The AMC/Mutual Fund shall within one month from the close of each half year, that is on March 31st and on September 30th, host a soft copy of its unaudited financial results on their website <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/financials>. The half-yearly unaudited financial results shall contain details as specified in Twelfth Schedule of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and such other details as are necessary for the purpose of providing a true and fair view of the operations of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund.

The AMC/Mutual Fund shall publish an advertisement disclosing the hosting of unaudited financial results on their website www.miraeassetmf.co.in in at least one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation and in a newspaper having wide circulation published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated.

The mutual fund shall publish an advertisement in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the half-yearly statement of the Scheme portfolio on its website and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI). The AMC will provide a physical copy of the statement of its Scheme portfolio, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder.

Annual Report

Pursuant to Regulation 56 of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 read with Clause 5.4 of SEBI Master Circular SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, the scheme wise annual report or abridged summary thereof will be hosted on the website of the Mirae Asset Mutual Fund viz. <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/financials> and on the website of AMFI, not later than four months after the close of each financial year (31st March). The AMCs shall display the link prominently on the website of the Mirae Asset Mutual Fund viz. <https://miraeassetmf.co.in> and make the physical copies available to the unitholders, at their registered offices at all times. Unit holders whose e-mail addresses are not registered will have to specifically 'opt in' to receive physical copy of scheme wise annual report or abridged summary thereof. The unit holders may request for a physical copy of scheme annual reports at a price and the text of the relevant scheme by writing to the Mirae Asset Investment Managers (India) Pvt Ltd. / Investor Service Centre / Registrar & Transfer Agents. The Mutual Fund / AMC shall provide a physical copy of abridged report of the annual report, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unit holder. An advertisement shall be published every year disclosing the hosting of the scheme wise annual report on website of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund and on the website of AMFI and the modes such as SMS, telephone, email or written request (letter) through which a unitholder can submit a request for a

physical or electronic copy of the scheme wise annual report or abridged summary thereof. Such advertisement shall be published in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi.

Monthly/Half Yearly Portfolio Disclosures:

The Mutual Fund/ AMC will disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) of the Scheme in the prescribed format, as on the last day of the month / half-year i.e. March 31 and September 30, on its website viz. <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/portfolio> and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) viz. www.amfiindia.com within 10 days from the close of each month/ half year respectively. In case of unitholders whose e-mail addresses are registered, the Mutual Fund/ AMC will send via email both the monthly and half yearly statement of scheme portfolio within 10 days from the close of each month/ half year respectively. Mutual Fund / AMC will publish an advertisement every half year in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the half-yearly statement of the Scheme portfolio on its website and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI). Mutual Fund / AMC will provide a physical copy of the statement of its Scheme portfolio, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder.

Monthly Average Asset under Management (Monthly AAUM) Disclosure

The Mutual Fund shall disclose the Monthly AAUM under different categories Schemes as specified by SEBI in the prescribed format on a monthly basis on its website viz. <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure> and forward to AMFI within 7 working days from the end of the month.

Scheme Summary Document

The AMC has provided on its website a standalone scheme document for all the Schemes which contains all the details of the Scheme viz. Scheme features, Fund Manager details, investment details, investment objective, expense ratios, portfolio details, etc. Scheme summary document is uploaded on the websites of AMC viz. <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure>, AMFI and stock exchanges in 3 data formats i.e. PDF, Spreadsheet and a machine readable format (either JSON or XML). The document shall be updated by the AMCs on a monthly basis or on changes in any of the specified fields, whichever is earlier.

Product Labeling and Risk-o-meter:

The Risk-o-meter shall have following six levels of risk:

1. Low Risk
2. Low to Moderate Risk
3. Moderate Risk
4. Moderately High Risk
5. High Risk and
6. Very High Risk

The evaluation of risk levels of a scheme shall be done in accordance with clause 17.4 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023.

Any change in risk-o-meter shall be communicated by way of Notice cum Addendum and by way of an e-mail or SMS to unitholders. The risk-o-meter shall be evaluated on a monthly basis and the risk-o-meter along with portfolio disclosure shall be disclosed on the AMC website viz. <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/portfolio> as well as AMFI website within 10 days from the close of each month.

The AMC shall disclose the risk level of schemes as on March 31 of every year, along with number of times the risk level has changed over the year, on its website viz. <https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure> and AMFI website.

Further, in accordance with clause 5.16 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023, the AMC shall disclose:

- a. risk-o-meter of the scheme wherever the performance of the scheme is disclosed;
- b. risk-o-meter of the scheme and benchmark wherever the performance of the scheme vis-à-vis that of the benchmark is disclosed.
- c. scheme risk-o-meter, name of benchmark and risk-o-meter of benchmark while disclosing portfolio of the scheme.

C. Transparency/NAV Disclosure

The AMC will calculate and disclose the first NAV under the Scheme not later than 5 Business Days from the date of allotment of units under the NFO Period. Subsequently, the NAV will be calculated and disclosed at the close of every Business Day. Mutual Fund / AMC will provide facility of sending latest available NAVs to unitholders through SMS, upon receiving a specific request in this regard. NAV of the Units of the Scheme (including options thereunder) calculated in the manner provided in this SID or as may be prescribed by the Regulations from time to time. The NAV will be computed upto 3 decimal places.

In accordance with clause 8.1 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023, the NAV of the scheme shall be uploaded on the websites of the AMC (miraeassetmf.co.in) and Association of Mutual Funds in India (www.amfiindia.com) by 10.00 a.m. of the following business day. In case of any delay, the reasons for such delay would be explained to AMFI and SEBI by the next day. If the NAVs are not available before commencement of business hours on the following day due to any reason, the Fund shall issue a press release providing reasons and explaining when the Fund would be able to publish the NAVs.

D. Transaction charges and stamp duty-

SEBI with the intent to enable investment by people with small saving potential and to increase reach of Mutual Fund products in urban areas and in smaller towns, wherein the role of the distributor is vital, has allowed AMCs under clause 10.5. of SEBI Master Circular SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023 to deduct transaction charges for subscription of Rs. 10,000/- and above. The said transaction charges will be paid to the distributors of the Mutual Fund products (based on the type of product).

In accordance with the said circular, AMC / Mutual Fund will deduct the transaction charges from the subscription amount and pay to the distributors (based on the type of product and those who have opted to receive the transaction charges) as shown in the table below. Thereafter, the balance of the subscription amount shall be invested.

(i) Transaction charges shall be deducted for Applications for purchase/ subscription received by distributor/ agent as under:

Investor Type	Transaction Charges
First Time Mutual Fund Investor	Transaction charge of Rs.150/- for subscription of Rs.10,000 and above will be deducted from the subscription amount and paid to the distributor/agent of the first time investor. The balance of the subscription amount shall be invested.
Investor other than First Time Mutual Fund Investor	Transaction charge of Rs. 100/- per subscription of Rs, 10,000 and above will be deducted from the subscription amount and paid to the distributor/ agent of the investor. The balance of the subscription amount shall be invested.

(ii) Transaction charges shall not be deducted for:

- Purchases /subscriptions for an amount less than Rs. 10,000/-; and
- Transactions other than purchases/ subscriptions relating to new inflows such as Switches, etc.
- Any purchase/subscription made directly with the Fund (i.e. not through any distributor/ agent).
- Transactions carried out through the stock exchange platforms.

Applicability of Stamp Duty:

Pursuant to Notification No. S. O. 1226 (E) and G.S.R 226(E) dated March 30, 2020 issued by Department of Revenue, Ministry of Finance, Government of India, read with Part I of Chapter IV of Notification dated February 21, 2019 issued by Legislative Department, Ministry of Law and Justice, Government of India on the Finance Act, 2019, a stamp duty @ 0.005% of the transaction value shall be levied on applicable mutual fund transactions.

Accordingly, pursuant to levy of stamp duty, the number of units allotted on purchase transactions (including dividend reinvestment) to the unitholders would be reduced to that extent

For details refer in Statement of Additional Information.

E. Associate Transactions

Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI)

F. Taxation

Rates of tax and tax deducted at source (TDS) under the Act for Capital Gains on units of non-Equity Oriented Fund:

Type of Capital Gain	Income Tax Rates		TDS Rates	
	Resident/ PIO/ NRI/ Other non FII non-residents	FII	Resident	NRI/OCBs/ FII & others
Short Term Capital Gain (redemption before completing three year of holding)	Normal rates of tax applicable to the assessee	30%	Nil	30% for Non-resident other than corporates 40% for non-residents

				corporates, FII & Others
++ Long Term Capital Gain (redemption after completing three year of holding)	20%#	10%*	Nil	20%

#with indexation benefit (only where the Investments were made on or before 1st April, 2023)

*without indexation benefit (only where the Investments were made on or before 1st April, 2023)

++ As per the amended Finance Bill 2023, a Specified Mutual Fund (SMF) acquired on or after April 1, 2023, shall be deemed to be short-term capital asset and hence, the gains arising on such transfer will be regarded as short-term capital gains (STCG) irrespective of period of holding. Additionally, SMF is a Mutual Fund holding less than 35% of its total investment in equity shares of domestic companies. Accordingly, a mutual fund investing in debt securities shall fall within the ambit of SMF and the gains arising on its transfer will be regarded as STCG and no indexation benefit will be available on transfer of such investments. Specified mutual funds may include debt mutual funds, gold ETFs, Fund of Funds etc. where investment in domestic companies is less than 35% of proceeds of the fund.

For further details on taxation please refer to the clauses on Taxation in SAI.

G. Rights of Unitholders

Please refer to SAI for details.

H. List of official points of acceptance

<https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure/offer-documents-data>

I. Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings of Inspections or Investigations For Which Action May Have Been Taken Or Is In The Process Of Being Taken By Any Regulatory Authority

<https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure/offer-documents-data>

Notwithstanding anything contained in this SID, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds), Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines thereunder shall be applicable.

THE TERMS OF THE SCHEME WERE APPROVED BY THE DIRECTORS OF MIRAE ASSET TRUSTEE COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED IN THEIR MEETING HELD ON SEPTEMBER 23, 2021.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Mirae Asset Investment Managers (India) Private Limited
(Asset Management Company for Mirae Asset Mutual Fund)
Sd/-

Rimmi Jain
Compliance Officer

Place: Mumbai
Date: June 29, 2024